IN THE

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

OCTOBER TERM, 1970

No. 338

BLONDER-TONGUE LABORATORIES, INC.,

Defendant and Counter-Claimant - Appellant -Petitioner,

VS.

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS FOUNDATION

Plaintiff and Counterclaim Defendant - Appellee

JFD ELECTRONICS CORPORATION

Counterclaim - Defendant -Appellee, Respondents.

MOTION IN OPPOSITION TO GRANTING THE SOLICITOR GENERAL'S <u>AMICUS CURIAE</u> REQUEST,

and

MOTION FOR ENLARGEMENT OF PETITIONERS'

TIME FOR ORAL ARGUMENT

Now comes your petitioner, Blonder-Tongue Laboratories, Inc., by its counsel, and respectfully moves this Court to deny the request of the Solicitor General to file a brief and present an oral argument as <u>amicus curiae</u>, and for an enlargement of petitioner's time for oral argument to one hour.

The grounds for these motions are as follows:

By way of letter to the Clerk, the Solicitor General proposes to file a brief <u>amicus curiae</u> directed particularly to the doctrine of <u>Triplett v. Lowell</u>, and has asked for oral argument.

We wish to make of record the fact that, on two prior occasions, the undersigned counsel personally tried to invoke the good offices of the self-same Solicitor General to present the Government's views to the Supreme Court, first in urging the granting of the petition for the writ of certiorari, and then, when the writ was granted, in connection with the issues raised by petitioner, particularly those relating to fraud and anti-trust ramifications, that would have strengthened the integrity of the patent system and the rights of patentees. The reason for asking the Solicitor General to lend support was based upon the considerable experience of his department on public issues of fraud and anti-trust.

On both occasions, the Solicitor General saw fit <u>not</u> to lend the good offices of the Government to assist in strengthening the patent system.

Now that the Solicitor General finds that none of the litigants are receptive to the concept of weakening the patent system by overruling <u>Triplett v. Lowell</u>, we witness the spectacle of his desiring belatedly to rush into this Court with arguments which, his letter to the Clerk admits, will favor depriving patentees of their present rights under the patent law.

From the above, we assert that the office of the Solicitor General <u>is suspect</u>; and it is not befitting the dignity of this Court, under these circumstances, to allow this late intervention, particularly in the light of specific prior requests of counsel.

More than this, we question what personal knowledge or expertise the Solicitor General (personally, or with his whole staff combined) may have in the specific issues of trying patent infringement cases on behalf of patentees or even with the actual conflicting cases involving the doctrine of <u>Triplett v. Lowell</u>.

We also strongly oppose the concept that the Solicitor General, who is not a party litigant, should be given time for any oral argument, and certainly not a length of time that approximates to that allowed to the petitioner, who has many more issues to discuss.

The petitioner hereby further moves, therefore, that in view of the fact that it must discuss four questions, it be allowed one hour for its argument.

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Respectfully submitted,

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Robert H. Rines David Rines Richard S. Phillips, Counsel for Petitioner I certify that a copy of the above was served by mailing the same in a United States mail box, first class postage prepaid, to each of the following: $t^2/24/70$

Charles J. Merriam, William A. Marshall and Basil P. Mann, Esq., Merriam, Marshall, Shapiro and Klose, 30 West Monroe Street Chicago, Illinois 60603

Jerome M. Berliner and Robert C. Faber, Esq. Ostrolenk, Faber, Gerb and Soffen 10 East 40th Street New York City, New York 10016

John F. Pearne and Harold F. McNenny, Esq. McNenny, Farington, Pearne and Gordon 920 Midland Building Cleveland, Ohio 44115

Solicitor General Department of Justice Washington, D. C. 20530

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Robert H. Rines

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From the above, we assert that the office of the Solicitor General <u>is suspect</u>; and it is not befitting the dignity of this Court, under these circumstances, to allow this late intervention, particularly in the light of specific prior requests of counsel.

More than this, we question what personal knowledge or expertise the Solicitor General (personally, or with his whole staff combined) may have in the specific issues of trying patent infringement cases on behalf of patentees or even with the actual conflicting cases involving the doctrine of <u>Triplett v. Lowell</u>.

We also strongly oppose the concept that the Solicitor General, who is not a party litigant, should be given time for any oral argument, and certainly not a length of time that approximates to that allowed to the petitioner, who has many more issues to discuss.

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Solicitor General Department of Justice Washington, D. C. 20530

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In the Serpreme Count of the anted States October Serm, 1970 100.338 Blorder-Tonjue Calibratories, Inc. Fatting Rependant and Counter-Claimaner-appellant - Matting Petitioner University of Illinoes tourstation Mantit and counterclaim Defendent - appellee and JED Electronic Comparation Coenter claim - Defendario appellee Respondents 2 Thorer & BRIEF Openions Pelop 10TION IN OPPOSITION TO GRANTING THE SOLICITOR GENERAL'S AMICUS CURIAGE REQUEST AND AND AND AND MOTION FOR ENLANGEMENT OF PETITIONERS TIME FOR OKAL ANGNEDET

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