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### Calendar No. 964

110TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 3325

To enhance remedies for violations of intellectual property laws, and for other purposes.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

July 24 (legislative day, July 23), 2008

Mr. Leahy (for himself, Mr. Specter, Mr. Bayh, Mr. Voinovich, Mrs. Feinstein, Mr. Cornyn, Mr. Whitehouse, Mr. Cardin, and Mr. Hatch) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

SEPTEMBER 15, 2008

Reported by Mr. LEAHY, with amendments

[Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in italic]

### A BILL

To enhance remedies for violations of intellectual property laws, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Enforcement of Intellectual Property Rights Act of
- 6 2008".

### 1 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents is

### 2 as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Reference.
- Sec. 3. Definition.

### TITLE I—AUTHORIZATION OF CIVIL COPYRIGHT ENFORCEMENT BY ATTORNEY GENERAL

Sec. 101. Civil penalties for certain violations.

# TITLE II—ENHANCEMENTS TO CIVIL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAWS

- Sec. 201. Registration of claim.
- Sec. 202. Civil remedies for infringement.
- Sec. 203. Treble damages in counterfeiting cases.
- Sec. 204. Statutory damages in counterfeiting cases.
- Sec. 205. Transshipment and exportation of goods bearing infringing marks.
- Sec. 206. Importation; transshipment, and exportation.

### TITLE III—ENHANCEMENTS TO CRIMINAL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAWS

- Sec. 301. Criminal copyright infringement.
- Sec. 302. Trafficking in counterfeit labels, illicit labels, or counterfeit documentation or packaging for works that can be copyrighted.
- Sec. 303. Unauthorized fixation.
- Sec. 304. Unauthorized recording of motion pictures.
- Sec. 305. Trafficking in counterfeit goods or services.
- Sec. 306. Forfeiture, destruction, and restitution.
- Sec. 307. Forfeiture under Economic Espionage Act.
- Sec. 308. Technical and conforming amendments.

# TITLE IV—COORDINATION AND STRATEGIC PLANNING OF FEDERAL EFFORT AGAINST COUNTERFEITING AND PIRACY

- Sec. 401. Intellectual property enforcement coordinator.
- Sec. 402. Definition.
- Sec. 403. Joint strategic plan.
- Sec. 404. Reporting.
- Sec. 405. Savings and repeals.
- Sec. 406. Authorization of appropriations.

#### TITLE V-DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS

- Sec. 501. Local law enforcement grants.
- Sec. 502. Improved investigative and forensic resources for enforcement of laws related to intellectual property crimes.
- Sec. 503. Additional funding for resources to investigate and prosecute criminal activity involving computers.
- Sec. 504. International intellectual property law enforcement coordinators.
- Sec. 505. Annual reports.
- Sec. 506. Authorization of appropriations.

### TITLE VI-MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 601. GAO study on protection of intellectual property of manufacturers. Sec. 602. Sense of Congress.

#### SEC. 2. REFERENCE.

- 2 Any reference in this Act to the "Trademark Act of
- 3 1946" refers to the Act entitled "An Act to provide for
- 4 the registration of trademarks used in commerce, to carry
- 5 out the provisions of certain international conventions,
- 6 and for other purposes", approved July 5, 1946 (15
- 7 U.S.C. 1051 et seq.).

#### 8 SEC. 3. DEFINITION.

- 9 In this Act, the term "United States person"
- 10 means—
- 11 (1) any United States resident or national,
- 12 (2) any domestic concern (including any perma-
- 13 nent domestic establishment of any foreign concern),
- 14 and
- 15 (3) any foreign subsidiary or affiliate (including
- any permanent foreign establishment) of any domes-
- 17 tic concern that is controlled in fact by such domes-
- 18 tic concern,
- 19 except that such term does not include an individual who
- 20 resides outside the United States and is employed by an
- 21 individual or entity other than an individual or entity de-
- 22 scribed in paragraph (1), (2), or (3).

1	TITLE I—AUTHORIZATION OF
2	CIVIL COPYRIGHT ENFORCE-
3	MENT BY ATTORNEY GEN-
4	ERAL
5	SEC. 101. CIVIL PENALTIES FOR CERTAIN VIOLATIONS.
6	(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 5 of title 17, United
7	States Code, is amended by inserting after section 506 the
8	following:
9	"SEC. 506a. CIVIL PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF SECTION
10	506.
1	"(a) In General.—In lieu of a criminal action under
12	section 506, the Attorney General may commence a civil
13	action in the appropriate United States district court
14	against any person who engages in conduct constituting
15	an offense under section 506. Upon proof of such conduct
16	by a preponderance of the evidence, such person shall be
17	subject to a civil penalty under section 504 which shall
18	be in an amount equal to the amount which would be
9	awarded under section $3663(a)(1)(B)$ of title 18 and res-
20	titution to the copyright owner aggrieved by the conduct.
21	"(b) Other Remedies.—
22	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Imposition of a civil pen-
23	alty under this section does not preclude any other
24	criminal or civil statutory, injunctive, common law,

1	or administrative remedy, which is available by law
2	to the United States or any other person.
3	"(2) Offset.—Any restitution received by a
4	copyright owner as a result of a civil action brought
5	under this section shall be offset against any award
6	of damages in a subsequent copyright infringement
7	eivil action by that copyright owner for the conduct
8	that gave rise to the civil action brought under this
9	section.".
10	(b) Damages and Profits.—Section 504 of title 17,
11	United States Code, is amended—
12	(1) in subsection (b)—
13	(A) in the first sentence—
14	(i) by inserting ", or the Attorney
15	General in a civil action," after "The copy-
16	right owner"; and
17	(ii) by striking "him or her" and in-
18	serting "the copyright owner"; and
19	(B) in the second sentence by inserting ",
20	or the Attorney General in a civil action," after
21	"the copyright owner"; and
22	(2) in subsection (c)—
23	(A) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", or the
24	Attorney General in a civil action," after "the
25	copyright owner"; and

1	(B) in paragraph (2), by inserting ", or
2	the Attorney General in a civil action," after
3	"the copyright owner".
4	(c) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—
5	The table of sections for chapter 5 of title 17, United
6	States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relat-
7	ing to section 506 the following:
	"Sec. 506a. Civil penalties for violations of section 506.".
8	TITLE II—ENHANCEMENTS TO
9	CIVIL INTELLECTUAL PROP-
10	ERTY LAWS
11	SEC. 201. REGISTRATION OF CLAIM.
12	(a) Limitation to Civil Actions; Harmless
13	ERROR.—Section 411 of title 17, United States Code, is
14	amended—
15	(1) in the section heading, by inserting "CIVIL"
16	before "INFRINGEMENT";
17	(2) in subsection (a)—
18	(A) in the first sentence, by striking "no
19	action" and inserting "no civil action"; and
20	(B) in the second sentence, by striking "an
21	action" and inserting "a civil action";
22	(3) by redesignating subsection (b) as sub-
23	section (c);

1	(4) in subsection (c), as so redesignated by
2	paragraph (3), by striking "506 and sections 509
3	and" and inserting "505 and section"; and
4	(5) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
5	lowing:
6	"(b)(1) A certificate of registration satisfies the re-
7	quirements of this section and section 412, regardless of
8	whether the certificate contains any inaccurate informa-
9	tion, unless—
10	"(A) the inaccurate information was included
11	on the application for copyright registration with
12	knowledge that it was inaccurate; and
13	"(B) the inaccurate inaccuracy of the informa-
14	tion, if known, would have caused the Register of
15	Copyrights to refuse registration.
16	"(2) In any case in which inaccurate information de-
17	scribed under paragraph (1) is alleged, the court shall re-
18	quest the Register of Copyrights to advise the court
19	whether the inaccurate information, if known, would have
20	caused the Register of Copyrights to refuse registration."
21	(b) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
22	(1) Section 412 of title 17, United States Code
23	is amended by striking "411(b)" and inserting
1	"411(a)"

1	(2) The item relating to section 411 in the table
2	of sections for chapter 4 of title 17, United States
3	Code, is amended to read as follows:
	"Sec. 411. Registration and civil infringement actions.".
4	SEC. 202. CIVIL REMEDIES FOR INFRINGEMENT.
5	(a) IN GENERAL: Section 503(a) of title 17, United
6	States Code, is amended—
7	(1) by striking "and of all plates" and inserting
8	", of all plates"; and
9	(2) by striking the period and inserting ", and
10	of records documenting the manufacture, sale, or re-
11	ceipt of things involved in such violation. The court
12	shall enter, if appropriate, a protective order with re-
13	spect to discovery of any records that have been
14	seized. The protective order shall provide for appro-
15	priate procedures to ensure that confidential infor-
16	mation contained in such records is not improperly
17	disclosed to any party.":
18	(b) PROTECTIVE ORDERS FOR SEIZED RECORDS.—
19	Section 34(d)(1)(A) of the Trademark Act (15 U.S.C.
20	1116(d)(1)(A)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
21	lowing: "The court shall enter, if appropriate, a protective
22	order with respect to discovery of any records that have
23	been seized. The protective order shall provide for appro-
24	priate procedures to ensure that confidential information

1	contained in such records is not improperly disclosed to
2	any party."
3	(a) In General.—Section 503(a) of title 17, United
4	States Code, is amended to read as follows:
5	"(a)(1) At any time while an action under this title
6	is pending, the court may order the impounding, on such
7	terms as it may deem reasonable—
8	"(A) of all copies or phonorecords claimed to
9	have been made or used in violation of the exclusive
10	right of the copyright owner;
1	"(B) of all plates, molds, matrices, masters
12	tapes, film negatives, or other articles by means of
13	which such copies of phonorecords may be reproduced
4	and
5	"(C) of records documenting the manufacture
16	sale, or receipt of things involved in any such viola-
17	tion, provided that any records seized under this sub-
8	paragraph shall be taken into the custody of the court
9	"(2) For impoundments of records ordered under para-
20	graph (1)(C), the court shall enter an appropriate protec-
21	tive order with respect to discovery and use of any records
22	or information that has been impounded. The protective
23	order shall provide for appropriate procedures to ensure
24	that confidential, private, proprietary, or privileged infor-

- 1 mation contained in such records is not improperly dis-
- 2 closed or used.
- 3 "(3) The relevant provisions of paragraphs (2) through
- 4 (11) of section 34(d) of the Trademark Act (15 U.S.C.
- 5 1116(d)(2) through (11)) shall extend to any impoundment
- 5 of records ordered under paragraph (1)(C) that is based
- 7 upon an ex parte application, notwithstanding the provi-
- 8 sions of rule 65 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 9 Any references in paragraphs (2) through (11) of section
- 10 34(d) of the Trademark Act to section 32 of such Act shall
- 11 be read as references to section 501 of this title, and ref-
- 12 erences to use of a counterfeit mark in connection with the
- 13 sale, offering for sale, or distribution of goods or services
- 14 shall be read as references to infringement of a copyright.".
- 15 (b) Protective Order for Seized Records.—Sec-
- 16 tion 34(d)(7) of the Trademark Act (15 U.S.C. 1116(d)(7))
- 17 is amended to read as follows:
- 18 "(7) Any materials seized under this subsection
- shall be taken into the custody of the court. For sei-
- 20 zures made under this section, the court shall enter an
- 21 appropriate protective order with respect to discovery
- 22 and use of any records or information that has been
- 23 seized. The protective order shall provide for appro-
- 24 priate procedures to ensure that confidential, private,

1	proprietary, or privileged information contained in
2	such records is not improperly disclosed or used.".
3	SEC. 203. TREBLE DAMAGES IN COUNTERFEITING CASES.
4	Section 35(b) of the Trademark Act of 1946 (15
5	U.S.C. 1117(b)) is amended to read as follows:
6	"(b) In assessing damages under subsection (a) for
7	any violation of section 32(1)(a) of this Act or section
8	220506 of title 36, United States Code, in a case involving
9	use of a counterfeit mark or designation (as defined in
10	section 34(d) of this Act), the court shall, unless the court
11	finds extenuating circumstances, enter judgment for three $$
12	times such profits or damages, whichever amount is great-
13	er, together with a reasonable attorney's fee, if the viola-
14	tion consists of—
15	"(1) intentionally using a mark or designation,
16	knowing such mark or designation is a counterfeit
17	mark (as defined in section 34(d) of this Act), in
18	connection with the sale, offering for sale, or dis-
19	tribution of goods or services; or
20	"(2) providing goods or services necessary to
21	the commission of a violation specified in paragraph
22	(1), with the intent that the recipient of the goods
23	or services would put the goods or services to use in
24	committing the violation.

1	In such a case, the court may award prejudgment interest
2	on such amount at an annual interest rate established
3	under section 6621(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of
4	1986, beginning on the date of the service of the claim-
5	ant's pleadings setting forth the claim for such entry of
6	judgment and ending on the date such entry is made, or
7	for such shorter time as the court considers appropriate.".
8	SEC. 204. STATUTORY DAMAGES IN COUNTERFEITING
9	CASES.
10	Section 35(c) of the Trademark Act of 1946 (15
11	U.S.C. 1117) is amended—
12	(1) in paragraph (1)—
13	(A) by striking "\$500" and inserting
14	"\$1,000"; and
15	(B) by striking "\$100,000" and inserting
16	"\$200,000"; and
17	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking "\$1,000,000"
18	and inserting "\$2,000,000".
19	SEC. 205. TRANSSHIPMENT AND EXPORTATION OF GOODS
20	BEARING INFRINGING MARKS.
21	Title VII of the Trademark Act of 1946 (15 U.S.C.
22	1124) is amended—
23	(1) in the title heading, by inserting after "IM-
24	PORTATION" the following: "TRANSSHIPMENT,
25	OR EXPORTATION"; and

1	(2) in section $42$ —
2	(A) by striking "imported"; and
3	(B) by inserting after "customhouse of the
4	United States" the following: ", nor shall any
5	such article be transshipped through or ex-
6	ported from the United States".
7	SEC. 206. IMPORTATION, TRANSSHIPMENT, AND EXPOR-
8	TATION.
9	(a) In General.—The heading for chapter 6 of title
10	17, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
11	"CHAPTER 6—MANUFACTURING REQUIRE-
12	MENTS, IMPORTATION, TRANS-
13	SHIPMENT, AND EXPORTATION".
14	(b) Amendment on Exportation.—Section 602(a)
14 15	(b) AMENDMENT ON EXPORTATION.—Section 602(a) of title 17, United States Code, is amended—
15 16	of title 17, United States Code, is amended—
15	of title 17, United States Code, is amended—  (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through
15 16 17	of title 17, United States Code, is amended—  (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through  (3) as subparagraphs (A) through (C), respectively,
15 16 17 18	of title 17, United States Code, is amended—  (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through  (3) as subparagraphs (A) through (C), respectively, and moving such subparagraphs 2 ems to the right;
15 16 17 18	of title 17, United States Code, is amended—  (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through  (3) as subparagraphs (A) through (C), respectively, and moving such subparagraphs 2 ems to the right;  (2) by striking "(a)" and inserting "(a) In-
15 16 17 18 19	of title 17, United States Code, is amended—  (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through  (3) as subparagraphs (A) through (C), respectively, and moving such subparagraphs 2 ems to the right;  (2) by striking "(a)" and inserting "(a) Infringing Importation, Transshipment, or Expor-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	of title 17, United States Code, is amended—  (1) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (3) as subparagraphs (A) through (C), respectively, and moving such subparagraphs 2 ems to the right; (2) by striking "(a)" and inserting "(a) Infringing Importation, Transshipment, or Exportation.—

1	"(2) Importation, <del>transhipment,</del> or expor-
2	TATION OF INFRINGING ITEMS.—Importation into
3	the United States, transshipment through the
4	United States, or exportation from the United
5	States, without the authority of the owner of copy-
6	right under this title, of copies or phonorecords, the
7	making of which either constituted an infringement
8	of copyright or copyright, or which would have con-
9	stituted an infringement of copyright if this title had
10	been applicable, is an infringement of the exclusive
11	right to distribute copies or phonorecords under sec-
12	tion 106, actionable under sections 501 and 506.
13	"(3) EXCEPTIONS.—This subsection does not
14	apply to—";
15	(4) in paragraph (3)(A) (as redesignated by
16	this subsection) by inserting "or exportation" after
17	"importation"; and
18	(5) in paragraph (3)(B) (as redesignated by
19	this subsection)—
20	(A) by striking "importation, for the pri-
21	vate use of the importer" and inserting "impor-
22	tation or exportation, for the private use of the
23	importer or exporter"; and
24	(B) by inserting "or departing from the
25	United States" after "United States".

1	(c) Conforming Amendments.—(1) Section 602 of
2	title 17, United States Code, is further amended—
3	(A) in the section heading, by inserting "or
4	exportation" after "importation"; and
5	(B) in subsection (b)—
6	(i) by striking "(b) In a case" and insert-
7	ing "(b) Import Prohibition.—In a case";
8	(ii) by striking "the United States Cus-
9	toms Service" and inserting "United States
10	Customs and Border Protection"; and
11	(iii) by striking "the Customs Service" and
12	inserting "United States Customs and Border
13	Protection".
14	(2) Section 601(b)(2) of title 17, United States Code
15	is amended by striking "the United States Customs Serv-
16	ice" and inserting "United States Customs and Border
17	Protection".
18	(3) The item relating to chapter 6 in the table of
19	chapters for title 17, United States Code, is amended to
20	read as follows:
	"6 MANUELOCTUDING PROTUDENTENIES INDODESTROY AND

"6. Manufacturing Requirements, Importation, and Exportation....... 601".

### TITLE III—ENHANCEMENTS TO2 CRIMINAL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAWS 3 SEC. 301. CRIMINAL COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT. 5 (a) Forfeiture and Destruction: Restitu-TION.—Section 506(b) of title 17, United States Code, is 7 amended to read as follows: 8 "(b) Forfeiture, Destruction, and Restitu-TION.—Forfeiture, destruction, and restitution relating to this section shall be subject to section 2323 of title 18, to the extent provided in that section, in addition to any other similar remedies provided by law.". 13 (b) SEIZURES AND FORFEITURES.— 14 (1) Repeal.—Section 509 of title 17, United 15 States Code, is repealed. 16 (2) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-17 MENT.—The table of sections for chapter 5 of title 18 17, United States Code, is amended by striking the 19 item relating to section 509. 20 SEC. 302. TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT LABELS, ILLICIT 21 LABELS, OR COUNTERFEIT DOCUMENTATION 22 OR PACKAGING FOR WORKS THAT CAN BE

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25 amended—

23

24

Section 2318 of title 18, United States Code, is

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1	(1) in subsection (a)—
2	(A) by redesignating subparagraphs (A)
3	through (G) as clauses (i) through (vii), respec-
4	tively;
5	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and
6	(2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively;
7	and
8	(C) by striking "Whoever" and inserting
9	"(1) Whoever";
10	(2) by amending subsection (d) to read as fol-
11	lows:
12	"(d) Forfeiture and Destruction of Property;
13	RESTITUTION.—Forfeiture, destruction, and restitution
14	relating to this section shall be subject to section 2323,
15	to the extent provided in that section, in addition to any
16	other similar remedies provided by law."; and
17	(3) by striking subsection (e) and redesignating
18	subsection (f) as subsection (e).
19	SEC. 303. UNAUTHORIZED FIXATION.
20	(a) Section 2319A(b) of title 18, United States Code,
21	is amended to read as follows:
22	"(b) Forfeiture and Destruction of Property;
23	RESTITUTION.—Forfeiture, destruction, and restitution
24	relating to this section shall be subject to section 2323,

- 1 to the extent provided in that section, in addition to any
- 2 other similar remedies provided by law.".
- 3 (b) Section 2319A(c) of title 18, United States Code,
- 4 is amended by striking the second sentence and inserting:
- 5 "The Secretary of Homeland Security shall issue regula-
- 6 tions by which any performer may, upon payment of a
- 7 specified fee, be entitled to notification by United States
- 8 Customs and Border Protection of the importation of cop-
- 9 ies or phonorecords that appear to consist of unauthorized
- 10 fixations of the sounds or sounds and images of a live mu-
- 11 sical performance.".
- 12 SEC. 304. UNAUTHORIZED RECORDING OF MOTION PIC-
- 13 TURES.
- 14 Section 2319B(b) of title 18, United States Code, is
- 15 amended to read as follows:
- 16 "(b) Forfeiture and Destruction of Property;
- 17 RESTITUTION.—Forfeiture, destruction, and restitution
- 18 relating to this section shall be subject to section 2323,
- 19 to the extent provided in that section, in addition to any
- 20 other similar remedies provided by law.".
- 21 SEC. 305. TRAFFICKING IN COUNTERFEIT GOODS OR SERV-
- 22 ICES.
- 23 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2320 of title 18, United
- 24 States Code, is amended—
- 25 (1) in subsection (a)—

1	(A) by striking "WHOEVER" and inserting
2	"Offense.—"
3	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Whoever;";
4	(B) by moving the remaining text 2 ems to
5	the right; and
6	(C) by adding at the end the following:
7	"(2) Serious bodily harm or death.—
8	"(A) SERIOUS BODILY HARM.—If the of-
9	fender knowingly or recklessly causes or at-
10	tempts to cause serious bodily injury from con-
11	duct in violation of paragraph (1), the penalty
12	shall be a fine under this title or imprisonment
13	for not more than 20 years, or both.
14	"(B) DEATH.—If the offender knowingly
15	or recklessly causes or attempts to cause death
16	from conduct in violation of paragraph (1), the
17	penalty shall be a fine under this title or im-
18	prisonment for any term of years or for life, or
19	both.".
20	(b) Forfeiture and Destruction of Property;
21	RESTITUTION.—Section 2320(b) of title 18, United States
22	Code, is amended to read as follows:
23	"(b) Forfeiture and Destruction of Property;
24	RESTITUTION.—Forfeiture, destruction, and restitution
25	relating to this section shall be subject to section 2323,

1	to the extent provided in that section, in addition to any
2	other similar remedies provided by law.".
3	SEC. 306. FORFEITURE, DESTRUCTION, AND RESTITUTION.
4	(a) In General.—Chapter 113 of title 18, United
5	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
6	lowing:
7	"SEC. 2323. FORFEITURE, DESTRUCTION, AND RESTITU-
8	TION.
9	"(a) Civil Forfeiture.—
10	"(1) Property subject to forfeiture.—
11	The following property is subject to forfeiture to the
12	United States Government:
13	"(A) Any article, the making or trafficking
14	of which is, prohibited under section 506 or
15	1204 of title 17, or section 2318, 2319, 2319A,
16	2319B, or 2320, or chapter 90, of this title.
17	"(B) Any property used, or intended to be
18	used, in any manner or part to commit or facili-
19	tate the commission of an offense referred to in
20	subparagraph (A), except that property is sub-
21	ject to forfeiture under this subparagraph only
22	if the United States Government establishes
23	that there was a substantial connection between
24	the property and the violation of an offense re-
25	ferred to in subparagraph (A).

1	"(C) Any property constituting or derived
2	from any proceeds obtained directly or indi-
3	rectly as a result of the commission of an of-
4	fense referred to in subparagraph (A).
5	"(2) Procedures.—The provisions of chapter
6	46 relating to civil forfeitures shall extend to any
7	seizure or civil forfeiture under this section. For sei-
8	zures made under this section, the court shall enter an
9	appropriate protective order with respect to discovery
10	and use of any records or information that has been
11	seized. The protective order shall provide for appro-
12	priate procedures to ensure that confidential, private,
13	proprietary, or privileged information contained in
14	such records is not improperly disclosed or used. At
15	the conclusion of the forfeiture proceedings, unless
16	otherwise requested by an agency of the United
17	States, the court shall order that any property for-
18	feited under paragraph (1) be destroyed, or other-
19	wise disposed of according to law.
20	"(b) Criminal Forfeiture.—
21	"(1) Property subject to forfeiture.—
22	The court, in imposing sentence on a person con-
23	victed of an offense under section 506 or 1204 of
24	title 17, or section 2318, 2319, 2319A, 2319B, or
25	2320, or chapter 90, of this title, shall order, in ad-

1	dition to any other sentence imposed, that the per-
2	son forfeit to the United States Government any
3	property subject to forfeiture under subsection (a)
4	for that offense.
5	"(2) Procedures.—
6	"(A) In GENERAL.—The forfeiture of
7	property under paragraph (1), including any
8	seizure and disposition of the property and any
9	related judicial or administrative proceeding,
10	shall be governed by the procedures set forth in
11	section 413 of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse
12	Prevention and Control Act of 1970 (21 U.S.C.
13	853), other than subsection (d) of that section.
14	"(B) DESTRUCTION.—At the conclusion of
15	the forfeiture proceedings, the court, unless oth-
16	erwise requested by an agency of the United
17	States shall order that any—
18	"(i) forfeited article or component of
19	an article bearing or consisting of a coun-
20	terfeit mark be destroyed or otherwise dis-
21	posed of according to law; and
22	"(ii) infringing items or other prop-
23	erty described in subsection (a)(1)(A) and
24	forfeited under paragraph (1) of this sub-

- 1 section be destroyed or otherwise disposed
- 2 of according to law.
- 3 "(c) Restitution.—When a person is convicted of
- 4 an offense under section 506 or 1204 of title 17 or section
- 5 2318, 2319, 2319A, 2319B, or 2320, or chapter 90, of
- 6 this title, the court, pursuant to sections 3556, 3663A,
- 7 and 3664 of this title, shall order the person to pay res-
- 8 titution to any victim of the offense as an offense against
- 9 property referred to in section 3663A(c)(1)(A)(ii) of this
- 10 title.".
- 11 (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—
- 12 The table of sections for chapter 113 of title 18, United
- 13 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 14 lowing:

"Sec. 2323. Forfeiture, destruction, and restitution.".

- 15 SEC. 307. FORFEITURE UNDER ECONOMIC ESPIONAGE ACT.
- 16 Section 1834 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 17 amended to read as follows:
- 18 "SEC. 1834. CRIMINAL FORFEITURE.
- 19 "Forfeiture, destruction, and restitution relating to
- 20 this chapter shall be subject to section 2323, to the extent
- 21 provided in that section, in addition to any other similar
- 22 remedies provided by law.".
- 23 SEC. 308. TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
- 24 (a) Amendments to Title 17, United States
- 25 Code.—

1	(1) Section 109 (b)(4) of title 17, United States
2	Code, is amended by striking "505, and 509" and
3	inserting "and 505".
4	(2) Section 111 of title 17, United States Code,
5	is amended—
6	(A) in subsection (b), by striking "and
7	509";
8	(B) in subsection (c)—
9	(i) in paragraph (2), by striking "and
10	509";
11	(ii) in paragraph (3), by striking "sec-
12	tions 509 and 510" and inserting "section
13	510"; and
14	(iii) in paragraph (4), by striking
15	"and section 509"; and
16	(C) in subsection (e)—
17	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking "sec-
18	tions 509 and 510" and inserting "section
19	510"; and
20	(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "and
21	509".
22	(3) Section 115(e) of title 17, United States
23	Code, is amended—
24	(A) in paragraph (3)(G)(i), by striking
25	"and 509"; and

1	(B) in paragraph (6), by striking "and
2	509".
3	(4) Section 119(a) of title 17, United States
4	Code, is amended—
5	(A) in paragraph (6), by striking "sections
6	509 and 510" and inserting "section 510";
7	(B) in paragraph (7)(A), by striking "and
8	509'';
9	(C) in paragraph (8), by striking "and
10	509"; and
11	(D) in paragraph (13), by striking "and
12	509".
13	(5) Section 122 of title 17, United States Code,
14	is amended—
15	(A) in subsection (d), by striking "and
16	509";
17	(B) in subsection (e), by striking "sections
18	509 and 510" and inserting "section 510"; and
19	(C) in subsection (f)(1), by striking "and
20	509".
21	(6) Section 411(b) of title 17, United States
22	Code, is amended by striking "sections 509 and
23	510" and inserting "section 510".

1	(b) OTHER AMENDMENTS.—Section 596(c)(2)(c) of
2	the Tariff Act of 1950 (19 U.S.C. 1595a(c)(2)(c)) is
3	amended by striking "or 509".
4	TITLE IV—COORDINATION AND
5	STRATEGIC PLANNING OF
6	FEDERAL EFFORT AGAINST
7	COUNTERFEITING AND PI-
8	<b>RACYINFRINGEMENT</b>
9	SEC. 401. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ENFORCEMENT COOR-
10	DINATOR.
11	(a) Intellectual Property Enforcement Co-
12	ORDINATOR.—The President shall appoint, by and with
13	the advice and consent of the Senate, an Intellectual Prop-
14	erty Enforcement Coordinator (in this title referred to as
15	the "IPEC") to serve within the Executive Office of the
16	President. As an exercise of the rulemaking power of the
17	Senate, any nomination of the IPEC submitted to the Sen-
18	ate for confirmation, and referred to a committee, shall
19	be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.
20	(b) Duties of IPEC.—
21	(1) In General.—The IPEC shall—
22	(A) chair the interagency intellectual prop-
23	erty enforcement advisory committee estab-
24	lished under subsection (b)(3)(A);

l	(B) coordinate the development of the
2	Joint Strategic Plan against counterfeiting and
3	piracyinfringement by the advisory committee
4	under section 403;
5	(C) assist in the implementation of the
6	Joint Strategic Plan by the departments and
7	agencies listed in subsection (b)(3)(A);
8	(D) facilitate the issuance of policy guid-
9	ance to departments and agencies on basic issues
10	of policy and interpretation, to the extent nec-
11	essary to assure the coordination of intellectual
12	property enforcement policy and consistency
13	with other law;
14	(DE) report directly to the President and
15	Congress regarding domestic and international
16	intellectual property enforcement programs;
17	(£F) report to Congress, as provided in
18	section 404, on the implementation of the Joint
19	Strategic Plan, and make recommendations to
20	Congress for improvements in Federal intellec-
21	tual property enforcement efforts; and
22	$(\mathbf{F}G)$ carry out such other functions as the
23	President may direct.
24	(2) Limitation on authority.—The IPEC
25	may not control or direct any law enforcement agen-

1	cy in the exercise of its investigative or prosecutorial
2	authority.
3	(3) Advisory committee.—
4	(A) ESTABLISHMENT. There is estab-
5	lished an interagency intellectual property en-
6	forcement advisory committee composed of the
7	IPEC, who shall chair the committee, and Sen-
8	ate-confirmed representatives of the following
9	departments and agencies who are involved in
10	intellectual property enforcement, and who are,
11	or are appointed by, the respective heads of
12	those departments and agencies:
13	(i) The Office of Management and
14	Budget.
15	(ii) The Department of Justice.
16	(iii) The United States Patent and
17	Trademark Office and other relevant units
18	of the Department of Commerce.
19	(iv) The Office of the United States
20	Trade Representative.
21	(v) The Department of State, the
22	United States Agency for International
23	Development, and the Bureau of Inter-
24	national Narcotics Law Enforcement.

1	(vi) The Department of Homeland Se-
2	curity, United States Customs and Border
3	Protection, and United States Immigration
4	and Customs Enforcement.
5	(vii) The Food and Drug Administra-
6	tion of the Department of Health and
7	Human Services.
8	(viii) The United States Copyright Of-
9	<del>fice.</del>
10	(ix) Any such other agencies as the
11	President determines to be substantially
12	involved in the efforts of the Federal Gov-
13	ernment to combat counterfeiting and pi-
14	<del>racy.</del>
15	(A) Establishment.—There is established
16	an interagency intellectual property enforcement
17	advisory committee composed of the IPEC, who
18	shall chair the committee, and—
19	(i) Senate-confirmed representatives of
20	the following departments and agencies who
21	are involved in intellectual property en-
22	forcement, and who are, or are appointed
23	by, the respective heads of those departments
24	and agencies:

1	(I) The Office of Management and
2	Budget.
3	(II) The Department of Justice.
4	(III) The United States Patent
5	and Trademark Office and other rel-
6	evant units of the Department of Com-
7	merce.
8	(IV) The Office of the United
9	States Trade Representative.
10	(V) The Department of State, the
11	United States Agency for International
12	Development, and the Bureau of Inter-
13	national Narcotics Law Enforcement.
14	(VI) The Department of Home-
15	land Security, United States Customs
16	and Border Protection, and United
17	States Immigration and Customs En-
18	forcement.
19	(VII) The Food and Drug Admin-
20	istration of the Department of Health
21	and Human Services.
22	(VIII) The Department of Agri-
23	culture.
24	(IX) Any such other agencies as
25	the President determines to be substan-

1	tially involved in the efforts of the Fed-
2	eral Government to combat counter-
3	feiting and piracy; and
4	(ii) the Register of Copyrights, or a
5	senior representative of the United States
6	Copyright Office appointed by the Register
7	$of\ Copyrights.$
8	(B) Functions.—The advisory committee
9	established under subparagraph (A) shall de-
10	velop the Joint Strategic Plan against counter-
11	feiting and piracyinfringement under section
12	403.
13	(c) Compensation.—Section 5312 of title 5, United
14	States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
15	lowing: "United States Intellectual Property Enforcement
16	Coordinator.".
17	SEC. 402. DEFINITION.
18	For purposes of this title, the term "intellectual prop-
19	erty enforcement" means matters relating to the enforce-
20	ment of laws protecting copyrights, patents, trademarks,
21	other forms of intellectual property, and trade secrets,
22	both in the United States and abroad, including in par-
23	ticular matters relating to combating counterfeit and pi-
24	ratedinfringed goods.

SEC.	403.	JOINT	STRA	TEGIC	$PL_{i}$	AN.

2	(a.)	Purpose.—	The	objectives	of the	Joint.	Strategic
_	(a)	I OIU OOD.	- 1110	Objectives	or one	OTITIO	Dualegic

- Plan against counterfeiting and piracyinfringement that is
- 4 referred to in section 401(b)(1)(B) (in this section re-
- 5 ferred to as the "joint strategic plan") are the following:
- 6 (1) Reducing counterfeit and piratedinfringed
- 7 goods in the domestic and international supply
- 8 chain.

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- (2) Identifying and addressing structural weaknesses, systemic flaws, or other unjustified impediments to effective enforcement action against the financing, production, trafficking, or sale of counterfeit or piratedinfringed goods.
- (3) Ensuring that information is identified and shared among the relevant departments and agencies, to the extent permitted by law and consistent with law enforcement protocols for handling information, to aid in the objective of arresting and prosecuting individuals and entities that are knowingly involved in the financing, production, trafficking, or sale of counterfeit or piratedinfringed goods.
- (4) Disrupting and eliminating domestic and international counterfeiting and piracyinfringement networks.
- (5) Strengthening the capacity of other countries to protect and enforce intellectual property

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rights, and reducing the number of countries that
fail to enforce laws preventing the financing, produc-
tion, trafficking, and sale of counterfeit and pirate
edinfringed goods.

- (6) Working with other countries to establish international standards and policies for the effective protection and enforcement of intellectual property rights.
- (7) Protecting intellectual property rights overseas by—
  - (A) working with other countries and exchanging information with appropriate law enforcement agencies in other countries relating to individuals and entities involved in the financing, production, trafficking, or sale of pirated infringed or counterfeit goods;
  - (B) using the information described in subparagraph (A) to conduct enforcement activities in cooperation with appropriate law enforcement agencies in other countries; and
  - (C) building a formal process for consulting with companies, industry associations, labor unions, and other interested groups in other countries with respect to intellectual property enforcement.

(b) TIMING.—Not later than 12 months after the

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2	date of the enactment of this Act, and not later than De-
3	cember 31 of every third year thereafter, the IPEC shall
4	submit the joint strategic plan to the Committee on the
5	Judiciary and the Committee on Appropriations of the
6	Senate, and to the Committee on the Judiciary and the
7	Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representa-
8	tives.
9	(c) RESPONSIBILITY OF THE IPEC.—During the de-
10	velopment of the joint strategic plan, the IPEC—
11	(1) shall provide assistance to, and coordinate
12	the meetings and efforts of, the appropriate officers
13	and employees of departments and agencies rep-
14	resented on the advisory committee appointed under
15	section 401(b)(3) who are involved in intellectual
16	property enforcement; and
17	(2) may consult with private sector experts in
18	intellectual property enforcement in furtherance of

21 (d) Responsibilities of Other Departments

committee appointed under section 401(b)(3).

providing assistance to the members of the advisory

- 22 AND AGENCIES.—In the development and implementation
- 23 of the joint strategic plan, the heads of the departments
- 24 and agencies identified under section 401(b)(3) shall—

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I	(1) designate personnel with expertise and expe-
2	rience in intellectual property enforcement matters
3	to work with the IPEC and other members of the
4	advisory committee; and
5	(2) share relevant department or agency infor-
6	mation with the IPEC and other members of the ad-
7	visory committee, including statistical information
8	on the enforcement activities of the department or
9	agency against counterfeiting or piracyinfringement,
10	and plans for addressing the joint strategic plan.
11	(e) Contents of the Joint Strategic Plan.—
12	Each joint strategic plan shall include the following:
13	(1) A detailed description of the priorities iden-
14	tified for carrying out the objectives in the joint
15	strategic plan, including activities of the Federal
16	Government relating to intellectual property enforce-
17	ment.
18	(2) A detailed description of the means and
19	methods to be employed to achieve the priorities, in-
20	cluding the means and methods for improving the
21	efficiency and effectiveness of the Federal Govern-
22	ment's enforcement efforts against counterfeiting
23	and piracyinfringement.

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(3) Estimates of the resources necessary to ful-

fill the priorities identified under paragraph (1).

- (4) The performance measures to be used to monitor results under the joint strategic plan during the following year.
  - (5) An analysis of the threat posed by violations of intellectual property rights, including the costs to the economy of the United States resulting from violations of intellectual property laws, and the threats to public health and safety created by counterfeiting and piracyinfringement.
  - (6) An identification of the departments and agencies that will be involved in implementing each priority under paragraph (1).
  - (7) A strategy for ensuring coordination between the IPEC and the departments and agencies identified under paragraph (6), including a process for oversight by the executive branch of, and accountability among, the departments and agencies responsible for carrying out the strategy.
  - (8) Such other information as is necessary to convey the costs imposed on the United States economy by, and the threats to public health and safety created by, counterfeiting and piracyinfringement, and those steps that the Federal Government intends to take over the period covered by the suc-

- 1 ceeding joint strategic plan to reduce those costs and
- 2 counter those threats.
- 3 (f) Enhancing Enforcement Efforts of For-
- 4 EIGN GOVERNMENTS.—The joint strategic plan shall in-
- 5 clude programs to provide training and technical assist-
- 6 ance to foreign governments for the purpose of enhancing
- 7 the efforts of such governments to enforce laws against
- 8 counterfeiting and piracyinfringement. With respect to
- 9 such programs, the joint strategic plan shall—
- 10 (1) seek to enhance the efficiency and consist-11 ency with which Federal resources are expended, 12 and seek to minimize duplication, overlap, or incon-
- and seek to infinitize duplication, overlap, or meor
- 13 sistency of efforts;
- 14 (2) identify and give priority to those countries
- where programs of training and technical assistance
- can be carried out most effectively and with the
- 17 greatest benefit to reducing counterfeit and pirat-
- 18 edinfringed products in the United States market, to
- 19 protecting the intellectual property rights of United
- 20 States persons and their licensees, and to protecting
- 21 the interests of United States persons otherwise
- 22 harmed by violations of intellectual property rights
- 23 in those countries;
- 24 (3) in identifying the priorities under paragraph
- 25 (2), be guided by the list of countries identified by

- 1 the United States Trade Representative under sec-
- 2 tion 182(a) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
- 3 2242(a); and
- 4 (4) develop metrics to measure the effectiveness
- 5 of the Federal Government's efforts to improve the
- 6 laws and enforcement practices of foreign govern-
- 7 ments against counterfeiting and piracyinfringement.
- 8 (g) Dissemination of the Joint Strategic
- 9 PLAN.—The joint strategic plan shall be posted for public
- 10 access on the website of the White House, and shall be
- 11 disseminated to the public through such other means as
- 12 the IPEC may identify.
- 13 SEC. 404. REPORTING.
- 14 (a) Annual Report.—Not later than December 31
- 15 of each calendar year beginning in 2009, the IPEC shall
- 16 submit a report on the activities of the advisory committee
- 17 during the preceding fiscal year. The annual report shall
- 18 be submitted to Congress, and disseminated to the people
- 19 of the United States, in the manner specified in sub-
- 20 sections (b) and (g) of section 403.
- 21 (b) CONTENTS.—The report required by this section
- 22 shall include the following:
- 23 (1) The progress made on implementing the
- strategic plan and on the progress toward fulfillment
- of the priorities identified under section 403(e)(1).

- (2) The progress made in efforts to encourage Federal, State, and local government departments and agencies to accord higher priority to intellectual property enforcement.
  - (3) The progress made in working with foreign countries to investigate, arrest, and prosecute entities and individuals involved in the financing, production, trafficking, and sale of counterfeit and pirated infringed goods.
  - (4) The manner in which the relevant departments and agencies are working together and sharing information to strengthen intellectual property enforcement.
  - (5) An assessment of the successes and short-comings of the efforts of the Federal Government, including departments and agencies represented on the committee established under section 401(b)(3).
  - (6) Recommendations for any changes in enforcement statutes, regulations, or funding levels that the advisory committee considers would significantly improve the effectiveness or efficiency of the effort of the Federal Government to combat counterfeiting and piracyinfringement and otherwise strengthen intellectual property enforcement, includ-

1	ing through the elimination or consolidation of dupli-
2	cative programs or initiatives.
3	(7) The progress made in strengthening the ca-
4	pacity of countries to protect and enforce intellectual
5	property rights.
6	(8) The successes and challenges in sharing
7	with other countries information relating to intellec-
8	tual property enforcement.
9	(9) The progress made under trade agreements
10	and treaties to protect intellectual property rights of
11	United States persons and their licensees.
12	SEC. 405. SAVINGS AND REPEALS.
13	(a) REPEAL OF COORDINATION COUNCIL. Section
14	653 of the Treasury and General Government Appropria-
15	tions Act, 2000 (15 U.S.C. 1128) is repealed.
16	(a) Transition From NIPLECC to IPEC.—
17	(1) REPEAL OF NIPLECC.—Section 653 of the
18	Treasury and General Government Appropriations
19	Act, 2000 (15 U.S.C. 1128) is repealed effective upon
20	confirmation of the IPEC by the Senate and publica-
21	tion of such appointment in the Congressional
22	Record.
23	(2) Continuity of Performance of Duties.—
24	Upon confirmation by the Senate, and notwith-
25	standing paragraph (1), the IPEC may use the serv-

1	ices and personnel of the National Intellectual Prop-
2	erty Law Enforcement Coordination Council, for such
3	time as is reasonable, to perform any functions or du-
4	ties which in the discretion of the IPEC are necessary
5	to facilitate the orderly transition of any functions or
6	duties transferred from the Council to the IPEC pur-
7	suant to any provision of this Act or any amendment
8	made by this Act.
9	(b) Current Authorities Not Affected.—Ex-
10	cept as provided in subsection (a), nothing in this title
11	shall alter the authority of any department or agency of
12	the United States (including any independent agency) that
13	relates to—
14	(1) the investigation and prosecution of viola-
15	tions of laws that protect intellectual property
16	rights;
17	(2) the administrative enforcement, at the bor-
18	ders of the United States, of laws that protect intel-
19	lectual property rights; or
20	(3) the United States trade agreements pro-
21	gram or international trade.
22	(e) REGISTER OF COPYRIGHTS.—Nothing in this title
23	shall derogate from the duties and functions of the Reg-
24	ister of Convrights

1	(c) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this title
2	shall derogate from the powers, duties, and functions of any
3	of the agencies, departments, or other entities listed or in-
4	cluded under section $401(b)(3)(A)$ .
5	SEC. 406. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
6	(a) In General.—There are authorized to be appro-
7	priated for each fiscal year such sums as may be necessary
8	to carry out this title.
9	TITLE V—DEPARTMENT OF
10	JUSTICE PROGRAMS
11	SEC. 501. LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT GRANTS.
12	(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Section 2 of the Computer
13	Crime Enforcement Act (42 U.S.C. 3713) is amended—
14	(1) in subsection (b), by inserting after "com-
15	puter crime" each place it appears the following: ",
16	including infringement of copyrighted works over the
17	Internet"; and
18	(2) in subsection (e)(1), relating to authoriza-
19	tion of appropriations, by striking "fiscal years 2001
20	through 2004" and inserting "fiscal years 2009
21	through 2013".
22	(b) Grants.—The Office of Justice Programs of the
23	Department of Justice shall make grants to eligible State
24	or local law enforcement entities, including law enforce-
25	ment agencies of municipal governments and public edu-

- 1 cational institutions, for training, prevention, enforce-
- 2 ment, and prosecution of intellectual property theft and
- 3 infringement crimes (in this subsection referred to as "IP-
- 4 TIC grants"), in accordance with the following:
- 5 (1) USE OF IP-TIC GRANT AMOUNTS.—IP-TIC 6 grants may be used to establish and develop pro-7 grams to do the following with respect to the en-8 forcement of State and local true name and address 9 laws and State and local criminal laws on anti-pi-10 racy, anti-counterfeiting, and unlawful acts with re-11 spect to goods by reason of their protection by a pat-12 ent, trademark, service mark, trade secret, or other 13 intellectual property right under State or Federal 14 law:
  - (A) Assist State and local law enforcement agencies in enforcing those laws, including by reimbursing State and local entities for expenses incurred in performing enforcement operations, such as overtime payments and storage fees for seized evidence.
  - (B) Assist State and local law enforcement agencies in educating the public to prevent, deter, and identify violations of those laws.
  - (C) Educate and train State and local law enforcement officers and prosecutors to conduct

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1	investigations and forensic analyses of evidence
2	and prosecutions in matters involving those
3	laws.
4	(D) Establish task forces that include per-
5	sonnel from State or local law enforcement enti-
6	ties, or both, exclusively to conduct investiga-
7	tions and forensic analyses of evidence and
8	prosecutions in matters involving those laws.
9	(E) Assist State and local law enforcement
10	officers and prosecutors in acquiring computer
11	and other equipment to conduct investigations
12	and forensic analyses of evidence in matters in-
13	volving those laws.
14	(F) Facilitate and promote the sharing,
15	with State and local law enforcement officers
16	and prosecutors, of the expertise and informa-
17	tion of Federal law enforcement agencies about
18	the investigation, analysis, and prosecution of
19	matters involving those laws and criminal in-
20	fringement of copyrighted works, including the
21	use of multijurisdictional task forces.
22	(2) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive an

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IP-TIC grant, a State or local government entity

shall provide to the Attorney General-

1	(A) assurances that the State in which the
2	government entity is located has in effect laws
3	described in paragraph (1);
4	(B) an assessment of the resource needs of
5	the State or local government entity applying
6	for the grant, including information on the need
7	for reimbursements of base salaries and over-
8	time costs, storage fees, and other expenditures
9	to improve the investigation, prevention, or en-
10	forcement of laws described in paragraph (1);
11	and
12	(C) a plan for coordinating the programs
13	funded under this section with other federally
14	funded technical assistance and training pro-
15	grams, including directly funded local programs
16	such as the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice
17	Assistance Grant Program authorized by sub-
18	part 1 of part E of title I of the Omnibus
19	Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968
20	(42 U.S.C. 3750 et seq.).
21	(3) MATCHING FUNDS.—The Federal share of
22	an IP–TIC grant may not exceed $9975$ percent of
23	the costs of the program or proposal funded by the
24	IP-TIC grant, unless the Attorney General waives,
25	in whole or in part, the 90 percent requirement.

1	(4) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
2	(A) AUTHORIZATION.—There is authorized
3	to be appropriated to carry out this subsection
4	the sum of \$25,000,000 for each of fiscal years
5	2009 through 2013.
6	(B) Limitation.—Of the amount made
7	available to carry out this subsection in any fis-
8	cal year, not more than 3 percent may be used
9	by the Attorney General for salaries and admin-
0	istrative expenses.
1	SEC. 502. IMPROVED INVESTIGATIVE AND FORENSIC RE-
12	SOURCES FOR ENFORCEMENT OF LAWS RE-
3	LATED TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY
4	CRIMES.
5	(a) In General.—Subject to the availability of ap-
6	propriations to carry out this subsection, the Attorney
7	General, in consultation with the Director of the Federal
8	Bureau of Investigation, shall, with respect to crimes re-
9	lated to the theft of intellectual property—
20	(1) create an operational unit of the Federal
21	Bureau of Investigation—
22	(A) to work with the Computer Crime and
23	Intellectual Property section of the Department
24	of Justice on the investigation and coordination
25	of intellectual property crimes that are complex,

1	committed in more than 1 judicial district, or
2	<del>international</del> ;
3	(B) that consists of at least 10 agents of
4	the Bureau; and
5	(C) that is located at the headquarters of
6	the Bureau;
7	(2) ensure that any unit in the Department of
8	Justice responsible for investigating computer hack-
9	ing or intellectual property crimes is as-
10	signed supported by at least 2 agents of the Federal
11	Bureau of Investigation (in addition to any agent $as$ -
12	signed tosupporting such unit as of the date of the
13	enactment of this Act) to support such unit for the
14	purpose of investigating or prosecuting intellectual
15	property crimes; and
16	(3) ensure that all Computer Hacking and Intel-
17	lectual Property Crime Units located at an office of
18	a United States Attorney are assigned at least 2 As-
19	sistant United States Attorneys responsible for inves-
20	tigating and prosecuting computer hacking or intel-
21	lectual property crimes; and
22	(34) implement a comprehensive program—
23	(A) the purpose of which is to train agents
24	of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in the
25	investigation and prosecution of such crimes

1	and the enforcement of laws related to intellec-
2	tual property crimes;
3	(B) that includes relevant forensic training
4	related to investigating and prosecuting intellec-
5	tual property crimes; and
6	(C) that requires such agents who inves-
7	tigate or prosecute intellectual property crimes
8	to attend the program annually.
9	(b) Organized Crime Task Force.—Subject to the
10	availability of appropriations to carry out this subsection,
11	and not later than 120 days after the date of the enact-
12	ment of this Act, the Attorney General, through the
13	United States Attorneys' Offices, the Computer Crime and
14	Intellectual Property section, and the Organized Crime
15	and Racketeering section of the Department of Justice,
16	and in consultation with the Federal Bureau of Investiga-
17	tion and other Federal law enforcement agencies, shall
18	create a Task Force to develop and implement a com-
19	prehensive, long-range plan to investigate and prosecute
20	international organized crime syndicates engaging in or
21	supporting crimes relating to the theft of intellectual prop-
22	erty.
23	(c) AUTHORIZATION.—There are authorized to be ap-
24	propriated to carry out this section \$12,000,000 for each
25	of fiscal years 2009 through 2013

1	SEC. 503. ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR RESOURCES TO IN-
2	VESTIGATE AND PROSECUTE CRIMINAL AC
3	TIVITY INVOLVING COMPUTERS.
4	(a) Additional Funding for Resources.—
5	(1) AUTHORIZATION.—In addition to amounts
6	otherwise authorized for resources to investigate and
7	prosecute criminal activity involving computers
8	there are authorized to be appropriated for each of
9	the fiscal years 2009 through 2013—
10	(A) \$10,000,000 to the Director of the
11	Federal Bureau of Investigation; and
12	(B) \$10,000,000 to the Attorney General
13	for the Criminal Division of the Department of
14	Justice.
15	(2) AVAILABILITY.—Any amounts appropriated
16	under paragraph (1) shall remain available until ex-
17	pended.
18	(b) Use of Additional Funding.—Funds made
19	available under subsection (a) shall be used by the Direc-
20	tor of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Attor-
21	ney General, for the Federal Bureau of Investigation and
22	the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice, re-
23	spectively, to—
24	(1) hire and train law enforcement officers to—
25	(A) investigate crimes committed through
26	the use of computers and other information

1	technology, including through the use of the
2	Internet; and
3	(B) assist in the prosecution of such
4	crimes; and
5	(2) procure advanced tools of forensic science to
6	investigate, prosecute, and study such crimes.
7	SEC. 504. INTERNATIONAL INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW
8	ENFORCEMENT COORDINATORS.
9	(a) Deployment of Additional Coordina-
10	TORS.—Subject to the availability of appropriations to
11	carry out this section, the Attorney General shall, within
12	180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, de-
13	ploy 5 Intellectual Property Law Enforcement Coordina-
14	tors, in addition to those serving in such capacity on such
15	date of enactment. Such deployments shall be made to
16	those countries and regions where the activities of such
17	a coordinator can be carried out most effectively and with
18	the greatest benefit to reducing counterfeit and pirat-
19	edinfringed products in the United States market, to pro-
20	tecting the intellectual property rights of United States
21	persons and their licensees, and to protecting the interests
22	of United States persons otherwise harmed by violations
23	of intellectual property rights in those countries. The mis-
24	sion of all International Intellectual Property Law En-
25	forcement Coordinators shall include the following:

- 1 (1) Acting as liaison with foreign law enforce-2 ment agencies and other foreign officials in criminal 3 matters involving intellectual property rights.
  - (2) Performing outreach and training to build the enforcement capacity of foreign governments against intellectual property-related crime in the regions in which the coordinators serve.
- 8 (3) Coordinating Assisting in the coordination of
  9 United States law enforcement activities against in10 tellectual property-related crimes in the regions in
  11 which the coordinators serve.
- 12 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
  13 are authorized to be appropriated for each fiscal year such
  14 sums as may be necessary for the deployment and support
  15 of all International Intellectual Property Enforcement Co16 ordinators of the Department of Justice, including those
  17 deployed under subsection (a).

## 18 SEC. 505. ANNUAL REPORTS.

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- Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment
- 20 of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Attorney General
- 21 shall submit to the Committees on the Judiciary of the
- 22 Senate and the House of Representatives a report on ac-
- 23 tions taken to carry out this title.

1	SEC. 506. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
2	There are authorized to be appropriated for each fis-
3	cal year such sums as may be necessary to carry out this
4	title.
5	TITLE VI—MISCELLANEOUS
6	SEC. 601. GAO STUDY ON PROTECTION OF INTELLECTUAL
7	PROPERTY OF MANUFACTURERS.
8	(a) STUDY.—The Comptroller General of the Untied
9	States shall conduct a study to help determine how the Fed-
10	eral Government could better protect the intellectual prop-
11	erty of manufacturers by quantification of the impacts of
12	imported and domestic counterfeit goods on—
13	(1) the manufacturing industry in the United
14	States; and
15	(2) the overall economy of the United States.
16	(b) CONTENTS.—In conducting the study required
17	under subsection (a), the Comptroller General shall exam-
18	ine—
19	(1) the extent that counterfeit manufactured
20	goods are actively being trafficked in and imported
21	into the United States;
22	(2) the impacts on domestic manufacturers in
23	the United States of current law regarding defending
24	intellectual property, including patent, trademark,
25	and copyright protections;

I	(3) the nature and scope of current statutory lau
2	and case law regarding protecting trade dress from
3	being illegally copied;
4	(4) the extent which such laws are being used to
5	investigate and prosecute acts of trafficking in coun-
6	terfeit manufactured goods;
7	(5) any effective practices or procedures that are
8	protecting all types of intellectual property; and
9	(6) any changes to current statutes or rules that
10	would need to be implemented to more effectively pro-
11	tect the intellectual property rights of manufacturers.
12	(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
13	the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall
14	submit to Congress a report on the results of the study re-
15	quired under subsection (a).
16	SEC. 602. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
17	It is the sense of Congress that—
18	(1) the United States intellectual property indus-
19	tries have created millions of high-skill, high-paying
20	United States jobs and pay billions of dollars in an-
21	nual United States tax revenues;
22	(2) the United States intellectual property indus-
23	tries continue to represent a major source of cre-
24	ativity and innovation business start-ups skilled job

1	creation, exports, economic growth, and competitive-
2	ness;
3	(3) counterfeiting and infringement results in
4	billions of dollars in lost revenue for United States
5	companies each year and even greater losses to the
6	United States economy in terms of reduced job
7	growth, exports, and competitiveness;
8	(4) the growing number of willful violations of
9	existing Federal criminal laws involving counter-
10	feiting and infringement by actors in the United
1	States and, increasingly, by foreign-based individuals
12	and entities is a serious threat to the long-term vital-
13	ity of the United States economy and the future com-
14	petitiveness of United States industry;
15	(5) effective criminal enforcement of the intellec-
16	tual property laws against such violations in all cat-
17	egories of works should be among the highest priorities
18	of the Attorney General; and
19	(6) with respect to criminal counterfeiting and
20	infringement of computer software, the Attorney Gen-
21	eral should give priority to cases—
22	(A) involving the willful theft of intellectual
23	property for purposes of commercial advantage
24	or private financial agin:

1	(B) where the theft of intellectual property
2	is central to the sustainability and viability of
3	the commercial activity of the enterprise (or sub-
4	sidiary) involved in the violation;
5	(C) where the counterfeited or infringing
6	goods or services enables the enterprise to un-
7	fairly compete against the legitimate rights hold-
8	er;
9	(D) where there is actual knowledge of the
10	theft of intellectual property by the directors or
11	officers of the enterprise; and
12	(E) where the enterprise involved in the
13	theft of intellectual property is owned or con-
14	trolled by a foreign enterprise or other foreign
15	entity.

## **DOCUMENT NO. 4**



110TH CONGRESS S. 3325

To enhance remedies for violations of intellectual property laws, and for other purposes.

