

*Proprietary*

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS  
EASTERN DIVISION

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS FOUNDATION,  
Plaintiff and Counter Claim Defendant,

v.

BLONDER-TONGUE LABORATORIES, INC.  
Defendant and Counterclaimant,

v.

J F D ELECTRONICS CORPORATION  
Counterclaim Defendant,

Civil Action  
No. 66 C 567

Defendant's Substitute Answers To  
Plaintiff's Second Set of Interrogatories and  
Answers To Plaintiff's Third Set of Interrogatories

Now comes Isaac S. Blonder on behalf of Blonder-Tongue Laboratories, Inc., and answers Plaintiff's Interrogatories above-identified upon the same authority as he answered Plaintiff's First Set of Interrogatories, as follows:

8. Has defendant, since October 5, 1965, manufactured for sale or sold either of the following antennas for television reception identified as:

- (a) The "Golden Dart All Channel UNIF Antenna";  
and
- (b) The "Golden Arrow All Channel Indoor UNIF  
Antenna"?

Yea.

9. If the answer to either of the sub-paregraphs of  
Interrogatory No. 8 is in the affirmative:

- (a) Does the antenna so identified have six  
or more straight (i.e., not folded) elec-  
trical dipole elements?
- (b) Does the antenna so identified have elec-  
trical dipole elements arranged in pairs?
- (c) Does the antenna so identified have elec-  
trical dipole elements arranged in pairs to  
form a set of three or more of such pairs?
- (d) Does the antenna so identified have a set of  
three or more pairs of electrical dipole ele-  
ments forming substantially parallel straight  
dipoles?
- (e) Does the antenna so identified have a set  
of three or more pairs of electrical dipole  
elements of different lengths?
- (f) Does the antenna so identified have dipoles  
in which the inner ends of the electrical  
dipole elements forming the dipoles are  
connected by a pair of feeders?

- (e) Does the antenna so identified have pairs of electrical dipole elements connected by a pair of feeders which are electrically transposed between connections?
- (f) Does the antenna so identified have pairs of electrical dipole elements connected by a pair of feeders with each dipole element in a pair being connected to a different one of said pair of feeders?

(a), (b), (c), (e), (f), (h), Yes

(d), (g) No

10. If the answer to either of the sub-paragraphs of Interrogatory No. 8 is in the affirmative:

- (a) Identify all drawings or other documents illustrating or describing said antennas;
  - (b) As to each drawing or document identified in sub-paragraph (a) above, state whether such drawing or document is in the custody or control of defendant and whether such drawing or document will be made available for inspection and copying; and
  - (c) Identify each individual who played a part in designing and testing each such product and indicate what part he played in said designing or testing.
- (a) In addition to documents set forth in Answer to the first set of interrogatories, Blonder-Tongue documents SK-0527 (4/9/63), YC-2015 (12/63), No. 52 (late '65), 6510364 ('63), 3520-87 ('64), 6510481 ('65), 6510480 ('65).

- (b) Yes
- (c) Isaac S. Blonder, an inventor and supervisor of the design and research ( and Abraham Schenfield, an inventor and project engineer (

11. If the answer to either of the sub-paragraphs of Interrogatory No. 8 is in the affirmative:

- (a) When did defendant first give consideration to manufacturing each such product?
  - (b) Identify all documents relating to such initial consideration; and
  - (c) When did actual development of each such product begin?
- (a) March or April 1963
  - (b) Those of or prior to paragraph 10, above.
  - (c) About January, 1963.

12. If the answer to either of the sub-paragraphs of Interrogatory No. 8 is in the affirmative:

- (a) Identify all drawings or other documents illustrating or describing all experimental or prototype versions of each such antenna which were actually made or otherwise considered; and
- (b) Identify each individual who played a significant part in designing, building, testing, or otherwise considering the technical performance of each such antenna.

(a) and (b) See answers to paragraph 10, above.

13. If the answer to either of the sub-paragraphs of interrogatory No. 8 is in the affirmative, state whether the antenna so identified is characterized by having six or more straight (i.e., not folded) electrical dipole elements arranged in pairs to form a set of three or more substantially parallel straight dipoles of different lengths, the inner ends of the pair of elements forming the dipole being connected by a pair of feeders, each dipole element in a pair being connected to a different one of said pair of feeders with consecutive dipole elements on each of said pair of feeders extending in opposite directions?

No.

14. Is either the "Golden Dart All Channel UHF Antenna" or the "Golden Arrow All Channel Indoor UHF Antenna" described by U. S. Patent No. 3,259,904, issued July 5, 1966 to Isaac S. Blonder and Abraham Schenfeld and assigned to Blonder-Tongue Electronics?

Yes.

15. If the answer to interrogatory No. 14 for either of the antennas so identified is in the negative, in what manner do the antennas differ from the description of the I. S. Blonder, et al patent? No answer required.

16. Referring to paragraph 5 of defendant's counter-claim:

- (a) State the facts on which defendant bases its belief that plaintiff entered into a "commercial business arrangement" with JFD to exploit the antenna designs referred to, said "arrangement" being other than or in addition to a patent license agreement under plaintiff's patents in the antenna field.
- (b) Identify any documents establishing said facts and indicate whether these documents will be made available for copying by plaintiff.
- (c) The copious and prominent use of the name of the University of Illinois, and the University of Illinois Foundation, and members of the staff of said University in widespread advertising of JFD; the identity between members of the staff of the University of Illinois and the JFD Research Center, and arrangement for use of University under-graduate, graduate and post graduate students in JFD antenna research and development; the apparent intermixing of research and development results between the University and JFD laboratories; the providing of press release assistance for the benefit and use of JFD by the Foundation and the manner of policing the patent in suit by the Foundation.

- (b) 1. "At the Moment of Truth" JFD advertisement (11/63)  
2. Advertisement in Radio & Television Weekly (2/10/64)  
3. Reprint from News Gazette, Champaign, Ill. (7/23/64)  
4. "70 Million Visitors" JFD ad (1964)  
5. "Compare" JFD ad (1965)  
6. JFD Distributor Price Schedule (5/1/65)  
7. JFD ad "Again from JFD" (1966)  
8. "Remarkable New JFD" Literature (1966)  
9. "JFD Camp" circular (1966)  
10. News Release of University of Illinois Foundation  
(April 7, 1966)

All will be produced for copying.

17.

Referring to paragraph 6 of defendants' counterclaim

- (a) State the facts on which ST bases its belief that plaintiff "undertook the primary responsibility... of aiding the commercial sales of the antennas of JFD...by news releases and other advertising media."
- (b) State the facts on which ST bases its belief that plaintiff threatened "all manufacturers in the industry (and thus counterclaimant ST) with suit if any so-called log-periodic antennas were made and sold by them."
- (c) Identify specifically all announcements and mailings allegedly sent by plaintiff to customers or manufacturers of antennas other than JFD concerning intended suits, indicating specifically the date each announcement was sent and the person or organization to whom it was sent.

- (d) Identify all documents in BT's possession or control relating to the facts called for in subparagraphs (a), (b), and (c) above and indicate whether said documents will be made available for copying by plaintiff.
- (a) Same as answer to 16 (a)
- (b) See item 10 in answer to 16 (b).
11. "What does JFD have" ad (1966)
12. JFD Sales Bulletin (4/19/66)
- Further, Blonder-Tongue customers informed Blonder-Tongue that they were threatened by JFD salesmen with suit if they handled Blonder-Tongue antennas. Blonder-Tongue sales personnel were required by customers, as a result of such threats, either to supply letters of indemnification or the Blonder-Tongue antenna would be shipped back. Also, newspaper announcement of suits.
- (c) See (b), above.
13. Sacramento Electronics material received from JFD (4/65).
14. Weller Electronic Sales and Main Line Cleveland material received from JFD (4/66)
- (d) See (a) - (c), above.

All will be produced for copying.

18. Referring to paragraph 7 of defendant's counter-claim:

- (a) Identify specifically, giving the date and the medium, all advertisements in which the name of plaintiff appears which falsely represent the scope of its patent coverage and indicate specifically the portions of said advertisements which set forth this false representation and/or which threaten manufacturers of antennas with patent suits.
- (b) Identify specifically the newspaper, sales catalog, and magazine advertisements which BT alleges set forth the representation that "only said JFD had a right to make log-periodic antennas."
- (c) Identify specifically every instance of false and misleading statements attributed to plaintiff which libeled and disparaged competitors' business and antenna products and, in addition, all such statements that no competitor could use a log-periodic principle or get the allegedly desirable performance attainable therewith.
- (d) Identify specifically the portions of the Complaint herein which show "that said Foundation knew it had no jurisdiction over counter-claimant BT."
- (e) State specifically all facts on which defendant bases its allegation that plaintiff knew that the antennas sold by BT were not infringements of Patent No. 3,210,767.
- (f) State all facts on which defendant bases its allegation that plaintiff conspired to change the design of "JFD antennas over to the design of BT's own antennas," including the specific JFD antennas which thus were modified to incorporate the design of BT's antennas, as well as all facts indicating that plaintiff played any role whatsoever in any such modifications of JFD antennas.

(a) Re false representation of scope of patent:

Items 1, 2, 4, 5 under answer to 16(b)--"patented geometric concept  $L_{(n+1)}/L_n = T$ "; patented Log-Periodic design formula"; "patented log-periodic cellular formula"; that the antennas advertised in these items used "the patented geometric concept" in "dipole lengths and spacings"; "all elements are designed according to the patented log periodic formula."

Also, some false representations in:

15. "Some homes" JFD ad Radio & TV Weekly (9/7/64)

and NEBA Journal

16. JFD ad, Home Furnishings Daily (9/24/65)

Re threats, see answers to 17.

(b) See Items 2, 4, 5, under answer to 16(b); Item 11 under answer to 17(b), and Item 16, above.

17. Popular Electronics ad (12/6/65)

18. "Don't be 1/2 Set" JFD ad

(c) See answers to (a) and (b), above.

(d) Paragraph (2) of complaint

(e) The clear wording of the claims and the fact that plaintiff knew specifically the Blonder-Tongue Golden Dart and Golden Arrow constructions. Never notified Blonder-Tongue of infringement until this suit was brought.

- (b) Is plaintiff accused of infringement by reason of
- (1) making the purported invention?
  - (2) using the purported invention?
  - (3) selling the purported invention?
  - (4) inducing others to infringe?
  - (5) selling a component of the purported invention?
- (a) This is a matter to be addressed to counsel.
- (b) Plaintiff, University of Illinois Foundation is accused of inducing others to infringe and of infringing through sharing in the calling activities and its returns.

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Isaac S. Blonder

State of New Jersey:  
                              ss  
County of Essex      :  
                              :

Sworn to and subscribed before me this \_\_\_\_\_ of October, 1966.

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Notary Public

(SEAL)

My commission expires: