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concerned shall apply for a period of not less than 3 years nor more than 5 years after the date of the arbitrator's determination.".

(b) ACTIONS THAT SHALL BE REFERRED TO ARRITRATION —Section 652 of title 28 United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(e) ACTIONS THAT SHALL BE REFERRED TO ARBITRATION.—In any civil action against a general music user for infringement of the right granted in section 106(4) of title 17 involving a musical work that is in the repvorving a musical work and is in the lep-ertoire of a performing rights society, if the general music user admits the public per-formance of any musical work in the rep-ertoire of the performing rights society but contests the rate or the amount of the license fee demanded by the society for such performance, the district court shall, if requested by the general music user, refer the dispute to arbitration, which shall be conducted in accordance with section 504(d)(2) of title 17. Each district court shall establish procedures by local rule authorizing the use of arbitration under this subsection. The definitions set forth in title 17 apply to the terms used in this subsection.".

SEC. 204. VICARIOUS LIABILITY PROHIBITED.

Section 501 of title 17, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-

"(f) A landlord, an organizer or sponsor of a convention, exposition, or meeting, a facil-ity owner, or any other person making space ity owner, or any other person making space available to another party by contract, shall not be liable under any theory of vicarious or contributory infringement with respect to an infringing public performance of a copyrighted work by a tenant, lessee, subtenant, sublessee, licensee, exhibitor, or other user of such space on the ground that—

"(1) a contract for such space provides the landlord, organizer or sponsor, facility owner, or other person a right or ability to control such space and compensation for the

use of such space; or
"(2) the landlord, organizer or sponsor, facility owner, or other person has or had at the time of the infringing performance actual control over some aspects of the use of such space, if the contract for the use of such such space, it the contract for the use of such space prohibits infringing public perform-ances and the landlord, organizer or sponsor, facility owner, or other person does not exer-cise control over the selection of works per-

SEC. 205. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.

Section 101 of title 17, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the undesignated paragraph relating to the definition of "perform" the following:

"A 'performing rights society' is an asso-

"A 'performing rights society' is an asso-ciation, corporation, or other entity that li-censes the public performance of nondra-matic musical works on behalf of copyright owners of such works, such as the American Society of Composers, Authors, and Publish-ers, Broadcast Music, Inc., and SESAC, Inc. The 'repertoire' of a performing rights soci-ety consists of those works for which the so-ciety provides licenses on behalf of the own-ers of copyright in the works."

SEC. 206, CONSTRUCTION OF TITLE.

Except as provided in section 504(d)(1) of title 17, United States Code, as added by sectitle 17, United States Lode, as added by sec-tion 203(a) of this Act, nothing in this title shall be construed to relieve any performing rights society (as defined in section 101 of title 17, United States Code) of any obliga-tion under any consent decree, State statute, or other court order governing its operation, as such statute, decree, or order is in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act, as it may be amended after such date, or as it may be enacted, issued, or agreed to after such date

SEC 207 REFECTIVE DATE

This title and the amendments made by this title shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act, and shall apply to actions filed on or after such date.

H.R. 2589

OFFERED BY: MR. COBLE

AMENDMENT No. 2: Page 4, line 9, strike "of

Page 4, line 24, strike "of 1997 Page 5, line 12, strike "of 1997" Page 6, line 4, strike "of 1997".

Page 6, strike line 17 and all that follows through page 7, line 4 and insert the follow

ing:
"(D) In the event that the author's widow (b) In the event that the author's widow or widower, children, and grandchildren are not living, the author's executor, adminis-trator, personal representative, or trustee shall own the author's entire termination in-

Insert the following after section 5 and redesignate the succeeding section accordingly:

SEC. 6. ASSUMPTION OF CONTRACTUAL OBLIGA TIONS RELATED TO TRANSFERS OF RIGHTS IN MOTION PICTURES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Part VI of title 28, United

States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new chapter:

"CHAPTER 180—ASSUMPTION OF CERTAIN CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

"4001. Assumption of contractual obligations related to transfers of rights in motion pictures.

"§4001. Assumption of contractual obliga-tions related to transfers of rights in motion pictures

"(a) ASSUMPTION OF OBLICATIONS.—In the case of a transfer of copyright ownership in a motion picture (as defined in section 101 of title 17) that is produced subject to 1 or more collective bargaining agreements negotiated under the laws of the United States, if the transfer is executed on or after the effective date of this Act and is not limited to public performance rights, the transfer instrument shall be deemed to incorporate the assump-tion agreements applicable to the copyright ownership being transferred that are re-quired by the applicable collective bargaining agreement, and the transferee shall be subject to the obligations under each such assumption agreement to make residual payments and provide related notices, accruing after the effective date of the transfer and applicable to the exploitation of the rights applicable to the exploitation of the rights transferred, and any remedies under each such assumption agreement for breach of those obligations, as those obligations and

those obligations, as those obligations and remedies are set forth in the applicable col-lective bargaining agreement, if— "(1) the transferee knows or has reason to know at the time of the transfer that such collective bargaining agreement was or will be applicable to the motion picture; or

"(2) in the event of a court order confirming an arbitration award against the transferor under the collective bargaining agreement, the transferor does not have the finan-cial ability to satisfy the award within 90 days after the order is issued.

(b) FAILURE TO NOTIFY.—If the transferor

"(b) FAILURE TO NOTIFY.—If the transferor under subsection (a) fails to notify the transferor ender subsection (a) of applicable collective bargaining obligations before the execution of the transfer instrument, and subsection (a) is made applicable to the transferor solely by virtue of subsection (a) (2), the transferor shall be liable to the transferor shall be liable to the transferor are suit of the failure to notify.

"(c) DETERMINATION OF DISPUTES AND CLAIMS.—Any dispute concerning the application of subsection (a) and any claim made

under subsection (b) shall be determined by an action in United States district court, and the court in its discretion may allow the recovery of full costs by or against any party and may also award a reasonable attorney's fee to the prevailing party as part of the

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of chapters for part VI of title 28, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"180. Assur mption of Certain Contractual Obligations ... 40019 H.R. 2589

OFFERED BY: MR. McCOLLUM

(To the Amendment Offered by: Mr. Sensenbrenner)

AMENDMENT No. 3: In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted as title II, insert the following:

TITLE II—MUSIC LICENSING EXEMPTION FOR FOOD SERVICE OR DRINKING ES-TABLISHMENTS

SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Fairness In Music Licensing Act of 1998." SEC. 202. EXEMPTION.

Section 110(5) of title 17, United States Code is amended—

(1) by striking "(5)" and inserting "(5)(A) except as provided in subparagraph (B),";
(2) by adding at the end the following:

"(B) communication by a food service or drinking establishment of a transmission or retransmission embodying a performance or display of a nondramatic musical work in-tended to be received by the general public, originated by a radio or television broadcast station licensed by the Federal Communications Commission, or, if an audiovisual nsmission, by a cable system or satellite carrier, if

'(i) either the establishment in which the communication occurs has less than 3500 gross square feet of space (excluding space used for customer parking), or the establish-ment in which the communication occurs has 3500 gross square feet of space or more (excluding space used for customer parking)

"(I) if the performance is by audio means only, the performance is communicated by means of a total of not more than 6 loud-speakers, of which not more than 4 loud-

speakers, or winch not more than 4 loun-speakers are located in any I room or adjoin-ing outdoor space; or "(II) if the performance or display is by audiovisual means, any visual portion of the performance or display is communicated by means of a total of not more than 4 audiovisual devices, of which not more than one audiovisual device is located in any 1 room. and no such audiovisual device has a diago-nal screen size greater than 55 inches, and any audio portion of the performance or dis-play is communicated by means of a total of not more than 6 loudspeakers, of which not more than 4 loudspeakers are located in any

more than 4 loudspeakers are located in any I room or adjoining outdoor space;

"(ii) no direct charge is made to see or hear the transmission or retransmission;

hear the transmission or retrainments.

"(iii) the transmission or retransmission is not further transmitted beyond the food service or drinking establishment where it is received: and

(iv) the transmission or retransmission is licensed by the copyright owner of the work so publicly performed or displayed;"; and (3) by adding after paragraph (10) the fol-

lowing:

"The exemptions provided under paragraph (5) shall not be taken into account in any administrative, judicial, or other governmental proceeding to set or adjust the royalties payable to copyright owners for the public performance or display of their works. Royalties payable to copyright owners for any public performance or display of their works other than such performances or displays as are exempted under paragraph (6) shall not be diminished in any respect as a result of such exemption." such exemption".

SEC, 203, LICENSING B SOCIETIES. INSING BY PERFORMING RIGHTS

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 5 of title 17, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
"§ 512. determinations of reasonable license

"\$512. determinations of reasonable license fee for individual proprietors
"In the case of any performing rights society subject to a consent decree which provides for the determination of reasonable license fees to be charged by the performing rights society, notwithstanding the provisions of that consent decree, an individual sions of that consent decree, an individual proprietor who owns or operates fewer than 3 food service or drinking establishments in which nondramatic musical works are performed publicly and who claims that any license agreement offered by that performing rights society to the industry of which the rights society to the industry of which the individual proprietor is a member is unrea-sonable in its license fee as to that individ-ual proprietor, shall be entitled to deter-mination of a reasonable license fee as fol-

"(I) The individual proprietor may com-(i) The individual proprietor may commence such proceeding for determination of a reasonable license fee by filing an application in the applicable district court under paragraph (2) that a rate disagreement exists and by serving a copy of the application on the performing rights society Such proceed-ing shall commence in the applicable district ing shall commence in the appricable district court within 90 days after the service of such copy, except that such 90-day requirement shall be subject to the administrative re-quirements of the court.

quirements of the court.

"(2) The proceeding under paragraph (1) shall be held, at the individual proprietor's election, in the judicial district of the district court with jurisdiction over the applicable consent decree or in that place of holding court of a district court that is the seat of the Federal circuit (other than the Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit) in which the proprietor's establishment is located.

"(3) Such proceeding shall be held before the judge of the court with jurisdiction over the consent decree governing the performing rights society. At the discretion of the court, the proceeding shall be held before a special master or magistrate judge appointed by such judge. Should that consent decree provide for the appointment of an advisor or ad-visors to the court for any purpose, any such advisor shall be the special master so named by the court.

"(4) In any such proceeding, the industry rate, or, in the absence of an industry rate, the most recent license fee agreed to by the

the most recent license fee agreed to by the parties or determined by the court, shall be presumed to have been reasonable at the time it was agreed to or determined by the court. The burden of proof shall be on the individual proprietor to establish the reasonableness of any other fee it requests.

"(6) Pending the completion of such proceeding, the individual proprietor shall have the right to perform publicly the copyrighted musical compositions in the repertoire of the performing rights society, and shall pay an interim license fee, subject to retroactive adjustment when a final fee has seen pay an interim nearest ree, subject to retroactive adjustment when a final fee has been determined, in an amount equal to the industry rate, or, in the absence of an indus-try rate, the amount of the most recent license fee agreed to by the parties. Failure to pay such interim license fee shall result in pay such interim freshe tee shall result in immediate dismissal of the proceeding, and the individual proprietor shall then be deemed to have had no right to perform the copyrighted musical compositions in the repertoire of the performing rights society under this section from the date it submitted its notice commencing the proceeding.

(6) Any decision rendered in such proceed-"(6) Any decision rendered in such proceed-ing by a special master or magistrate judge named under paragraph (3) shall be reviewed by the presiding judge. Such proceeding, in-cluding such review, shall be concluded within 6 months after its commencement

(7) Any such final determination shall be binding only as to the individual proprietor commencing the proceeding, and shall not be applicable to any other proprietor or any other performing rights society, and the per-forming rights society shall be relieved of forming rights society shall be relieved of any obligation of nondiscrimination among similarly situated music users that may be imposed by the consent decree governing its erations

(8) For purposes of this section, the term industry rate means the license fee a per-forming rights society has agreed to with, or which has been determined by the court for, a significant segment of the music user industry to which the individual proprietor be-

longs.".
(b) Technical and Conforming Amend-Ment.—The table of sections for chapter 5 of title 17, United States Code, is amended by adding after the item relating to section 511 the following:

"512.Determinations of reasonable license fee for individual proprietors." SEC. 204. DEFINITIONS.

Section 101 of title 17, United States Code, is amended-

is amended—

(1) by inserting after the definition of "display" the following:

"A 'food service or drinking establishment'

is a restaurant, inn, bar, tavern, or any other

similar place of business in which the public or patrons assemble for the primary purpose of being served food or drink, in which the majority of the gross square feet of space is used for that purpose, and in which nondra-matic musical works are performed pub-

matic musical works are perunned publicly."

(2) by inserting after the definition of "fixed" the following:

"The 'gross square feet of space' of a food service or drinking establishment means the entire interior space of that establishment and any adjoining outdoor space used to surve patrons, whether on a seasonal basis or otherwise."

(3) by inserting after the definition of "per-

otherwise.";
(3) by inserting after the definition of "perform" the following:
"A 'performing rights society' is an association, corporation, or other entity that liclation, corporation, or other entity that li-censes the public performance of nondra-matic musical works on behalf of copyright owners of such works, such as the American Society of Composers, Authors and Publish-ers (ASCAP), Broadcast Music, Inc. (BMI), and SESAC, Inc.'; and

(4) by inserting after the definition of "pic-torial, graphic and sculptural works" the fol-

torial, graphic and sculptural works" the loi-lowing:
"A 'proprietor' is an individual, corpora-tion, partnership, or other entity, as the case may be, that owns a food service or drinking establishment. No owner or operator of a radio or television station licensed by the Federal Communications Commission, cable system or satellite carrier, cable or satellite system or satellite carrier, cable or satellite carrier service or programmer. Internet service provider, online service provider, telecommunications company, or any other such audio-visual service or programmer now known or as may be developed in the future, commercial subscription music service, or owner or operator of any other transmission service, or owner of any other establishment service, or owner of any other establishment in which the service to the public of food or drink is not the primary purpose, shall under any circumstances be deemed to be a proprietor."

SEC 205 CONSTRUCTION OF TITLE

Except as otherwise provided in this title, nothing in this title shall be construed to relieve any performing rights society of any obligation under any State or local statute, ordinance, or law, or consent decree or other court order governing its operation, as such statute, ordinance, law, decree, or order is in effect on the date of the enactment of this title, as it may be amended after such date, or as it may be issued or agreed to after such

SEC. 206. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This title and the amendments made by this title shall take effect 90 days after the date of the enactment of this title.



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