and Isle of Man, in such manner as to him or them may seem meet, and that the said patentee shall have and enjoy the whole profit and advantage from time to time accruing by reason of the said invention, during the term of fourteen years from the day of the date of the said original patent No. , or so much of that term as is unexpired. And to the end that the said patentee may have and enjoy the sole use and exercise and the full benefit of the said invention, We do by these presents for us, our heirs and successors, strictly command all our subjects whatsoever within our United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the Isle of Man, that they do not at any time during the continuance of the said term either directly or indirectly make use of or put in practice the said invention, or any part of the same, nor in anywise imitate the same, nor make or cause to be made any addition thereto or subtraction therefrom, whereby to pretend themselves the inventors thereof, without the consent, licence or agreement 🖟 the said patentee in writing under his hand and seal, on pain of incurring such penalties as may be justly inflicted on such offenders for their contempt of this our Reyal command, and of being answerable to the patentee according to law for his damages thereby occasioned:

Provided always that these letters patent shall be revocable on any of the grounds from time to time by law prescribed as grounds for working letters patent granted by Us, and the same may be revoked and made void accordingly. Provided also, that if the said patentee shall not pay all fees by law required to be paid in respect of the grant of the said original letters patent, or in respect of any matter relating thereto at the time or times, and in manner for the time being by law provided; and also if the said patentee shall not supply or cause to be supplied, for our service all such articles of the said invention as may be required by the officers or commissioners administering any department of our service in such manner, at such times, and at and upon reasonable prices and terms as shall be settled in manner for the time being by law provided, then, and in any of the said cases, these our letters patent, and all privileges and advantages whatever hereby granted shall determine and become void notwithstanding anything herein-before contained: PROVIDED ALSO that nothing herein contained shall prevent the granting of licences in such manner and for such considerations as they may by law be granted:

strued in the most beneficial sense for the advantage of the said patentee.

IN WITNESS whereof We have caused these our letters to be made patent and to be sealed as of the one thousand nine hundred and

And lastly, We do by these presents for us, our heirs and successors,

grant unto the said patentee that these our letters patent shall be con-



Comptroller-General of Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks. \* Here is to be inserted the name of the comptrollergeneral.

Dated the 17th of December, 1907.

D. LLOYD GEORGE.

President of the Board of Trade.

## RULES REGULATING THE PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE ON APPEALS TO THE LAW OFFICERS.

Notice of appeal.

I. When any person intends to appeal to the law officer from a decision of the Comptroller in any case in which such appeal is given by the Act, he shall within 14 days from the date of the decision appealed against file in the Patent Office, a notice of such his intention.

Requisites of notice of appeal.

II. Such notice shall state the nature of the decision appealed against, and whether the appeal is from the whole, or part only, and if so, what part of such decision.

Copies of notice of appeal to be sent.

III. A copy of such notice of intention to appeal shall be sent by the party so intending to appeal to the Chief Clerk, Law Officers' Department, at Room 549, Royal Courts of Justice, London; and when there has been an opposition before the Comptroller, to the opponent or applicant as the case may be.

Comptroller to transmit papers to law

IV. Upon notice of appeal being filed, the Comptroller shall forthwith transmit to the Chief Clerk, Law Officers' Department, officers' clerk. all the papers relating to the matter of the application in respect of which such appeal is made.

Notice of appeal not given in

V. No appeal shall be entertained of which notice is not given within 14 days from the date of the decision appealed against, specified time. or such further time as the Comptroller may allow, except by special leave upon application to the law officer.

Seven days' notice of hearing.

VI. Seven days' notice, at least, of the time and place appointed for the hearing of any appeal, shall be given by the Chief Clerk, Law Officers' Department, unless special leave be given by the law officer that any shorter notice be given.

To whom notice of hearing is to be given.

VII. Such notice shall in all cases be given to the Comptroller and the appellant; and, when there has been an opposition before the Comptroller, to the opponent or applicant, as the case may be.

Evidence.

VIII. The evidence used on appeal to the law officer shall be the same as that used at the hearing before the Comptroller; and no further evidence shall be given, except with the leave of the law officer upon application for that purpose.

Crossexamination.

IX. The law officer shall at the request of either party, order the attendance at the hearing on appeal, for the purpose of being cross-examined, of any person, who has made a declaration, in the matter to which the appeal relates, unless in the opinion of the law officer, there is good ground for not making such order.

X. Any person requiring the attendance of a witness for cross- Conduct examination shall tender to the witness whose attendance is required a reasonable sum for conduct money.

XI. Where the law officer orders that costs shall be paid by any party to another, he may fix the amount of such costs, and if he fixed. shall not think fit to fix the amount thereof, he shall direct by whom and in what manner the amount of such costs shall be ascertained.

Amount of

XII. If any costs so ordered to be paid be not paid within Order for pay-14 days after the amount thereof has been so fixed or ascertained or such shorter period as shall be directed by the law officer, the party to whom the costs are to be paid may apply to the law officer for an order for payment under the provisions of section 40 of the Act.

ment of costs.

XIII. All documentary evidence required, or allowed by the Documentary law officer to be filed, shall be subject to the same regulations, in all respects, as apply to the procedure before the Comptroller, and shall be filed in the Law Officers' Department, unless the law officer shall order to the contrary.

evidence.

XIV. Any notice or other document required to be given to the Chief Clerk, Law Officers' Department, under these Rules, may be sent by a prepaid letter through the post.

Sending notice or other documents by post.

JOHN L. WALTON, Attorney-General.

W. S. Robson, Solicitor-General.

Law Officers' Department, 11 December, 1907.

# STATUTORY RULES AND ORDERS, 1908.

No. 951.

### PATENTS.

REGISTER OF PATENT AGENTS RULES, 1908. DATED DECEMBER 17, 1907.

By virtue of the provisions of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907, hereinafter referred to as the Act, the Board of Trade, hereinafter referred to as the "Board," do hereby make the following Rules:—

1. These Rules may be cited as the Register of Patent Agents Rules, 1908.

Register to be kept.

2. A Register of Patent Agents shall be kept by the Chartered Institute of Patent Agents (hereinafter called the Institute), subject to the provisions of these Rules and to the Orders of the Board, for the registration of patent agents in pursuance of Section 84 of the Act. The Register of Patent Agents existing at the commencement of the Act shall be incorporated with and form part of the Register of Patent Agents under the Act.

Contents of Register.

3. The Register shall contain in one list all patent agents who are registered under the Act and these Rules.

Such list shall be made out according to the surnames of the registered persons, and shall also contain the full name of each registered person, with his address, the date of registration, and a mention of any honours, memberships, or other additions to the name of the registered person which the Council of the Institute may consider worthy of mention in the Register. The Register shall be in the Form 1 in Appendix A., with such variations as may be required.

Printed copies
to be published annually, and to be
evidence of
contents of
Register.

4. The Institute shall cause a correct copy of the Register, but with the names arranged alphabetically, to be printed under their direction and published and placed on sale. Such correct copy shall be printed and published not later than the end of February in each year. A copy of the Register for the time being purporting to be so printed and published shall be admissible as evidence of all matters stated therein, and the absence of the name of any person from the Register shall be evidence, until the contrary is made to appear, that such person is not registered in pursuance of the Act or any Act repealed by the Act.

5. The Institute shall continue in office or appoint a Registrar, Registrar. who shall keep the Register in accordance with the provisions of the Act and these Rules, and, subject thereto, shall act under the directions of the Institute, and the Board.

6. A person who is desirous of being registered in pursuance of the Act, on the ground that prior to the 24th day of December, 1888, he had been bonû fide practising as a patent agent, shall produce or transmit to the Board a statutory declaration in the Form 2 in Appendix A.; provided that the Board may, in any case in which they shall think fit, require further or other proof that the person had prior to the passing of the Act been bonû side practising as a patent agent. Upon the receipt of such statutory declaration, or of such further or other proof to their satisfaction, as the case may be, the Board shall transmit to the Registrar a certificate that the person therein named is entitled to be registered in pursuance of the Act, and the Registrar shall on the - receipt of such certificate cause the name of such person to be entered in the Register.

Registration of persons who were patent agents prior to the passing of this Act.

7. Subject to the provisions of the Act in favour of every person who proves to the satisfaction of the Board that prior to the 24th day of December, 1888, he had been bond fide practising as a registration. patent agent, no person shall be entitled to be registered as a patent agent unless he has passed, and produces or transmits to the Registrar a certificate under the soal of the Institute that he has passed, such final examination as to his knowledge of patent law and practice and of the duties of a patent agent as the Institute shall from time to time prescribe.

Final qualifying examination for

8. Any person who has been for at least five years engaged as a pupil or technical assistant to one or more registered patent agents, and any person for the time being entitled to practise as a from pre-Solicitor of the Supreme Court of Judicature in England or Ire-liminary land, or as a law agent before the Court of Session in Scotland, shall be entitled to be registered without passing any examination other than the final examination provided for in the last preceding Rule.

Exemption of pupils and assistants examination.

9. Any person who is not qualified under Rule 8 must, in Qualifications order to be entitled to present himself for the final qualifying of persons examination, be-

generally for registration.

A person who has passed one of the preliminary examinations which the Institute shall by regulation prescribe.

10. The Institute shall hold at least once in every year, a final Final qualifyqualifying examination, which shall be the final qualifying exami- ing examinanation required under Rules 7 and 8; and the Institute shall, held by the subject to these Rules, have the entire management and control

Institute.

of all such examinations, and may from time to time make regulations with respect to all or any of the following matters, that is to say,

- (a) The subjects for and the mode of conducting the examination of candidates;
- (b) The times and places of the examinations, and the notices to be given of the examinations;
- (c) The certificates to be given to persons of their having passed the examinations;
- (d) The appointment and removal of examiners, and the remuneration, by fees or otherwise, of the examiners so appointed; and
- (e) Any other matter or thing as to which the Institute may think it necessary to make regulations for the purpose of carrying out this Rule.
- 11. The Registrar shall from time to time insert in the Register any alteration which may come to his knowledge in the name and address of any person registered.
- 12. The Registrar shall erase from the Register the name of any registered person who is dead.
- 13. The Registrar may erase from the Register the name of any registered person who has ceased to practise as a patent agent, but not (save as hereinafter provided) without the consent of that person. For the purposes of this Rule the Registrar may send by post to a registered person to his registered address a notice inquiring whether or not he has ceased to practise or has changed his residence, and if the Registrar does not within three months after sending the notice receive an answer thereto from the said person, he may, within fourteen days after the expiration of the three months, send him by post to his registered address another notice referring to the first notice, and stating that no answer has been received by the Registrar; and if the Registrar either before the second notice is sent receives the first notice back from the dead letter office of the Postmaster-Goneral, or receives the second notice back from that office, or does not within three months after sending the second notice receive any answer thereto from the said person, that person shall, for the purpose of this Rule, be deemed to have ceased to practise, and his name may be erased accordingly.

Erasure of name for non-payment of fees.

14. If any registered person shall not, within one month from the day on which his annual registration fee becomes payable, pay such fee, the Registrar may send to such registered person to his registered address a notice requiring him, on or before a day to be named in the notice, to pay his annual registration fee; and

Correction of names and addresses in Register.

Erasure of names of deceased persons.
Erasure of names of persons who have ceased to practise.

if such registered patent agent shall not within one mouth from the day named in such notice pay the registration fee so due from him, the Registrar may erase his name from the Register: Provided that the name of a person erased from the Register under this rule may be restored to the Register by direction of the Institute or the Board on payment by such person of the fee or fees due from him, together with such further sum of money, not exceeding in amount the annual registration fee, as the Institute or the Board (as the case may be) may in each particular case direct.

15. In the execution of his duties the Registrar shall, subject Registrar to these Rules, in each case act on such evidence as appears to him sufficient.

16. The Board may order the Registrar to erase from the Erasure of Register any entry therein which is proved to their satisfaction to have been incorrectly or fraudulently inserted.

incorrect or fraudulent entries.

17. If any registered person shall be convicted in His Majesty's Erasure of dominions or elsewhere of an offence which, if committed in England, would be a felony or misdemeanor, or after due inquiry, convicted of is proved to the satisfaction of the Board to have been guilty of disgraceful professional conduct, or having been entitled to prac-guilty of tise as a Solicitor or Law Agent shall have ceased to be so entitled, disgraceful conduct. the Board may order the Registrar to erase from the Register the name of such person. Provided that no person shall be adjudged by the Board to have been guilty of disgraceful professional conduct unless such person has received notice of, and had an opportunity of defending himself from, any charge brought against him.

names of persons crimes, and persous found

18. Where the Board direct the erasure from the Register of a Restoration name of any person, or of any other entry, the name of the person erased name. or the entry shall not be again entered in the Register, except by order of the Board.

by Board of

The Board may in any case in which they think fit restore to the Register such name or entry crased therefrom either without fee, or on payment of such fee, not exceeding the registration fee, as the Board may from time to time fix, and the Registrar shall restore the name accordingly.

19. For the purpose of exercising in any case the powers of Inquiry by erasing from and of restoring to the Register the name of a person, Trade before or an entry, the Board may appoint a committee consisting of erasure of such persons as they shall think fit. Every application to the Register. Board for the erasure from, or restoration to, the Register of the name of any patent agent shall be referred for hearing and inquiry to the committee, who shall report thereon to the Board, and a

Board of name from report of the committee shall be conclusive as to the facts for the purpose of the exercise of the said powers by the Board.

Restoration by Institute of erased name.

20. The name of any person erased from the Register at the request or with the consent of such person shall, unless it might, if not so erased, have been erased by order of the Board, be restored to the Register by the Registrar on his application and on payment of such fee, not exceeding the registration fee, as the Institute shall from time to time fix.

Appeal to Board of Trade.
Notice of appeal.

- 21. Any person aggrieved by any order, direction, or refusal of the Institute or Registrar may appeal to the Board.
- 22. A person who intends to appeal to the Board under these Rules (in these Rules referred to as the appellant) shall, within 14 days from the date of the making or giving of the order, direction, or refusal complained of, leave at the office of the Institute a notice in writing signed by him of such his intention.

Case on appeal.

23. The notice of intention to appeal shall be accompanied by a statement in writing of the grounds of the appeal, and of the case of the appellant in support thereof.

Transmission of notice of appeal to Board of Trade.

24. The appellant shall also immediately after leaving his notice of appeal at the Institute send by post a copy thereof with a copy of the appellant's case in support thereof addressed to the Secretary of the Board of Trade, 7, Whitehall Gardens, London.

Directions as to hearing appeal.

25. The Board may thereupon give such directions (if any) as they may think fit for the purpose of the hearing of the appeal.

Notice of hearing of appeal.

26. Seven days' notice, or such shorter notice as the Board may in any particular case direct, of the time and place appointed for the hearing of the appeal shall be given to the appellant and the Institute and the Registrar.

Hearing and decision of appeal.

27. The appeal may be heard and decided by the Board, and such decision may be given or order made in reference to the subject-matter of the appeal as the case may require.

Fees.

28. The fees set forth in Appendix B. to these Rules shall be paid in respect of the several matters, and at the times and in the manner therein mentioned. The Board may from time to time, alter any of, or add to, the fees payable under these Rules.

Alteration of regulations.

29. Any regulation made by the Institute under these Rules may be altered or revoked by a subsequent regulation. Copies of all regulations made by the Institute under these Rules shall, within twenty-eight days of the date of their being made, be transmitted to the Board, and if within twenty-eight days after a copy of any regulation has been so transmitted, the Board by an order signify their disapproval thereof, such regulation shall be of no force or effect; and if, after any regulation under these

Rules has come into force, the Board signify in manner aforesaid their disapproval thereof, such regulation shall immediately cease to be of any force or effect.

30. The Institute shall once every year in the month of March Report to transmit to the Board a report stating the number of applications Trade. for registration which have been made in the preceding twelve months, the nature and results of the final examinations which have been held, and the amount of fees received by the Institute under these Rules, and such other matters in relation to the provisions of these Rules as the Board may from time to time require.

Board of

31. These Rules shall come into operation from and imme- Commencediately after the 31st December, 1907, and all general rules rela-ment. tive to the Register of Patent Agents in force on the 31st December, 1907, shall be and are hereby repealed as from that date without prejudice nevertheless to any thing done under such Rules or to any application or other matter then pending.

Dated the 17th day of December, 1907.

D. LLOYD GEORGE. President of the Board of Trade.

### APPENDIX A.

FORM 1.

#### FORM OF REGISTER.

Name.	Designation.	Address.	Date of Registration.
	•		

### APPENDIX.

#### FORM 2.

#### FORM OF STATUTORY DECLARATION.

#### PATENTS AND DESIGNS ACT, 1907.

## Register of Patent Agents pursuant to Section 84.

- I, A.B. [insert ful! name, and in the case of a member of a firm add, "a member of the firm of "], of , in the county of , Patent Agent, do solemnly and sincerely declare as follows:—
- 1. That prior to the 24th December, 1888, I had been bond fide practising in the United Kingdom as a patent agent.
- 2. That I acted as patent agent in obtaining the following patents:—
  [Give the official numbers and dates of some patents for the United Kingdom in the obtaining of which the declarant acted as putent agent.]
- 3. That I desire to be registered as a patent agent in pursuance of the said Act.

And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1835.

Declared at

#### APPENDIX B.

#### FEES.

Nature of Fee.	When to be paid.		. — — .		Amount.		
For registration of name of patent agent who had been bonû fide in practice prior to the passing of the Act.	On application and before registration.				£ 5	8. 5	d. 0
For registration of name of any person other than as above.	Do.	do.	Do.	do.	5	5	0
Annual fee to be paid by every registered patent agent.	On or before November 30th of each year, in respect of the year commencing January 1st following.		Do.	do.	2	2	0
On entry of a candidate for the final qualifying examination.	At time on name.	of entering	Do.	do.	2	2	O

Dated the 17th day of December, 1907.

D. LLOYD GEORGE.

President of the Board of Trade.

## RULES OF THE SUPREME COURT (PATENTS AND DESIGNS), 1908. DATED JUNE 3, 1908.

### ORDER LIIIA.

Procedure in Actions for Infringements of Patents and under the Patents and Designs Act, 1907.

#### 1. In this Order:—

Definitions.

- "The Act" means the Patents and Designs Act, 1907.
- "The Comptroller" means the Comptroller-General of Patents Designs and Trade Marks.
- "The Court" includes the Judge of the High Court for the time being selected by the Lord Chancellor as the Court for the purpose of hearing appeals and petitions under the Act.
- 2. The Rules of the Supreme Court for the time being in Rules of force shall apply, so far as may be practicable (unless by the Act or by these Rules otherwise expressly provided), to all proceedings before the Court under the Act. In particular, if the Court applicable is for the time being a Judge of the Chancery Division, the provisions of Order 5, Rule 9 (A) shall apply to all such proceedings. as being business assigned to the Court within the meaning of that Rule.

Supreme Court for time being to proceed. ings before the Court under the Act.

3. In the case of Petitions for extension of the term of a Extension patent under Section 18 of the Act, the following Rules shall apply:—

of term of patent.

- (a) A party intending to apply by Petition under Section 18 of the Act shall give public notice by advertising three times in the "London Gazette" and once at least in a London Daily newspaper, the price of which is not less than one penny.
- (b) If the Applicant's principal place of business is situated in the United Kingdom at a distance of 15 miles or more from Charing Cross he shall also advertise once at least in some local newspaper published or circulating in the town or district where such place of business is situated. If the Applicant has no such place of business, then if he carries on the manufacture of anything made under his specification in the United Kingdom at a distance of 15 miles or more from Charing Cross he shall

- advertise once at least in some local newspaper published or circulating in the town or district where he carries on such manufacture. If he has no such place of business and carries on no such manufacture in the United Kingdom, then if he resides in the United Kingdom at a distance of 50 miles or more from Charing Cross he shall advertise once at least in some newspaper published or circulating in the town or district where he resides.
- (c) The Applicant shall in his advertisements state the object of his Petition and shall give notice of the day (which if the Court is for the time being a Judge of the Chancery Division shall be an ordinary Petition day) on which he intends to apply to the Court for a day to be fixed before which the Petition shall not be in the paper for hearing (hereinafter called "the appointed day"), which first mentioned day shall not be less than four weeks from the date of the publication of the last of the advertisements to be inserted in the "London Gazette." Every such advertisement shall state an address within the United Kingdom for service on the applicant of any document requiring service under this rule. He shall also give notice that notices of objection must be lodged as hereinafter provided before such day so named in the said advertisements. A copy of such advertisement shall be forwarded by the Applicant to the Solicitor for the Board of Trade at the same time as the first advertisement is sent to the "London Gazette" and the Board of Trade shall thereupon cause such advertisement to be inserted in the three following issues of the Illustrated Official Journal (Patents).
- (d) A Petition under Section 18 of the Act must be presented within one week from the publication of the last of the advertisements required to be published in the "London Gazette" and a copy of the Petition must within the same time be furnished to the Solicitor to the Board of Trade. Such Petition shall be made returnable for the day named in the advertisements.
- (e) The Petition must be accompanied by an affidavit or affidavits of advertisements having been published by the Petitioner according to the requirements of Rules (a), (b), and (c) hereof. The statements contained in such affidavit or affidavits may be disputed upon the hearing.
- (f) Upon the day named in the advertisements the Petition

- shall appear in the Court List, and the Petitioner shall apply to the Court to fix the appointed day.
- (g) The Petitioner shall forthwith after the appointed day has been fixed give public notice of the same by advertising once at least in the "London Gazette."
- (h) A party presenting a Petition under Section 18 of the Act must ladge as hereinafter provided a copy thereof with two printed copies of the Specification of his Patent.
- (i) The Petitioner shall also lodge as hereinafter provided, not less than three weeks before the appointed day, two copies of the balance sheet of expenditure and receipts relating to the patent in question which accounts are to be proved on oath before the Court at the hearing. He shall also at the same time furnish three copies of the specification and of the said balance sheet to the Solicitor to the Board of Trade, and shall upon receiving two days' notice give the Solicitor to the Board of Trade or any person deputed by him for the purpose reasonable facilities for inspecting and taking extracts from the books of account by reference to which he proposes to verify the said balance sheet or from which the materials for making up the said balance sheet have been derived.
- (j) Any person desirous of opposing the prayer of a Petition under Section 18 of the Act shall lodge as hereinafter provided a notice that he intends so to oppose and giving an address in the United Kingdom for service of any document requiring service under this rule. Such person shall at the same time serve upon the Petitioner a copy of such notice. Such notices shall be respectively lodged and served before the day named in the Petitioner's advertisements as that on which he intends to apply to the Court for the appointed day to be fixed.
- (k) The Petitioner shall forthwith upon receipt of such notice serve a copy of his Petition upon each person giving such notice.
- (1) Every person giving such notice as aforesaid shall within three weeks after service of the Petition upon him lodge as hereinafter provided two copies and serve upon the Petitioner one copy and lodge with the Solicitor of the Board of Trade three copies in writing of Particulars of the Objections upon which he intends to rely against the granting of the Prayer of the Petition.
- (m) Any person who shall not within the said three weeks

- lodge and serve such Particulars of Objections as aforesaid shall be deemed to have abandoned his opposition.
- (n) No person who has delivered such Particulars of Objections shall be entitled to oppose the granting of the Prayer of the Petition on any grounds not stated in such Particulars.
- (o) Any person who has lodged notice that he intends to oppose the granting of the Prayer of the Petition shall be entitled to be heard on the application to fix the appointed day, and every person who has lodged and served Particulars of Objection shall be served by the Petitioner with notice of the appointed day.
- (p) The Petition shall not be entered in the list for Trial until the expiration of the time limited for the lodging and service of the Particulars of Objections, and shall only be entered for trial on the lodging of an affidavit on behalf of the Petitioner that all persons who have served him with Notice of Intention to Oppose the Prayer of his Petition have been served with copies of the Petition. The Petition shall, if and so long as the Court is a Judge of the Chancery Division and subject to any direction of the Court to the contrary be set down in the same manner as if it had been a witness action assigned to that Judge and shall be marked in the witness list not before the of 190 being the appointed day.
- (q) Any persons who have delivered Particulars of Objections shall be entitled, at their own expense, to obtain from the Petitioner copies of the accounts which have been lodged by him.
- (r) All Petitions, documents, and copies by these Rules required to be lodged shall if and so long as the Court is a Judge of the Chancery Division be lodged at the Chambers of the Judge, and subject as aforesaid shall be lodged with such person and at such place as the Court may from time to time direct.
- (s) The Court may excuse Petitioners and Opponents from compliance with any of the requirements of these Rules and may give such directions in matters of procedure and practice under Section 18 of the Act as it shall consider to be just and expedient.
- (t) The Comptroller if he elects or is directed to appear on the question of granting the prayer of any Petition under Section 18 of the Act shall not be required to give notice

of the grounds of any objection he may think fit to take or of any evidence which he may think fit to place before the Court.

- (u) The Court may in cases where opposition has been entered to the prayer of a Petition under Section 18 of the Act give costs to or against such opponents.
- (v) In the event of the Court refusing the prayer of the Petition the Court shall not except under special circumstances give more than one set of costs amongst all the opponents.
- (w) The Comptroller-General and the Board of Trade shall not be entitled to any costs on or in relation to their appearance on or opposition to the granting of the prayer of a Petition.
- (x) Service of any document requiring service under this rule may be made by enclosing such document in a prepaid registered letter and posting such letter to the person required to be served at his address for service.
- 4. All Appeals to the Court from any decision of the Comp. Appeals to troller under Sections 20, 26, or 27 of the Act shall be brought the Court by Petition presented to the Court within one calendar month sions of of the decision of the Comptroller or within such further time as the Court may under special circumstances allow. Each such 20, 26 or 27 Petition shall state the nature of the decision appealed against, and whether the appeal is from the whole, or part only, and if so, what part of such decision. It shall also state concisely the grounds of the appeal, and no grounds, other than those so stated, shall, except with the leave of the Court to be given on such terms and conditions as may seem just, be allowed to be taken by the Appellant at the hearing.
- 5. Every appeal to the Court under Sections 20, 26, or 27 of the Act shall, if and so long as the Court is a Judge of the Chancery Division, and subject to any direction of the Court to the contrary, be set down in the same manner as if it were a Witness Action assigned to such Judge and be heard and disposed of in due course.
- 6. In all proceedings before the Court under Sections 20, 26, and 27 of the Act, the evidence used shall be the same as that used at the hearing before the Comptroller and no further evidence shall be given except by the leave of the Court on application to be made to the Court at or before the hearing.
- 7. In all Petitions referred by the Board of Trade to the Court Petitions under Section 24 of the Act the following Rules shall apply:—
  - (a) No evidence shall be given upon any issues other than those Trade to the

from deci-Comptroller under sects. of the Act.

referred by Board of

Court under sect. 24 of the Act.

- raised upon the original Petition before the Board of Trade.
- (b) Every person who has given notice of opposition in accordance with the Patent Rules, 1908, shall be entitled to be heard on such Petition and the Court may direct the Petition to be served or notice thereof to be given to such other person or persons as may be thought desirable.
- (c) The Petition shall if and so long as the Court be a Judge of the Chancery Division and subject to any direction of the Court to the contrary be set down in the same manner as if it were a Witness Action assigned to such Judge.
- (d) The Petition shall be heard by the Court as a Witness Action and shall come on in due course in the Witness List.

8. In all proceedings before the Court under the Act the Court

Court has all powers vested in Comptroller by the Act.

Costs in discretion of the Court.

Defence under sect. 38 of the Act.

- shall have all the powers by the Act vested in the Comptroller and may make any Order which might, or ought to, have been made by the Comptroller. 9. In all proceedings before the Court under the Act the costs
- of and incident thereto, including the costs of hearings before the Comptroller or the Board of Trade, as the case may be, shall be in the discretion of the Court (except as hereinbefore expressly provided in the case of Petitions under Section 18 of the Act).
- 10. If a Defendant in an action for infringement of a patent intends to rely as a defence to such action on the insertion by the Patentee in any contract or contracts of any condition which by virtue of Section 38 of the Act is null and void, he shall deliver with his defence full particulars of the dates of and parties to all contracts on which he intends to rely as containing any such condition, and of the particular conditions in any such contracts on which he intends to rely as being by virtue of that section null and void, and save as appears from such particulars, no defence shall be available to him in such action under sub-section (4) of that Section. Provided that particulars delivered under this rule may be from time to time amended by leave of the Court.

11. Any person presenting a Petition for the revocation of a

Patent under Section 25 of the Act must deliver with his Peti-

tion Particulars of the Objections to the validity of the patent on

which he means to rely and no evidence shall, except by leave of

Particulars of objections to be delivered of the Act.

- the Court, be admitted in proof of any objection of which particulars are not so delivered.
  - 12. The Respondent to a Petition for the revocation of a Patent under Section 25 of the Act shall be entitled to begin and give evidence in support of the patent and if the Petitioner gives evi-

with petition under sect. 25

Respondent to petition under sect. 25 of the Act

dence impeaching the validity of the patent the Respondent shall be entitled to reply.

begin.

13. In an action for infringement of a patent the Plaintiff must deliver with his Statement of Claim particulars of the breaches relied upon.

Particulars of breaches in action for infringement.

14. In an action for infringement of a patent the Defendant Particulars of if he disputes the validity of the patent must deliver with his Defence, Particulars of the Objections on which he relies in infringement. support of such invalidity.

objections in action for

15. A defendant in an action for infringement of a patent who Particulars of under Section 32 of the Act counterclaims in the action for the revocation of the patent shall with his counterclaim deliver Par- claim. ticulars of any Objection to the validity of the patent on which he relies in support of his counterclaim.

objections with counter-

16. Particulars of Breaches shall specify which of the claims Requisites in the Specification of the patent sued upon are alleged to be infringed and shall give at least one instance of each type of infringement of which complaint is made.

of particulars of breaches.

17. Particulars of Objections (whether delivered with the Requisites of Defence in an action for infringement of patent or with a objections. Petition for Revocation under Section 25 of the Act or with a Counterclaim for Revocation under Section 32 of the Act) must state every ground upon which the validity of the patent is disputed and must give such particulars as will clearly define every issue which it is intended to raise.

particulars of

18. If one of the objections taken in the Particulars of Objections be want of novelty the Particulars must state the time and place of the previous publication or user alleged, and if it be alleged that the invention has been used prior to the date of the patent must also specify the names of the persons or person who are alleged to have made such prior user and whether such prior user is alleged to have continued down to the date of the patent, and if not, the earliest and latest dates on which such prior user is alleged to have taken place, and shall also contain a description (accompanied by drawings if necessary) sufficient to identify such alleged prior user, and if such user relates to any machinery or apparatus shall specify whether the same is in existence and where the same can be inspected.

No evidence at variance with any statement contained in the Particulars shall be given in support of any objection, and no evidence as to any machinery or apparatus which is alleged to have been used prior to the date of the patent and which is in existence at the date of the delivery of the Particulars shall be receivable unless it be proved that the party relying on such prior user has, if such machinery or apparatus be in his own possession, offered inspection of the same, or if not in his own possession, has used his best endeavours to obtain inspection of the same for the other parties to the proceedings.

Amendment of particulars of breaches and objections. 19. Particulars of Breaches and Particulars of Objection may from time to time be amended by leave of the Court upon such terms as may be just.

Further and better particulars.

20. Further and better Particulars of Breaches or Particulars of Objections may at any time be ordered by the Court.

Evidence not raised in the particulars.

21. At the hearing of any Action, Petition or Counterclaim relating to a patent no evidence shall except by leave of the Court (to be given upon such terms as to the Court may seem just) be admitted in proof of any alleged infringement or objection not raised in the Particulars of Breaches or Objections respectively.

Taxation of costs.

Necessity for certificate as

22. On taxation of costs in any action or counterclaim for infringement of patent or in any Petition for Revocation of a patent under Section 25 of the Act or in any Counterclaim for Revocation of a patent under Section 32 of the Act the following provision shall apply, that is to say:—

Necessity for certificate as to particulars when action, petition or counterclaim proceeds to trial.

If the Action Petition or Counterclaim proceeds to trial on any patent no costs shall be allowed in respect of any issues raised in the Particulars of Breaches or Particulars of Objections and relating to that patent to the parties delivering the same respectively except in so far as such Particulars are certified by the Court to have been proven or to have been reasonable and proper without regard to the general costs of the case but subject as aforesaid the costs of the issues raised by the Particulars of Breaches and the Particulars of Objections shall be in the discretion of the Taxing Master.

Application for leave to amend specification under sect. 22 of the Act. 23. Where an application is made by a Patentee for leave to amend his Specification by way of disclaimer under Section 22 of the Act, the following rules shall apply:—

- (a) The application shall be made by motion in the precedings pending before the Court and notice of such motion together with a King's Printers' copy of the Specification showing in red ink the amendment proposed to be made shall be served on the parties to such proceedings and in the first instance upon such parties only.
- (b) On the hearing of such motion the Court shall decide whether and on what terms as to costs or otherwise the application shall be allowed to proceed and if the application be allowed to proceed shall give directions

- as to whether such application shall be heard on oral or Affidavit evidence and if on Affidavit evidence shall fix the times within which Affidavits shall be filed by the parties respectively and by any other person entitled to be heard under the Act or these rules.
- (c) If the application be allowed to proceed the Applicant shall forthwith serve the Comptroller with a copy of the notice of motion together with such copy Specification as aforesaid and also a copy of the order allowing the application to proceed, and also with the name and address of the Applicant's Solicitor and the proposed amendment shall be advertised in the Illustrated Official Journal (Patents), such advertisement stating that any person desiring to oppose the amendment must within fourteen days of the issue of the advertisement give notice in writing of such desire to the Applicant's Solicitor, whose name and address for that purpose shall be also stated in the advertisement. Any person giving such notice shall be entitled to be heard upon the hearing of the motion.
- (d) Within seven days after the receipt of any such notice the Applicant shall, if the person giving such notice shall have stated therein an address for service within the United Kingdom, serve on such person a copy of the notice of motion together with such copy of the Specification as aforesaid, and also a copy of the order allowing the application to proceed. Such service may be made by prepaid registered letter sent to such person through the post at his address for service.
- (e) In the case of an application directed to be heard on oral evidence the Applicant shall as soon as he shall have complied with the requirements of the preceding rules set the same down for hearing in the witness list and in the case of an application directed to be heard on Affidavit evidence the Applicant shall after such compliance as aforesaid and after the times fixed for filing evidence have expired set the same down for hearing in the non-witness list and the application so set down shall be heard and disposed of in due course.
- (f) Where the Court allows a Specification to be amended the Applicant shall forthwith lodge with the Comptroller an office copy of the order allowing such amendment, and the Comptroller shall advertise the same once at least in the Illustrated Official Journal (Patents). He shall also if required so to do by the Court or by the

### APPENDIX.

Comptroller leave at the Patent Office a new Specification and Drawings as amended, the same being propared as far as may be in accordance with the rules of the Patent Office for the time being in force.

Title.

24. These Rules may be cited as the Rules of the Supreme Court (Patents and Designs), 1908, and shall be read with the Rules of the Supreme Court, 1883.

LOREBURN, C. ALVERSTONE, C.J.
H. H. COZENS-HARDY, M.R.
ROLAND L. VAUGHAN-WILLIAMS, L.J.
J. GORELL BARNES, P.
R. J. PARKER, J.
CHRISTOPHER JAMES.

The 3rd day of June, 1908.

# ASSIGNMENT OF LETTERS PATENT TOGETHER WITH THE BENEFIT OF FUTURE IMPROVE-MENTS.

THIS INDENTURE, made the day of , 19 , Parties. Between A. B., of, &c. (hereinafter called the assignor), of the one part, and C. D., of, &c. (hereinafter called the assignee), of the other part. Whereas the assigner is the true and first inventor Recitals. of an invention of [title of invention]. AND WHEREAS by letters True and first day of , 19 , and numbered inventor. patent dated the , the sole and exclusive licence and authority of making, Patents. using, exercising, and vending in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the Isle of Man the said invention of improvements in, &c. [title of invention], were granted to the assignor, his executors, administrators, and assigns, for the term of fourteen years from the day of 19, subject to the payment of the fees and the conditions for making void the same as therein provided. And whereas the assignor has agreed Agreement with the assignee to sell to him for the sum of £ invention and letters patent, and the exclusive benefit thereof, and of all extensions of the said letters patent; and also (subject to the provisions hereinafter contained) of all improvements or additions to the said invention or discoveries connected with the , whether the same are now known or manufacture of shall hereafter become or be made known to the assignor. NOW THIS INDENTURE WITNESSETH, that in pursuance of the Assignment. said agreement, and in consideration of the sum of £ by the assignee to the assignor (the receipt whereof the assignor doth hereby acknowledge), the assignor as beneficial owner doth hereby assign unto the assignee All Those the said invention and letters patent, and the sole and exclusive benefit thereof, and of all extensions thereof, and of all rights, powers, emoluments, and advantages whatsoever under or in respect of the said letters patent, To have and to hold, use, exercise, and enjoy the said invention, letters patent, and premises unto the assignce, his executors, administrators, and assigns, absolutely. And the assignor Covenant as doth hereby covenant with the assignee, his executors, adminis- to validity. trators, and assigns, that, notwithstanding any thing by him the assignor done, omitted, or knowingly suffered, the said letters patent are now valid and subsisting, and not void or voidable.

And also that he the assignor will from time to time, after making

any improvement in or addition to the said invention, or any dis-

Covenant to assign future improve-ments.

covery in connection with the manufacture of all improvements, additions, or discoveries as aforesaid (if any) now known or which may hereafter become or be made known to him, forthwith give notice thereof in writing to the assignee, his executors, administrators, or assigns, who shall be entitled to the sole and exclusive use and benefit thereof. And also will, as and when reasonably required by the assignee, his executors, administrators, or assigns, communicate and explain to him or them, or to his or their agents, such improvement, addition, or discovery, the assignee, his executors, administrators, or assigns, paying all costs, charges, and expenses (if any) thereby actually incurred. And WILL, at the expense of the assignee, his executors, administrators, or assigns, if he or they shall so require, either alone or conjointly with the assignee, his executors, administrators, or assigns, apply for and obtain letters patent in respect of such improvement, addition, or discovery, and execute and do all such assurances and things as shall be necessary or convenient for vesting the same letters patent, and the sole and exclusive benefit thereof, in the assignee, his executors, administrators, or assigns, as by him or them shall be reasonably required. And will, at the expense of the assignee, his executors, administrators, or assigns, execute and do all such assurances and things as shall be reasonably required for enabling him or them to obtain, hold, and enjoy the exclusive benefit of any extension of the terms comprised in the letters patent hereby assigned, or, as far as practicable, of any term which may be comprised in any letters patent which may hereafter be vested in the assignor, either solely or jointly with the assignee,

his executors, administrators, or assigns, according to the cove-

In Witness, &c.

nant in this behalf hereinbefore contained.

Covenant to assign extension of terms of patents.

# NON-ASSIGNABLE LICENCE TO USE AND EXER-CISE A PATENTED INVENTION WITHIN A DISTRICT.

THIS INDENTURE, made the day of , 19 , Parties. Between A. B., of, &c. (hereinafter called the licensor), of the one part, and C. D., of, &c. (hereinafter called the licensee), of the other part. Whereas, by letters patent dated the day of , the sole and exclusive grant of patent. , 19 , and numbered licence and authority of making, using, exercising, and vending in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the Isle of Man the said invention of improvements, &c. [title of patent], were granted to the licensor, his executors, administrators, and assigns, for the term of fourteen years from the date thereof, subject to the payment of the fees, and the conditions for making void the same, as therein provided. And whereas the licensor Recital of has agreed to grant the licensee a licence to use and exercise the agreement for licence. said invention within the district hereinafter described, upon the terms hereinafter appearing. NOW THIS INDENTURE WIT- Grant of NESSETH that in pursuance of the said agreement, and in con-licence. sideration of the royalties hereinafter reserved and made payable to the licensor, and the covenants on the part of the licensee hereinafter contained, the licensor doth hereby grant unto the licensee full liberty, licence, power, and authority, within the district, being [define the district], to use and exercise the said invention during the term of years from the date hereof, and to sell and dispose of all manufactured according to the said invention, when and as the licensee shall think fit, for his absolute use and benefit. And it is hereby mutually covenanted and Covenants. agreed between and by the parties hereto as follows, namely:— 1. The licensee shall, and will, pay to the licensor, his executors, Payment of

administrators, and assigns, yearly during the said term of years, and so in proportion for any less time than a year, the sum , as a fixed or minimum royalty in the nature of rent, of £ by equal quarterly payments, on the day of , the day of day of , and the in each year, the first of such payments to be made day of day of next; and shall, and will, also pay on the to the licensor, his executors, administrators, or assigns, in respect

of every

manufactured by the licensee according to the

royalties.

said invention, in every half-year of the said term, commencing on the day of and the day of, the royalty or sum of  $\pounds$ , to become due and to be paid at the end of two calendar months after the expiration of the half-year during which the same shall have been manufactured or made as aforesaid.

Accounts.

2. The licensee shall, and will, at all times during the continuance of this licence, keep, at his usual place of business, all proper books of account, and make true and complete entries therein, at the earliest opportunities, of all particulars necessary or convenient for the purposes hereof, of all manufactured or made by him according to the said invention, and produce the said books to the licensor, his executors, administrators, or assigns, or his or their agent, at all reasonable times, for inspection and the taking of copies or extracts therefrom; and shall, and will, at his, the licensee's, own expense, obtain and give to the licensor, his executors, administrators, or assigns, or his or their agent, all such information as to any item or matter contained, or which ought to be contained, therein as shall be reasonably required.

Statements of accounts.

3. The licensee shall, and will, at the end of each half-year in the first paragraph mentioned, deliver or send to the licensor, his executors, administrators, or assigns, a statement in writing of the number of manufactured or made by the licensee in such half-year, and the amount of royalties payable in respect thereof, as in the first paragraph mentioned; and will, if and when required by the licensor, his executors, administrators, or assigns, but at the expense of the licensee, verify, or procure some suitable person in his employ to verify, the said statement, or any part or parts thereof, by statutory declaration.

Inspection of premises.

4. The licensor, his executors, administrators, or assigns, shall be at liberty, at any time during the continuance of this licence, to enter upon any factory or place of business of the licensee in which the manufacture of shall be carried on, at any reasonable hour of the daytime, to inspect the same, and the works thereof, and all manufactured, or in course of manufacture, in such factory or place.

Assistance from licensor.

5. The licensor shall, and will, whenever so required, give to the licensee such assistance and information respecting the said invention and the mode of working the same, and all processes connected therewith, as may be necessary for enabling him to use and exercise the said invention to the greatest advantage.

Infringcments. 6. In the event of the said letters patent being infringed during the continuance of this licence, the licensor, his executors, administrators, or assigns, shall, and will, after notice of such infringe-

ment, at his or their own costs, take all necessary proceedings for effectually protecting and defending the same; and in default of his or their so doing, the licensee shall be at liberty, by notice in writing given to or left at the usual or last known place of business or residence of the licensor, his executors, administrators, or assigns, to determine this licence.

- 7. The licensee shall not at any time during the continuance of Validity of this licence dispute the validity of the said letters patent.

  Patent.
- 8. The licensee shall not, without the written consent of the Alienation. licensor, his executors, administrators, or assigns, first had and obtained, assign, mortgage, charge, or grant sub-licences in respect of, or otherwise deal or part with the possession or control of, this licence, or attempt so to do.
- 9. This licence may be determined at any time after the first six Termination. calendar months by either party, on giving to the other party, or leaving at his usual or last known place of business or residence, three calendar months' previous notice in writing of his intention so to do; and, at the expiration of such notice, these presents, and all covenants, agreements, and provisions therein contained, shall cease and be void, but without prejudice to the remedies of either party for the recovery of any moneys then due to him hereunder.

In Witness, &c.

### MORTGAGE OF LETTERS PATENT.

THIS INDENTURE, made the Parties. day of , 19, Between A. B. (hereinafter called the mortgagor, which expression shall include his executors, administrators, and assigns where the context so admits), of the one part, and C. D. (hereinafter called the mortgagee, which expression shall include his executors, administrators, and assigns where the context so admits), Recitals. of the other part. Whereas the mortgagor was the true and first inventor of certain improvements in, &c. [title of invention]. AND True and first WHEREAS, by letters patent dated the day of inventor. and numbered, the sole and exclusive licence and authority of making, using, exercising, and vending in the United Grant of patent. Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the Isle of Man the said invention of improvements, &c. [title of invention] were granted to the mortgagor for the term of fourteen years from the date thereof, subject to the payment of the fces and the conditions for making void the same as therein mentioned. And WHEREAS the mortgagor has applied to the mortgagee for a loan Request for loan. , and the mortgagee has agreed to lend to the mortgagor the said sum of £ upon having the repayment thereof, together with interest thereon at the rate hereinafter mentioned, secured in manner hereinafter appearing. NOW THIS INDENTURE WITNESSETH, that in pursuance of the said Covenant of repayment. agreement, and in consideration of the sum of £ by the mortgagee to the mortgagor (the receipt whereof the mortgagor doth hereby acknowledge), the mortgagor doth hereby covenant with the mortgagee that he, the mortgagor, will on the next [first day for payment of interest] day of pay to the mortgagee the sum of  $\pounds$ , [the sum advanced], together with interest for the same in the meantime at the rate of per centum per annum from the date hereof. And will, in case and so long as the said sum of £ or any part thereof shall remain unpaid, pay to the mortgagee interest for the same at the rate aforesaid by equal half-yearly [or quarterly] payments day of , &c. [half-yearly or quarterly days], on the in every year. AND THIS INDENTURE ALSO WITNESS-Assignment. ETH, that, in further pursuance of the said agreement and in consideration of the premises, the mortgagor as beneficial owner doth hereby assign and transfer unto the mortgagee All That

the said invention of improvements in, &c. [title], and the said letters patent for the same, and the full and exclusive benefit thereof (and of any and every improvement, extension, or renewal thereof), and the right to apply for and obtain an extension or renewal thereof, and all rights, powers, and benefits to the said invention and letters patent, belonging, To Hold the said inven- Habendum. tion, letters patent, and premises unto the mortgagee, subject to the proviso for redemption hereinafter contained. Provided ALWAYS, and it is hereby agreed and declared, that if the mortgagor shall pay to the mortgagee the sum of £ [sum advanced], together with interest for the same at the aforesaid rate per centum per annum, on the of day of next [date of first payment of interest], the mortgagee shall at any time thereafter, upon the request and at the cost of the mortgagor, reassign the said premises hereinbefore assigned, to the mortgagor, or as he shall direct. And the mortgagor doth hereby Covenants. covenant with the mortgagee that he, the mortgagor, will, so long as any money shall remain on the security of these presents, pay the fees required by law for keeping the said letters patent on foot one calendar month at least before the latest time allowed by law for payment of the same respectively, and will do all other Payment acts and things as may be necessary to maintaining the said letters of fees. patent, and will send or deliver to the mortgagee the receipt for every such payment immediately after the same shall have been made. And further, that he, the mortgagor, will from time Infringeto time, so long as any money shall remain on the security of these ments. presents, use his best endeavours to discover any infringement now or hereafter to be made of the said letters patent, or any extension thereof, and communicate to the mortgagee every suspected or ascertained infringement aforesaid, and if, and when, required in writing by the mortgagee so to do, will either himself commence or take and prosecute or defend all legal or other proceedings necessary or suitable for the protection of the said letters patent, or the recovery of demages for, or restraining, the infringement thereof, or permit the mortgagee to take such proceedings, and, in the event of the mortgagor taking such proceedings will do everything in his power for the purpose of making such proceedings successful, and will, whatever the event of any such proceedings, pay on demand the costs of the mortgagee (if any) relating thereto, as between solicitor and client. AND Power to FURTHER, that in case the mortgagor shall neglect or refuse to mortgagee to make the mortgage the mortgage to make the payments aforesaid, or any of them, it shall be lawful for the mortgagee to pay the same. And that all moneys and expenses (if any) paid by the mortgagee for or in respect of any

Power to mortgagor to use invention.

Licences.

renewal fees or other charges, or any proceedings or other matters aforesaid, together with interest for the same at the rate of per centum per annum from the time, or respective times, of the same having been made or expended, shall be repaid by the mortgagor to the mortgagee on demand, and shall in the meantime, and until repayment thereof, be charged on the premises hereby assigned. Provided always, and it is hereby agreed and declared, that at any time, or times, before the mortgagee shall have become entitled to exercise the power of sale vested in him by virtue of these presents and the statute in that behalf, it shall be lawful for the mortgagor himself to use and exercise the said invention without interruption from the mortgagee, and, in the name and as the attorney of the mortgagee, to grant licences for the use of the said invention and letters patent for such periods, and upon such conditions, as he shall think fit, but so that the mortgagor shall not be authorised to enter into any covenants in the name of the mortgagee, or to subject him to any personal liability, and so that no exclusive licence shall be granted without the consent in writing of the mortgagee, and so that on every such licence there be reserved the best rent or royalty that can conveniently be obtained without taking anything in the nature of a fine or a premium. And it shall be lawful for the mortgagee, at any time, or times, after he shall have become entitled to exercise the power of sale aforesaid, to grant licences for the use of the said invention and letters patent for such periods, and upon such conditions, and in such manner as he may think fit, and in consideration of a sum, or sums, in gross, or any rents or royalties, or otherwise.

In Witness, &c.

### ACTION OF INFRINGEMENT.

## INDORSEMENT ON WRIT (a).

The plaintiff's claim is for damages for the infringement of the plaintiff's patent.

And for an injunction to restrain the defendant from infringing the plaintiff's patent.

### ANOTHER FORM.

- 1. For an injunction to restrain the defendant his servants and agents from infringing the plaintiff's letters patent dated the day of 19 and numbered
- 2. For damages for such infringement or at the option of the plaintiff an account of all profits derived by the defendant from such infringement.
- 3. For the delivery up to the plaintiff or the destruction of all articles in the possession of the defendant made in such infringement.
  - 4. For costs.

## STATEMENT OF CLAIM (b).

The defendant has infringed the plaintiff's patent No. 14,084 Infringement. granted for the term of fourteen years from the 21st May, 1880, for certain improvements in the manufacture of iron and steel whereof the plaintiff was the first inventor.

The plaintiff claims an injunction to restrain the defendant Injunction from further infringement and £100 damages.

Particulars of breaches are delivered herewith.

Place of trial Durham.

## (Signed)

Delivered

<sup>(</sup>a) See R. S. C. 1883, Appendix A., part iii. sect. iv.

<sup>(</sup>b) R. S. C. 1883, Appendix C., Form 6.

### ANOTHER FORM.

19 —K—No.

In the High Court of Justice
King's Bench Division
[or Chancery Division
Mr. Justice ——]
Writ issued

Between A. B.,

Plaintiff

and

C. D.,

Defendant.

### STATEMENT OF CLAIM.

Infringement. The defendant has infringed and threatens and intends to infringe the plaintiff's patent No. of A.D. granted for the term of fourteen years from the day of 19 for certain improvements in whereof E. F. therein named was the true and first inventor.

Injunction.

1. The plaintiff claims an injunction to restrain the defendant from further infringement.

Damages or account.

2. An inquiry as to the damages sustained by the plaintiff by reason of the infringement or at plaintiff's option an account of profits made by the defendant.

Payment of amount found due.

3. That the defendant may be ordered to pay to the plaintiff the amount so found to be due.

Delivery up.

4. That the defendant may be ordered forthwith to deliver up to the plaintiff to be destroyed all machines or apparatus in the possession custody or power of the defendant and made in infringement of the plaintiff's patent.

Costs.

5. Costs.

(Signed)

Particulars of breaches are delivered herewith.

Delivered this day of 19 by of solicitor for the plaintiff.

### ANOTHER FORM.

19 -A-No.

In the High Court of Justice Chancery Division [or King's Bench Division] Mr. Justice —— Writ issued

Between A. B.,

**Plaintiff** 

and

Defendant.

## STATEMENT OF CLAIM.

- 1. The plaintiff is the registered legal owner of the letters Title. day of 19 and numbered patent dated the for an invention of improvements in the manufacture granted for the term of fourteen years from the of date thereof to E. F.
- 2. The said letters patent were duly assigned to the plaintiff by an indenture dated the day of and made between the said E. F. and the plaintiff. Notice of such assignment was entered on the Register of Patents on the 19 since which date the plaintiff has day of remained the sole registered owner of such letters patent.
- 3. The said letters patent are good and valid and are and have Validity. been ever since the grant thereof of full force and effect.
- 4. Since the day of 19 and prior to the Infringeissue of the writ herein the defendant has infringed [or threatened ment. to infringe? the said letters patent and has made sold supplied let [or threatened to make sell supply let on hire and used on hire and use ] manufactured according to the invention in respect of which the said letters patent were granted and he threatens and intends to continue to do so unless restrained by the order of this honourable Court.
- 5. The complete specification of the said letters patent was Amendment duly amended by order of the Comptroller-General [or the Court] of specificaday of 19. The said complete specificadated the tion was originally framed in good faith and with reasonable skill and knowledge.

Certificate of validity.

6. In an action brought by the plaintiff against G. H. for infringement of the said letters patent the index and reference numbers of which are 19 H. No. Mr. Justice ——certified that the validity of the said letters patent came in question.

The plaintiff claims—

Injunction.

1. An injunction to restrain the defendant his servants agents and workmen during the continuance of the said letters patent from manufacturing selling supplying letting on hire or using any manufactured according to or in the manner described in the complete specification filed previous to the grant of the said letters patent as therein recited or according to or in any manner only colourably differing from the same and generally from infringing the rights of the plaintiff in respect of such letters patent.

Account or damages.

2. An account of all gains and profits made by the defendant by the manufacture sale supply letting on hire or use of such manufactured sold supplied let on hire or used by the defendant or by any person or persons by the order or for the use of the defendant and that the defendant may be ordered to pay the amount of such gains and profits to the plaintiff or at the plaintiff's option damages for the infringement of the said letters patent.

Delivery up.

3. Delivery up to the plaintiff of all such aforesaid as are in the possession or power of the defendant.

Costs as between solicitor and client. 4. Full costs charges and expenses as between solicitor and client.

client.
Further or other relief.

5. Such further or other relief as the nature of the case may require.

(Signed)

Particulars of breaches [or threatened breaches] are delivered herewith.

Delivered the day of 19 by of solicitor for the plaintiff.

## PARTICULARS OF BREACHES (c).

--A---No. 19

In the High Court of Justice King's Bench Division [or Chancery Division Mr. Justice ——]

Between A. B.,

Plaintiff

and

C. D.,

Defendant.

#### PARTICULARS OF BREACHES.

Delivered with the Statement of Claim in this Action. The following are the particulars of breaches of which the plaintiffs complain in this action:—

1. The defendants have subsequently to the granting of the Infringeletters patent in the statement of claim referred to and subse- divers times quently to the amendment of the complete specification of the subsequent to and prior to the the date of plaintiff's said letters patent on the of constructed in accord- patent. issue of the writ in this action used ance with the invention disclosed in the said specification of the said letters patent.

- so used by the defendants are constructed 2. The and operate substantially in accordance with the invention described in the specification of the plaintiffs' said letters patent and and claiming clauses thereof. claimed in the
- 3. The plaintiffs in particular complain of the use by the defen- Specific inbearing the name of and believed by the fringements. dants of plaintiffs to be constructed by are used by the defendants Such for the purpose

The defendant sold a

on the day of of to one The exact number and dates of the defendant's infringements Number and save as hereinbefore mentioned are not at present known to the date of other plaintiff, but the plaintiff will claim to recover full compensation from the defendant in respect of all such infringements.

infringements not known to the plaintiff.

(Signed)

day of Delivered this by solicitor for the plaintiff. of

(c) As to the objects and requisites of particulars of breaches, see Vol. I. p. 401.

### APPENDIX.

## DEFENCE (d).

- 1. The defendant did not infringe the patent.
- 2. The invention was not new.
- 3. The plaintiff was not the first or true inventor.
- 4. The invention was not useful.
- 5. [Denial of any other matter of fact affecting the validity of the patent.]
  - 6. The patent was not assigned to the plaintiff.

(Signed)

Delivered

### ANOTHER FORM.

19 —A—No.

In the High Court of Justice King's Bench Division
[or Chancery Division
Mr. Justice ——]

Between A. B.,

Plaintiff

and

C. D.,

Defendant.

### DEFENCE.

- 1. The defendant has not infringed the said letters patent.
- 2. The said letters patent are and always have been null and void for the reasons stated in the particulars of objections delivered herewith.

(Signed)

Delivered this

day of

19

by

of

solicitor for the plaintiff.

#### ANOTHER FORM.

19 —A—No.

In the High Court of Justice King's Bench Division [or Chancery Division Mr. Justice ——]

Between A. B.,

Plaintiff

and

C. D.,

Defendant.

(d) R. S. C. 1883, Appendix D., sect. vi.

#### DEFENCE.

1. The defendant denies the allegations made in paragraphs Denial of of the statement of claim. and

certain allegations.

2. The defendants have not infringed or threatened to infringe Non-infringethe said letters patent.

meut.

3. The said letters patent are and always have been void and Invalidity. of no effect for the reasons stated in the particulars of objections delivered herewith.

4. Under and by virtue of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907, Patent liable the said letters patent were liable to be revoked by the Comptroller on the ground that at and prior to the time of the issue of the writ in this action and at a time not less than four years after the date of the said letters patent and not less than one year after the passing of the said Act the patented articles and process to which the said letters patent relate were manufactured and carried on exclusively or mainly outside the United Kingdom. The said patented articles and process were during the period aforesaid manufactured and carried on if at all [add particulars: see Vol. I., pp. 414, 479].

to revocation by the Comptroller.

The defendant relies on these matters as a defence to this action under section 28 sub-section 2 of the said Act.

5. At the date of the issue of the writ in this action the said Or as an letters patent were liable to be revoked as an alternative to the grant of a compulsory licence on the ground that the reasonable compulsory requirements of the public with respect to the patented invention licence. had not been satisfied inasmuch as [add particulars sufficient to define the issues. As to the nature of the facts which should be alleged, see p. 185, ante].

ulternative to the grant of a

The defendant relies on these matters as a defence to this action under section 25 sub-section 2 of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907.

6. At the date of the issue of the writ in this action a certain Existence of a day of between the plaintiff of contract concontract made the the one part and of of the other part was in force; conditions. The said contract contains the following conditions namely [set out the conditions. As to the nature of conditions which can be relied on under this plea, see pp. 196-198, ante].

The defendant relies on these matters as a defence to this action under section 38 sub-section 4 of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907.

7. The said letters patent were granted after the commence- Ignorance of ment of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907, and at the date of the of the patent, alleged infringement complained of in this action the defendant

the existence

was not aware nor had he reasonable means of making himself aware of the existence of the said letters patent.

The defendant relies on these matters as a defence to the plaintiff's claim for damages under section 33 of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907.

or defendant protected by 7 Edw. 7, c. 29, s. 29. 8. If the issue of the validity of the said letters patent and the infringement thereof are found in the plaintiff's favour inagguch as the defendant is [Director-General of Ordnance, or some other person protected by sect. 29 of the Act of 1907, as to which, see p. 194, ante] and has not used the said alleged invention otherwise than for the services of the Crown the plaintiff is not entitled to damages [or an account] or an injunction but only to have the terms of the user of his said alleged invention agreed on with the approval of the Treasury or in default of agreement settled by the Treasury under the provisions of section 29 of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907.

#### COUNTERCLAIM.

- 9. The defendant is entitled to present a petition to the Court for revocation of the said letters patent by reason that he is duly authorised so to do by the fiat of His Majesty's Attorney-General dated the day of 19 [or by reason that add facts which bring the defendant within sect. 25, sub-sect. 3 (b) of the Act of 1907].
- 10. The defendant repeats paragraphs 3, 4 and 5 of the Defence.
- 11. The defendant counterclaims for revocation of the said letters patent.

(Signed)

Delivered the

day of

19 by

of

solicitor for the defendant.

## PARTICULARS OF OBJECTIONS (e).

19 —A—No.

In the High Court of Justice King's Bench Division [or Chancery Division Mr. Justice ——]

Between A. B.,

Plaintiff

and

C. D.,

Defendant.

(c) As to the objects and requisites of particulars of objections, see Vol. I. p. 422.

## PARTICULARS OF OBJECTIONS.

Delivered by the Defendant with his Statement of Defence.

The following are the particulars of the objections on which the desendant relies in support of his defence:--

1. The said [the grantee of the patent] referred to in the state- True and first ment of claim was not the true and first inventor of the said invention.

2. The plaintiff is not in law the proprietor of the exclusive Prior grant. right to make and sell [the articles complained of] by reason that the exclusive right to make and sell such [articles complained of] was granted prior to the date of the said letters patent No. of 19 [the plaintiff's patent] to A. R. by letters patent No.

- of 19. The grant of the said letters patent No.
- to A. R. is available by way of defence to this action under sect. 25 of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907.
- 3. The alleged invention is not the proper subject-matter for Subjectmatter. a patent, or

The alleged invention was not subject-matter for valid letters patent by reason of the common and/or public knowledge at the date of the said letters patent. The defendant proposes to refer to all the prior publications set out in paragraph disclosing part of the public knowledge and to allege that it was common general knowledge that [add particulars].

The defendant will contend that the plaintiff's alleged invention is a mere particular application involving no invention of such public or common general knowledge.

4. The alleged invention was published within this realm prior Publication to the date of the said letters patent by the filing at the Patent Office of the following specifications:—

of prior specifications.

Name.	No. and date.	Part relied on.	Claims of plaintiffs' patent published.
John Jones William Brown	1262 of 1902 5842 of 1876	The whole p. 2, ll. 20-25	No. 3

## [Add other specifications.]

5. The alleged invention was published within this realm prior to the date of the said letters patent by the deposit in the library

Publication by prior books.

of the British Museum and public sales of the following printed books:—

(Title) edition page line to line .
 (Title) edition page line to page line

[Add other books.]

Publication by prior reports and drawings. 6. The alleged invention was published within this realm prior to the date of the said letters patent in a report and drawings by C. W. S. Such report is dated the day of 19 and was published in London by being forwarded by the said C. W. S. (from his office in Westminster) on or about that date to H. W. B. of

The said report was further published in London by copies thereof having been forwarded about the date aforesaid to (amongst others) the following persons:—

- (a) W. H. T. of
- (b) J. L. of

[Add others.]

Publication by prior machines.

- 7. The alleged invention was published within this realm prior to the date of the said letters patent by the manufacture and sale [or erection or use or public exhibition] of machines similar to the machine described and claimed in the plaintiff's complete specification at the places and in the years hereinafter mentioned that is to say—
  - (a) By J. W. of at in 19.
  - (b) By Messrs. H. H. & Co. of at in 19

The said machines are still in existence and may be inspected by the plaintiff at [or, state other facts necessary to satisfy R. S. C., Ord. LIIIA. r. 18].

Other instances of publication.

- 8. [Other instances of prior publication, e.g., oral communications.]
- Disconformity.
- 9. The provisional specification of the alleged-invention does not describe the nature thereof and the invention claimed in the said complete specification [if the specification has been amended add as amended] is an invention differing from and larger than that described in the said provisional specification and differs therefrom in the following particulars that is to say [point out differences] and the said further and different invention was not novel at the date when the said complete specification was put in but had been published [state particulars of publication] and the said [grantee of the patent] was not the first and true inventor thereof.

10. The complete specification of the alleged invention does Insufficiency not particularly describe the nature thereof and in what manner the same is to be performed, inasmuch as—

of complete specification.

- (a) It is not possible by following out the directions given to achieve a useful result.
- (b) The claiming clause of the said complete specification does not distinguish matters mentioned in the said specification which are old from matters mentioned in the said specification which are new and claim only the latter. The said matters which are old are [add particulars].
- (c) The said complete specification contains false suggestions to wit that [certain parts] are described as useful and necessary whereas the said [same parts] are not of any utility and are not necessary.
- (d) The said complete specification is ambiguous and calculated to mislead in that [add particulars].
- (e) The said complete specification is insufficient by reason that it does not contain sufficient information to enable a workman skilled in the trade to [add details].
- (f) The patentee did not state in the said complete specification the most beneficial method with which he was at the date of the said specification acquainted of carrying out the said invention to wit he did not state [add particulars].

Delivered this day of by solicitor for the defendant. of

## ORDER FOR FURTHER AND BETTER PARTICULARS OF OBJECTIONS.

Harris v. Rothwell (Feb. 13, 1886).

Upon, &c., this Court doth order that the defendant do on or day of 19, deliver to the plaintiff before the further and better particulars in writing of his objections as to the validity of the letters patent on which he means to rely at the trial, viz.:—

1. By stating what portions of the plaintiff's invention are Portions of alleged to have been published prior to the date of the letters invention patent in each of the several publications in the particulars of have been objections mentioned by reference to the claiming clauses of the published. specification of the said patent.

alleged to

Parts of prior publications relied on.

- 2. Also by stating more specifically the parts of the alleged publications relied on by the defendant in paragraph eleven of the said particulars of objections.
- 3. Also by stating more particularly the time and place of the alleged prior users.

Claim anticipated.

4. Also by stating, by reference to the claiming clauses of the specification of the plaintiff's patent, which portions of the said patent are alleged to be anticipated by each of such prior users.

Interrogatories. And it is ordered that the plaintiff be at liberty to administer interrogatories for the examination of the defendant.

Costs.

And it is ordered that the costs of this application be costs in the action.

## ORDER FOR AMENDMENT OF PARTICULARS OF OBJECTIONS BY ADDING FURTHER OBJECTIONS (f).

Upon motion, &c., on behalf of the defendants. Let the plaintiff, within six weeks from the date of this order, elect whether he will discontinue this suit, and if the plaintiff shall elect to discontinue this suit, and shall give notice thereof to the defendants within six weeks from the date of this order, refer it to Taxing Master to tax the defendants their costs up to and including the 23rd of February, 1875 [delivery of the original particulars of objection], and to tax the plaintiff's costs of this suit subsequently to the said 23rd of February, 1875, to the date of this order, and the Taxing Master is to set off the costs of the plaintiff and of the defendants to be so respectively taxed, and certify to which of them the balance after such set-off is due. And let such balance be paid by the party from whom to the party to whom the same shall be certified to be due. And if the plaintiff shall not give notice to the defendants of his discontinuance of this suit within the time aforesaid, let the defendants be at liberty to add to the particulars of objections to the validity of the plaintiff's letters patent, &c. which have been already delivered by the defendants, the following further objections to be relied on by the defendants at the hearing of this cause, viz.: [particulars of new objections proposed to be introduced by amendment]. And let defendants, Moule's, &c. Company, pay to the plaintiff, A. F. Baird, his costs of this application, to be taxed, &c. Liberty to apply.

<sup>(</sup>f) This Order was settled by Jessel, M.R., in Baird v. Moule's Patent Earth Closet Co., Ltd., L. R. 17 Ch. D. 139 n.

NOTICE OF MOTION FOR AMENDMENT OF A COM-PLETE SPECIFICATION PENDING ACTION FOR INFRINGEMENT.

Take notice that this Honourable Court will be moved before his lordship, Mr. Justice——, on the day of , 19 , or so soon thereafter as counsel can be heard by counsel on behalf of the above-named the owner of the letters patent mentioned in the writ in this action, that the complete specification filed in pursuance of the letters patent No. of be amended by way of disclaimer as indicated in red ink on the king's printer's copy of the said specification delivered herewith, and that in the meantime the hearing of this action may be postponed. And that the said specification, when so amended as aforesaid, may be used in evidence on the hearing of the said action upon such terms as may seem fit to his lordship.

To [the defendant], and of , his solicitor.

ORDER ALLOWING APPLICATION FOR AMENDMENT OF A COMPLETE SPECIFICATION PENDING ACTION FOR INFRINGEMENT TO PROCEED.

This motion coming before this Court on the day of 19 and upon hearing counsel for the plaintiff and counsel for the defendant and upon reading a king's printer's copy of the complete specification filed in pursuance of letters patent No. of with proposed amendments indicated thereon in red ink this Court doth order that the application of the plaintiff be allowed to proceed and that this motion shall stand for hearing in the [witness or non-witness] list on the day of 19.

And the costs of this motion up to and including this order shall be [as directed by the Court] (g).

<sup>(</sup>y) The requirements of R. S. C., Ord. LIIIa. r. 23 (c), (d) and (e) (see p. 441, ante), must be complied with.

ADVERTISEMENT IN THE ILLUSTRATED OFFICIAL JOURNAL (PATENTS) OF APPLICATION FOR LEAVE TO AMEND SPECIFICATION PENDING ACTION FOR INFRINGEMENT.

19 [add letter and number of action].

In the High Court of Justice

Chancery Division

Mr. Justice ——.

In the Matter of Letters Patent granted to and numbered of 19,

and

In the Matter of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907.

Whereas A. B. (the patentee) has applied to the Court, under section 22 of the above-mentioned Act, for leave to amend the specification of letters patent No. of 19, in the manner hereinafter set forth.

And whereas the Honourable Mr. Justice —— has directed that the application shall be allowed to proceed.

Notice is hereby given, in pursuance of rule 23 (c) of the Rules of the Supreme Court (Patents and Designs), 1908, that the said A. B. seeks leave to amend the said specification for "Improvements in, &c." as follows [printed copy of the specification referred to]:—

[Set out the proposed amendments thus:—

## On page '.

Line . By inserting after the word "——" the following: [add the proposed new matter].]

And notice is hereby further given that any person desirous of opposing the foregoing amendment must, within fourteen days from the date of this Journal, give notice in writing of such desire to the applicant's solicitors, Messrs.

of .

(Signed)

Comptroller-General.

## FINAL ORDER FOR AMENDMENT OF COMPLETE SPECI-FICATION DURING ACTION OF INFRINGEMENT.

This motion coming on for final hearing in the [witness or ... day of , 19 , and upon non-witness list this hearing counsel for the plaintiff, counsel for the defendant, counsel for A. B. [an opponent to the application], and counsel on behalf of the Comptroller-General of Patents, and upon reading the specification and proposed amendments and the pleadings and particulars in this action, and upon hearing the evidence of the several persons named in the schedule hereto on their examinations taken orally [or and upon reading the affidavits of B., C., and D. filed respectively the day of , the day , and the day of ]: it is ordered that the of complete specification of letters patent, No. of the year 19, be amended by [set out amendments]. And it is ordered that the plaintiff may within days amend his statement of claim so as to limit this action to the amended specification of the said letters patent. And in default thereof, it is ordered that this action do stand dismissed of this Court, with costs, to be taxed by the taxing master, and be paid by the plaintiff to the defendant. And it is ordered that the costs of the defendant of this application, and of and occasioned by such last-mentioned amendment, be his costs in any event, and be borne by the plaintiff. And it is ordered that the plaintiff do pay to the Comptroller-General of Patents his costs of this application. And it is ordered that, in the event of this action proceeding, all other costs be reserved (h).

## NOTICE OF MOTION FOR INTERLOCUTORY INJUNCTION.

Take notice that this Honourable Court will be moved before his lordship, Mr. Justice—, on the day of , 19, or so soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, by counsel on behalf of the above-named plaintiff, that the defendant, his servants and agents, may be restrained until the trial of this action, or until further order, during the continuance of the letters patent bearing date the day of , 19, and numbered, from making, selling, supplying, using, or putting in practice

<sup>(</sup>h) For an order under different circumstances, see Seton.

F.—VOL. II.

described in the specification [or specifications], of the invention for which the said letters patent were granted, or according to or in any manner only colourably differing from the same, and from in any manner infringing the said letters patent, and that such further order may be made as to this Honourable Court shall seem meet.

## ORDER FOR INSPECTION.

The Haslam Foundry and Engineering Company, Limited v. Goodfellow and others (Kay, J., April 5, 1887).

Upon motion this day made unto this Court by counsel for the plaintiffs, and upon reading the writ issued in this action and , &c. &c., and the plaintiffs by their counsel undertaking during the inspection hereinafter directed, or until further order, not to threaten the defendants, Messieurs Goodfellow and Mathews, or their customers, or any other person or persons, by circulars, advertisements, or otherwise, with any legal proceedings or liability in respect of the manufacture, use, sale, or purchase of refrigerating engines or machines by the said defendants, or the use, sale, or purchase of engines or machines, sold by, or offered for sale by any purchaser from, the said defendants: this Court doth order that the plaintiffs be at liberty, on giving four days' notice, by [scientific experts and solicitor] to inspect refrigerating machines manufactured and in course of manufacture by the defendants, Messieurs Goodfellow and Mathews, for the other defendants, or one of them, which are referred to in the said affidavit of R. M. in the said action of Goodfellow v. The Haslam Foundry and Engineering Company, Limited, 1887 -G-573. And it is ordered that the costs of this application be costs in the action (i).

(i) For an order under different circumstances, see Seton.

ORDER OF REFERENCE TO INDEPENDENT EXPERT FOR REPORT TO THE COURT DURING ACTION OF INFRINGEMENT.

Badische Anilin und Soda Fabrik v. Levinstein (k).

The Court, being desirous of obtaining the opinion of Professor R. upon the questions set forth or referred to in the schedule hereto, doth order that such questions be referred to the said Professor for inquiry and report, and that a specification of the patent, dated February 25, 1878, No. 786, be supplied to the Professor.

SCHEDULE.

ORDER FOR EXPERIMENTS BEFORE SCIENTIFIC EXPERT AND HIS REPORT TO THE COURT DURING ACTION OF INFRINGEMENT.

Edison and Swan United Electric Light Company, Limited v. Holland and others (Kay, J., Jan. 1, 1888).

This Court, being desirous that experiments should be conducted as hereinafter mentioned, doth hereby order that experiments confined to the repetition of experiments of which evidence has already been given before this Court on behalf of the plaintiff and defendants respectively upon the patent of , dated day of , and numbered , be conducted the before one of the following persons in the following rotation [names of scientific experts]. And the plaintiffs and defendants respectively are to repeat in the presence of the person before whom such experiments are conducted, and of two experts on each side, any of their said experiments of which evidence has been given as aforesaid which they may think fit, with the aid of assistants. Each side to choose the place at which its experiments shall be made. And it is ordered that such one of before whom such experiments shall be them the said conducted do report to the Court the nature and result of each experiment made before him.

<sup>(</sup>k) (1885), 2 R. P. C. 77. H H 2

## JUDGMENT FOR PLAINTIFF AFTER TRIAL OF ACTION.

day of , 19. Order of Mr. Justice , dated 19 —B—No.

In the High Court of Justice, Chancery Division,

Mr. Justice ——

Wednesday, the

day of

Between the B. A. Company,

**Plaintiffs** 

and

I. L., J. L., and C., and J. L. L. and S.,

Defendants.

Admissions.

Action to stand for judgment.

This action coming on the day of and the day of , 19 , for trial before this Court, in the presence of counsel for the plaintiffs and defendants, and upon hearing Pleadings, &c. the pleadings in the action, the letters patent of the 19, granted to J. H., therein mentioned, and the of day of 19, also therein menindenture of the tioned, and so much of the answer of the said defendant I. L. to the plaintiff's interrogatories as is contained in paragraphs 6, 8, &c., and the further answer of the said defendant I. L. read, and upon hearing the evidence of the several persons named in the schedule hereto on their examination taken orally before this Court upon the several days set opposite their names in the said schedule, and upon producing the several exhibits to such persons on their said examinations referred to in the third column of the said schedule; and the defendants by their counsel admitting that the dye analysed by Dr. William O., Professor I. D., Dr. J. B. G., and Professor W. E. A. was the Fast Blackley Red which was sold to A. S. B., as in the pleadings mentioned, and that the same was sold by the defendants; and upon hearing what was alleged by counsel for the plaintiff and defendants; and the Judge, for his assistance, having submitted certain questions to Professor R. for his opinion, and obtained from the said Professor R. certain reports thereon, dated respectively the , 19, and the day of , 19 : This day of Court did order that this action should stand for judgment, and, this action standing for judgment, this day, in the presence of counsel for the plaintiffs and defendants, and the particulars of objections of the defendants being deemed to be amended by the addition thereto of an objection that the alleged invention

of J. H. J., in the pleadings named, was and is not proper subjectmatter for which letters patent can be validly granted: This Court Injunction. doth order that the defendants, I. L., J. L., and C., and J. L. L. and S., their servants, agents, and workmen, be restrained, during the continuance of the letters patent in the pleadings mentioned, from making, using, or putting in practice, or permitting to be made, used, or put in practice, the invention described in the specification of J. H. J., in the pleadings mentioned, or any part of the same invention, and from manufacturing, selling, or making any profitable use, or permitting the manufacture, sale, or profitable use, of any dyes or colouring matters being the same as "Fast Blackley Red" sold to A. S. B., in the pleadings mentioned, or any dyes or colouring matters made according to the said invention, or any part thereof, or by any process being a colourable imitation of the said invention, or any part thereof, and from in any manner infringing the rights and privileges granted by the said letters patent. And it is ordered that an Account to account be taken of all dyes or colouring matters being the same as the "Fast Blackley Red" sold to the said A. S. B. as aforesaid, or otherwise made in infringement of the said letters patent, which have been manufactured, or sold, or used by, or by the order of for the use or profit of, the defendants, or any of them; and also of the gains or profits made by the defendants, or any of them, by reason of such manufacture, sale, or use. And it is ordered that the defendants do, within fourteen days after the date of the Chief Clerk's Certificate, pay to the plaintiffs what shall be certified to be the amount of such profits made by the defendants respectively. And it is ordered that the defendants Delivery up. I. L., J. L., and C. and J. L. L. and S. deliver up to the plaintiffs, The B. A. and S. F., or in the presence of the plaintiffs or their agents destroy or otherwise render unfit for use, all dyes or colouring matters made or used by, or by the order or for the profit of, the defendants, or any of them, being the same as the "Fast Blackley Red" sold to the said A. S. B. as aforesaid, or otherwise made in infringement of the said letters patent, which are in the possession, custody, or power of the defendants, or any of them, or the servants or agents of them, or any of them, the particulars of such dyes or colouring matters to be verified by affidavit, but such delivery, destruction, or otherwise rendering unfit for use is not to be enforced before the , 19; and in the event of the defendants electing to appeal, not until the appeal has been disposed of, or until further order, and in that case such dyes or colouring matters are to be deposited for safe custody at the office of M. A. and G. W. F., the defendants' solicitors, at No. P. S. M.

Deposit of documents, &c.

Appeal.

Application.

Certificate of validity.

Certificate as to particulars of breaches. Payment of costs.

And it is ordered that the plaintiffs do deposit with the Master of the Supreme Court the original shorthand-writers' notes of argument, and also all printed or written the and copies thereof in the possession or power of the plaintiffs, their solicitor, agent, and witnesses (to be verified by affidavit), the same to remain in Court until either there shall be an appeal, or until, by lapse of time or otherwise, it shall be determined that there shall be no appeal. And in the event of such appeal, the parties respectively are to be at liberty to apply for delivery out to them of so many copies of the said notes, or of the said printed or written copies, as they may require. And if, by lapse of time or otherwise, it shall be determined that there shall be no appeal, either of the parties are to be at liberty to make such application to the Court for the disposal of the said notes, and printed and written copies, as they may think fit. And this Court certifies pursuant to the 35th section of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907, that upon the trial of this action the validity of the said Indors patent came in question. And this Court certifies that in the trial of this action the plainting proved the particulars of breaches delivered by them. And it is ordered that the said defendants do pay to the said plaintiffs their costs of this action, including the costs of transcribing and printing the shorthand-writers' notes, and the costs of Professor R.'s reports; such costs to be taxed by the Taxing Master.

## JUDGMENT FOR DEFENDANT AFTER TRIAL OF ACTION.

19 —C—No.

In the High Court of Justice, Chancery Division,

Mr. Justice ——

Mr. ----, Reg.

Friday the

day of

**19** .

Fo. 88. Between A. B.,

**Plaintiffs** 

and

C. D.,

Defendants.

This action coming on for trial on the

19 before this Court in the presence days of of counsel for the plaintiffs and for the defendants and upon

hearing the pleadings in this action the particulars of breaches delivered with the statement of claim and re-amended particulars of objections delivered on the of 19 read and the evidence of the several persons named in the Schedule A. hereto on their examinations taken orally before this Court on the days mentioned in the second column and upon production to them of the exhibits specified in the third column of the said schedule and what was alleged by counsel on both sides. This Court did order that this action should stand for judgment and the same standing in the paper for judgment this day accordingly in the presence of counsel for the plaintiffs and for the defendants.

This Court doth order and adjudge that this action do stand dismissed out of this Court with costs to be taxed by the Taxing Master on the higher scale and the Taxing Master is to allow the defendants three counsel and (by consent) to include the costs of taking transcribing and printing the shorthand-writers' notes.

And it is ordered that the plaintiffs A. B. do pay to the defendants C. D. the amount of their said costs when axed.

And this Court certifies that the defendants' following objections were reasonable and proper that is to say Objections No. 1, No. 3, No. 4, Objection No. 5 except and Objection No. 6 except .

## THE SCHEDULE A.

No.	Names of witnesses.	Date of Examination, May, 19	Exhibits.	
1	G. H.	8th and 9th	G.H. 1. Plaintiffs' apparatus with weight. G.H. 2. Plaintiffs' meter. G.H. 3. Small model dynamo. G.H. 4. Alleged infringement. G.H. 5. Defendants' wooden model of bar magnets. G.H. 6. A model Barlow wheel. G.H. 7. A model of Abel magnet. G.H. 8. Another model Barlow wheel made prior to 1884.	

## NOTICE OF APPEAL TO COURT OF APPEAL.

In the Court of Appeal, Between A. B.,

**Plaintiffs** 

and

C. D.,

Defendants.

Take notice that the Court of Appeal will be moved on Monday the day of 19 at 10.30 o'clock in the forenoon or so soon thereafter as counsel can be heard by counsel for the plaintiffs and on their behalf that the judgment of Mr. Justice made in this action and dated the day of 19 may be reversed in so far as it is adjudged that the defendants did not infringe the plaintiffs' patent No. of and that judgment may be entered herein for the plaintiffs on the above issue with costs in the Court of Appeal and in the Court below.

Dated the day of 19.

Solicitors for the plaintiffs

To the defendants and to their solicitors.

JUDGMENT OF COURT OF APPEAL AFFIRMING THE JUDGMENT OF THE COURT BELOW.

In the Court of Appeal, Mr. K--, Registrar.

Friday the

day of

19

Between A. B.,

Plaintiffs

and

C. D.,

Defendants.

Upon motion by way of appeal from the judgment of Mr. Justice dated the May, 19 made unto this Court on the and days of 19 by counsel for the plaintiffs and upon motion of the plaintiffs made unto this Court at the same time to be at liberty to adduce fresh evidence. And upon hearing counsel for the defendants and upon reading the said judgment an affidavit of G. H. an affidavit of S. H. H. an affidavit of D. C. and an affidavit of J. S. all filed April 19 . And upon hearing the evidence of J. S. taken upon

day of November 19 before his oral examination on the this Court.

This Court did order that the said appeal should stand for judgment and the said appeal standing for judgment this day in the paper in the presence of counsel for the plaintiffs and for the defendants.

This Court doth order that the said judgment of Mr. Justice May, 19 be affirmed.

And it is ordered that the plaintiffs A. B. do pay unto the defendants C. D. their costs occasioned by the said appeal including their costs of the said motion for leave to adduce fresh evidence and including a moiety of the costs of taking transcribing and printing the shorthand-writers' notes of the hearing of this appeal such costs to be taxed by the Taxing Master.

## JUDGMENT OF COURT OF APPEAL VARYING JUDGMENT OF THE COURT BELOW.

ORDER OF THE COURT OF APPEAL.

Dated

19

Court of Appeal,

19 —B—No.

Saturday, the

day of , 19 .

Mr. C., Regr.

Between B. A., &c.

**Plaintiffs** 

and

I. L., &c.

Defendants.

Upon motion by way of appeal on the of November, of December, 19, made unto this Court by and the counsel for the defendants, from the judgment dated the June 19, and upon hearing counsel for the plaintiffs, and upon reading the said judgment:

This Court did order that the said appeal should stand for judgment, and the same standing on the March, 19, and this day in the paper for judgment, in the presence of counsel on both sides:

This Court doth order that the said judgment be reversed. And it is ordered that the plaintiffs' action do stand dismissed.

Judgment reversed.

And it is ordered that the plaintiffs, B. A., &c., do repay the Repayment defendants, I. L., &c., the sum of £ , being the amount of

of costs.

the costs of the said judgment, already paid by the defendants to the plaintiffs.

Taxation of costs.

And it is ordered that it be referred to the Taxing Master to tax—(1) The defendants their costs of this action, other than their costs occasioned by the issue or issues raised by the Particulars of Breaches in the said judgment mentioned, and other than the defendants' costs of the motion on the November, 19, but including in the defendants' costs the costs of transcribing and printing the shorthand-writers' notes in the Court below, and the costs of Professor R.'s report in the judgment mentioned; (2) The costs of the defendants occasioned by the said appeal, other than their costs occasioned by the issue or issues raised by the Particulars of Breaches aforesaid; and (3) The costs of the plaintiffs of the said action, as well in the Court of Appeal as in the Court below, occasioned by the issue or issues raised by the said Particulars of Breaches.

Set-off.

And it is ordered that such costs of the plaintiffs, and the sum of £, the taxed costs of the plaintiffs of the motion made on the November, 19, in this action by the defendants, be set-off against such costs by the defendants. And the Taxing Master is to certify to whom, after such set-off, the balance is due.

Payment of balance.

And it is ordered that the party from whom such balance shall be certified to be due pay the amount thereof to the other party.

#### CERTIFICATE OF VALIDITY.

I hereby certify, pursuant to the 35th section of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907 (7 Edw. 7, c. 29), that upon the trial of this action, the validity of the letters patent, in the pleadings mentioned, dated the day of , 19, and numbered, granted to A. B., amended by disclaimer allowed the day of , 19, and now vested in [the legal owner], came into question.

Dated this day of , 19

[Signature of Judge.]

# ACTION TO RESTRAIN THREATS OF LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

#### INDORSEMENT ON WRIT.

The plaintiff's claim is-

- 1. For an injunction to restrain the defendant from continuing to threaten the plaintiff, or any other person or persons, whereby the plaintiff may be aggrieved, by circulars, advertisements, or otherwise, with any legal proceedings or liability in respect of any alleged infringement of the defendant's patent, dated the day of 19, and numbered, or in respect of any article or articles, process or processes, alleged by the defendant to be an infringement of his said patent.
  - 2. For damages in respect of such threats.
  - 3. For costs.

#### STATEMENT OF CLAIM.

19 ---A---No.

In the High Court of Justice,
King's Bench Division
[or Chancery Division
Mr. Justice ——]

Plaintiff

and

C. D.,

Between A. B.,

Defendant.

## STATEMENT OF CLAIM.

- 1. On the day of 19 the defendant by [set out particulars] claiming to be the patentee of an invention for [state the title of the invention] threatened the plaintiff [or E. F., who was a customer of the plaintiff] with legal proceedings in respect of infringement of letters patent for the said invention by the sale [or purchase or use] by the plaintiff [or the said E. F.] of certain [add particulars] to [add particulars].
- 2. The plaintiff was aggrieved by reason of such threats and injured in his business, and in consequence of the said threats [add particulars of injury].

- 3. The sale [or purchase or use] of the said [add particulars] to which the said threats related was not in fact an infringement of any legal rights of the defendant.
- 4. The defendant issued the said threats falsely and maliciously and with the object of injuring the plaintiff and not bonâ fide in support of any patent or other right which he possesses.
- 5. Unless the defendant is restrained from publishing the said or similar threats the plaintiff will be greatly injured in his business.

## The plaintiff claims—

- 1. An injunction to restrain the defendant from alleging by letters, circulars, advertisements or in any other manner that [the articles in question] constructed or sold [or purchased or used] by the plaintiff are constructed in infringement of the defendant's patent and to restrain the defendant from threatening the plaintiff or any of his customers with proceedings for infringement of any patents the property of the defendant in connection with the construction or sale [or purchase or use] by the plaintiff of any of the said [the articles in question].
- 2. An injunction to restrain the defendant from writing or forwarding to any customers of the plaintiff or to any other person any letters, documents or statements alleging that they are entitled to restrain the plaintiff from selling [or constructing or purchasing or using the articles in question] or that it is their intention to take any proceedings to restrain the plaintiff from selling his [or constructing or purchasing or using the articles in question].
  - 3. Damages.
- 4. A declaration that the [the articles in question] constructed and sold [or used] by the plaintiff are not infringements of any patent or other rights vested in the defendant.

#### DEFENCE.

19 ---A--No.

In the High Court of Justice King's Bench Division [or Chancery Division Mr. Justice ——]
Between A. B.,

Plaintiff

and

C. D.,

Defendant.

## DEFENCE.

- or No. of or either of them referred to in paragraph of the statement of claim he threatened the plaintiff with any legal proceedings in respect of the sale by the plaintiff of [the articles in question] to [the plaintiff's customer] or in respect of any alleged sale of [the articles in question] or other inventions. The defendant does not and never did allege any such sale as aforesaid and he denies that the plaintiff in fact ever sold a [the article in question].
- 2. The defendant denies that the plaintiff was a person aggrieved within the meaning of sect. 36 of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907, and that he has suffered any damage by reason of the alleged threats.
- 3. The invention referred to in paragraph of the statement of claim was the subject of letters patent granted to No.
- of 19 which expired in 19. The defendant did not during the currency of the said letters patent claim and has not since the expiration of the said letters patent claimed to be patentee thereunder of the said invention. The fact that the said letters patent had expired in 19 was well known to the persons to whom the letters complained of by the plaintiff were addressed.
- 4. The said letters were not written falsely or maliciously or with the object of injuring the plaintiff but were written bona fide under the circumstances hereinafter mentioned.

## [State the circumstances.]

5. With regard to the invention referred to in paragraph of the statement of claim the said invention is the subject-matter of letters patent No. of 19 of which the defendant is the registered legal owner and the said letters are and always have been

## APPENDIX:

good and valid. Such threats having reference to the said letters patent as were in fact made by the defendant were made bonâ fide and with the intention of protecting his rights under the said letters patent.

- 6. The said has in fact infringed the defendant's said letters patent No. of in manner following that is to say [add particulars].
- 7. On the day of the defendant commenced an action [add the title of the infringement action] for the infringement of the said letters patent No. of . Such action is still pending and the defendant will rely on the same as an answer to this action.

## REPLY.

19 —A—No.

In the High Court of Justice King's Bench Division [or Chancery Division Mr. Justice ——]

Between A. B.,

Plaintiff

and

C. D.,

Defendant.

## REPLY.

- 1. As to paragraphs and of the defence the plaintiff joins issue thereon.
- 2. As to paragraph of the defence the plaintiff says and will contend that—
  - (a) he has not infringed the defendant's letters patent No. of as alleged or at all;
  - (b) the said letters patent were at the date of the alleged threats complained of by the plaintiff and are at the present date invalid for the reasons set forth in the particulars of objection delivered herewith.
- 3. At the date of the said threats the letters patent in paragraph of the statement of claim referred to were invalid to the knowledge of the defendant, and since the date of the said threats the defendant has amended his specification filed in respect of such letters patent and the plaintiff will contend that by reason of the

said amendment the defendant is estopped from alleging that at the date of the said threats the said letters patent were valid and subsisting letters patent.

## REJOINDER.

19 --A--No

In the High Court of Justice
King's Bench Division
[or Chancery Division
Mr. Justice ——]
Between A. B.,

Plaintiff

and

C. D.,

Defendant.

#### REJOINDER.

- 1. The defendant denies that at the date of the alleged threats complained of the said letters patent No. of were invalid, or that they are at the present time invalid, or that they were at any time known to him to be invalid.
  - 2. The defendant joins issue with the plaintiff on his reply.

## REVOCATION OF LETTERS PATENT.

## PETITION FOR REVOCATION.

In the High Court of Justice, Chancery Division,

Mr. Justice ----

In the Matter of G. & G.'s Patent,

No.

A.D. 19

and

In the Matter of the Patents and Designs Acts, 1907, 1908.

To His Majesty's High Court of Justice

THE HUMBLE PETITION of S. S., of London.

, in the City of

#### SHEWETH AS FOLLOWS:-

- 1. Your petitioner is an electrician, and the patentee of many inventions in connection with the production, distribution, and utilisation of electric currents, which inventions are now in extensive practical use.
- 2. Among other methods of distribution, for some time past your petitioner has specially occupied himself with methods of effecting the same by means of secondary generators by which electrical action is obtained at different points of an electrical circuit by means of electric induction only, without interrupting such circuit or making any connection with the conductor conveying the current.
- 3. In or about the month of December, 19, your petitioner invented an improved form of secondary generator for the purpose of effecting economically and conveniently the above-mentioned object, and on the day of December, 19, your petitioner applied for and obtained a provisional protection, No.
- A.D. 19 for such invention, and has since filed a complete specification for the said invention.
- 4. Since obtaining the said provisional protection your petitioner has manufactured and used secondary generators constructed according to your petitioner's said invention, and the same have been shown to possess great advantages over other forms, and to be of great practical utility.
- 5. The sale and user of the said secondary generators made according to your petitioner's invention has recently been inter-

fered with by a Limited Company named the National Company for the Distribution of Electricity by Secondary Generators (Limited). The said company claim to be entitled to restrain any person using any mode of electrical distribution by means of secondary generators, of whatever form or construction such generators may be.

- 6. The said claim of the aforesaid company purports to be based upon letters patent granted to L. G. and J. D. G., and numbered A.D. 19. The invention in respect of which the said letters patent were granted was in no wise novel at the date of the same, and the said letters patent are and always have been of no force and validity by reason thereof and of the other matters set forth in the particulars of objection delivered herewith in pursuance of rule 12 of the Rules of the Supreme Court (Patents and Designs), 1908.
- 7. The existence of the above-named letters patent claiming a wide and general monopoly of the system of distribution by means of secondary generators, which was known to and the property of the public at the date of the said letters patent, has been and is the cause of great injury to the public by preventing the sale of machines made according to your petitioner's invention, as well as those made by other inventors who likewise have made improvements in secondary generators and in the distribution of electricity thereby.
- 8. That the public are prejudiced by the above-mentioned general claim in the said letters patent, because consumers of electricity are not in general acquainted with the science of electricity and the technical application thereof, and are therefore unable to form an opinion as to the invalidity of the said letters patent, whereby the sale and use of improved secondary generators are wholly prevented.
- 9. The office of Mr. A. C. C. H., No. , , in the county of , is the place where the petitioner may be served with any petition or summons or notice of any proceedings or order of the Court relating to the matters herein referred to.

Your petitioner therefore humbly prays for the revocation of letters patent No. A.D. 19, or that such order may be made in the premises as to this Honourable Court may seem meet.

And your petitioner will ever pray, &c.

(Signed) S. Z.

It is intended to serve this petition on L. G., J. D. G., and the N. Co. for the Distribution of Electricity by Secondary Generators (Limited).

Fiat of Attorney-General.

I hereby authorise the presentation to the High Court of Justice of the above-written petition.

(Signed)

Attorney-General.

ROYAL COURTS OF JUSTICE,

, 19 .

## MEMORIAL TO THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL FOR HIS FIAT.

In the Matter of Letters Patent granted to A. B., for an invention of [title] and numbered of 19 and

In the Matter of the Patents and Designs Acts, 1907-1908.

To His Majesty's Attorney-General for England. The Memorial of , of , in the County of .

#### SHEWETH AS FOLLOWS:--

- 1. Your memorialist is [add description].
- 2. The invention set forth in the complete specification of the said letters patent No. of granted to A. B. for an invention of [title] relates to [add short description of the invention].
- 3. The claiming clause of the said specification is as follows:—[claim].
- 4. Your memorialist is seriously hampered in his trade by the existence of the said letters patent No. of by reason [add reasons].
- 5. The said letters patent are and always have been null and void for the reasons set forth in the particulars of objections which is one of the documents accompanying this memorial.
- 6. C. D. of has recently commenced an action in the Chancery Division for infringement of the said letters patent No. of 19 against your memorialist. The said action was commenced by writ issued on the day of , and the index and reference numbers of the said action are 19 —A—No.

7. Your memorialist desires to apply in accordance with the Rules of the Supreme Court by way of Counterclaim in the said pending action for infringement for the revocation of the said letters patent No. of 19, under the terms and provisions of sect. 32 of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907, but by reason that he is not entitled to present a petition to the Court for revocation of the said letters patent No. of 19, under the provisions of sect. 25, sub-sect. 3 (b) of the said Act he is not entitled to apply as aforesaid unless by obtaining your authority he can bring himself within the provisions of sect. 25, subsect. 3 (a) of the said Act. It is the intention of your memorialist if authorised by your fiat to present a petition to the Court for revocation of the said letters patent No. of 19 to proceed by way of counterclaim in the said action for infringement under the provisions of sect. 32 of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907 (l).

Your memorialist therefore prays that you will be pleased to grant leave to him to present a petition to His Majesty's High Court of Justice for the revocation of the said letters patent No. of , granted to the said A. B.

## ORDER FOR REVOCATION OF LETTERS PATENT.

Upon the petition of S. Z., in the on the day of , 19 , preferred unto this Court, and upon hearing counsel for the petitioner and for the respondent, L. G., on the , and upon reading the petition, the amended particulars of of objections delivered by the petitioner, the exhibits produced to the witnesses named in the schedule hereto, and set opposite to their names in the third column of such schedule, and upon hearing the evidence of the witnesses named in the first column of such schedule, upon their examination taken orally before this Court on the days mentioned in such schedule: this Court did order that the petition should stand for judgment, and the same standing for judgment this day in the paper, in the presence of counsel for the petitioner and the respondent: this Court doth order that the letters patent No. 4362, A.D. 1882, in the petition mentioned,

<sup>(1)</sup> In addition to the documents referred to, Vol. I., p. 293, a short statement in writing by ar expert as to the nature and effect of each of the prior specifications and other publications referred to in the particulars of objections is frequently required by the Law Officers' Department.

granted to L. G., be revoked. And this Court certifies that the respondent's following objections No., No., and No., were proven [or, were reasonable and proper]. And it is ordered that the respondent, L. G., pay to the petitioner, S. Z., his costs of the said petition, to be taxed by the taxing master on the higher scale.

SCHEDULE.

#### EXTENSION OF LETTERS PATENT.

## ADVERTISEMENT OF INTENTION TO PRESENT PETITION FOR EXTENSION OF LETTERS PATENT

In the Matter of Letters Patent granted to , of , and bearing date the day of , 19 , and numbered

and

In the Matter of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907.

Notice is hereby given, that it is the intention of , of [add if such is the case as assignee of the above patent], to present a petition to His Majesty's High Court of Justice praying that the term of the said letters patent may be extended. And notice is hereby further given, that on the day of next, or on such subsequent day as the Court shall appoint for that purpose, application will be made to the said Court that a day may be fixed before which the petition will not be in the paper for hearing, and any person desirous of being heard in opposition to the said petition must lodge notice of his objection in the Chambers of Mr. Justice on or before the said day of next.

Dated this day of , 19 .

Solicitor for the Petitioner.

## NOTICE OF OPPOSITION.

In the Matter of Letters Patent granted to , and bearing date the day of , and numbered

and

In the Matter of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that C. D. of intends to oppose the petition of A. B. for the extension of the said letters patent returnable the day of next. And notice is hereby further given that is the address for service upon the said C. D. of any documents requiring service upon him in accordance with Rules of the Supreme Court (Patents and Designs), 1908, rule 3 (j).

Dated this day of , 19 . (Signed)

Solicitor for the said C. D.

ADVERTISEMENT OF DAY BEFORE WHICH THE PETI-TION SHALL NOT BE IN THE PAPER FOR HEARING, i.e., "THE APPOINTED DAY."

PETITION FOR EXTENSION OF TERM OF PATENT.

In the High Court of Justice.

Mr. Justice ——.

In the Matter of Letters Patent granted to A. B. of and bearing date the day of ,.19, and numbered

and

In the Matter of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907.

Notice is hereby given, that his Lordship Mr. Justice has directed that the matter of the petition of the said A. B., for an extension of the term of the above-mentioned letters patent, be heard not before , the day of , 19 , at half-past ten in the forenoon.

Dated this day of , 19 .

(Signed)

Solicitor for the Petitioner.

#### PETITION FOR EXTENSION OF LETTERS PATENT.

In the High Court of Justice,

Chancery Division.

Mr. Justice ----.

In the Matter of Letters Patent granted to R. R., formerly of No. , A. Road, now No. , H. Road, N. C., in the County of , Contractor, for the Invention of "A new or improved captain's bridge, constructed as a self-launching life-raft," dated the day of , 19

and

In the Matter of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907. To His Majesty's High Court of Justice.

THE HUMBLE PETITION of the above-named R. R., formerly of No., A. Road, now No., H. Road, N. C., in the County of Contractor.

SHEWETH:-

Invention.

1. That your petitioner, previously to the grant of the letters patent hereinafter mentioned, invented, after considerable per-

sonal application and cost, "A new or improved captain's bridge, constructed as a self-launching life-raft" (hereinafter called "the said invention"), which invention was and is of great utility, and therefore beneficial to the public.

2. That His Majesty was graciously pleased, by letters patent Grant of day of , 19 , to grant unto your bearing date the petitioner R. R., his executors, administrators, and assigns, the sole privilege and authority to use the said invention within the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands, and the Isle of Man for the term of fourteen years from the date of the said letters patent

letters patent.

3. That your petitioner has not obtained any letters patent or No foreign brevets d'invention for his said invention in any foreign country.

patent rights.

4. That your petitioner has expended large sums of money and Expenditure, devoted great pains and trouble while in health in endeavouring &c., on invention. to introduce the said invention to the public and to bring the same into use.

5. That your petitioner met with an accident while travelling Accident to on the South-Eastern Railway between London Bridge and day of , 19 , and in conse-Cannon Street on the quence thereof was confined to his bed until nearly the end of the year 19 .

petitioner.

6. That your petitioner would have presented this his petition Cause of day of , 19 , when he pro- delay in presenting earlier, and about the posed to take steps to present same; he was, however, unfortu- petition. nately seized that day with a fit, and is only now able to attend to business.

7. That your petitioner has, owing to his illness and other Insufficient circumstances wholly beyond his control, failed to receive ade- remuneration. quate benefit from his invention.

8. Your petitioner has no doubt that, if the term of the said Probability of letters patent should be extended, the said letters patent will become productive, and your petitioner will be able to obtain a profitable. fair reimbursement and remuneration commensurate with the great public value and importance of the said invention, and which his state of health will now allow him energetically to prosecute.

invention becoming

9. That your petitioner's invention was tried practically, and Merits of with great success, in the month of , 19 , on board H.M.S. invention. Polyphemus, at Portsmouth, before Lord and others, when the use of the invention for the saving of life was most amply demonstrated.

10. That your petitioner exhibited a model of his invention at Medals Exhibition held in London in 19, when he was invention. the awarded a gold medal; and at the Exhibition held

at the Agricultural Hall, Islington, in , 19 , when he was awarded the first prize of 100 guineas.

Seven years extension not sufficient.

11. That your petitioner humbly submits that, under the circumstances of the case, an exclusive right of using and vending the said invention for the further period of seven years will not sufficiently reimburse and remunerate your petitioner.

Advertisements.

12. That your petitioner has given public notice by advertisements caused to be inserted the requisite number of times in the London Gazette and in other newspapers, pursuant to the Rules of the Supreme Court (Patents and Designs), 1908, in that case made and provided, that it is his intention to apply to this Honourable Court that the said letters patent may be extended for a further term.

Prayer.

Your petitioner therefore humbly prays that the said letters patent may be extended for a further term of four-teen years, or for such other term as to this Honourable Court shall seem fit.

And your petitioner will ever pray.

R. P. U., Solicitor for the Petitioner.

## ANOTHER FORM.

In the High Court of Justice,

Chancery Division.

Mr. Justice ----.

In the Matter of Letters Patent granted to W. A. M., late of , in the of , but now of and , in the of , for the invention of "Improvements in apparatus for consuming smoke, promoting combustion, and feeding furnaces with fuel," bearing date the day of , 19 , No.

and

In the Matter of the Patents and Dezigns Act, 1907.

To His Majesty's High Court of Justice.

THE HUMBLE PETITION of W. M., of Nos. and , in the of , and of the above-named W. A. M.

#### SHEWETH:-

Invention.

1. That your petitioner the above-named W. A. M., previously to the grant of the letters patent hereinafter mentioned, invented,

after considerable personal application and cost, certain "Improvements in apparatus for consuming smoke, promoting combustion, and feeding furnaces with fuel" (hereinafter called "the said invention"), which invention was and is of great utility and greatly beneficial to the public.

2. That His Majesty was graciously pleased, by letters patent Grants of bearing date the day of , 19 , to grant unto your petitioner W. A. M., his executors, administrators, and assigns, the sole privilege and authority to use the said invention within the said United Kingdom, the Channel Islands, and Isle of Man for the term of fourteen years from the date of the said letters patent.

letters patent.

3. That your petitioner W. A. M. also obtained letters patent Foreign or brevets d'invention for his said invention in the Empire of patent rights. France, dated the day of , 19; in the Dominion of Canada, dated the day of , 19; and in the Kingdom of Norway, dated the day of , 19 .

- 4. That letters patent, dated the day of for the use of the said invention in the United States of America were also granted to your petitioner W. A. M., and one J. A., of Broadway, New York, to whom the said W. A. M. had by an agreement dated the day of , 19, agreed to grant an exclusive licence to make, use, and vend the said invention in the said United States at the royalty and upon the conditions in the same agreement mentioned. Your petitioner W. A. M. ultimately assigned one moiety of the last-mentioned letters patent to one E. H. A., of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, in the United States aforesaid, your petitioner W. A. M. remaining the owner of the other moiety thereof. The said lastmentioned letters patent were re-issued in the United States of America under date , 19 .
- 5. That by an indenture dated the day of , 19 and made between your petitioner W. A. M. of the first part, granted. and the said J. A. of the second part, after reciting that, by an assignment of even date, your petitioner had conveyed to the said J. A. an undivided half of his right in the said Canadian patent, your petitioner granted to the said J. A., his executors, administrators, and assigns, the exclusive licence to make, use, and vend the said invention in the Dominion of Canada at the royalty and upon the conditions in the same indenture mentioned.
- of , 19 , letters patent for the 6. That on the use of the said invention in the Empire of Austria were, on the nomination of your petitioner W. A. M., granted to a certain firm of B. N. & F., in consideration of a sum of £ by the last-

named persons paid to your petitioner W. A. M., and an agreement on their part to pay to your last-named petitioner a royalty of  $\mathcal{L}$  per door, and a minimum yearly royalty of  $\mathcal{L}$ . The contract under which the said Austrian patent was obtained by the said B. N. & F. (which contract was dated in the year 19) provided for the obtaining by that firm of a patent or brevet d'invention for the use of the last-mentioned invention in Russia, but your petitioners have been unable to ascertain whether any such Russian patent was ever obtained. Your petitioners did not, nor did either of them, ever obtain any patent for the said invention in Russia. Your petitioners received from the said firm of B. N. & F. the aforesaid sum of  $\mathcal{L}$ , and a further sum of  $\mathcal{L}$  for royalties; but, except as aforesaid, they have not, nor has either of them, ever received any moneys from the last-mentioned firm.

Expiration of foreign patent rights.

7. That the said several letters patent or brevets d'invention for France, Canada, the United States of America, and Austria have all expired, or lapsed, or been abandoned. The said patent or brevet d'invention for Norway is still in force, but will expire on the day of , 19.

Object of invention.

8. That the said invention relates to improvements in the means of consuming smoke and of effecting combustion in steam boilers, as also improvements in the means of supplying furnaces with fuel.

Expenditure, &c., on invention.

9. That your petitioner W. A. M. is a civil engineer, and he has for more than thirty years past devoted his attention to smoke-consuming apparatus, and has given much time and labour and expended very considerable sums of money in conducting experiments relating to the subject-matter of the said invention, and either alone, or with his then partner, one E. W., he obtained letters patent for apparatus relating thereto, all of which last-mentioned letters patent have expired or become void.

Improvements produced by invention. 10. That previously to the time when your petitioner W. A. M. turned his attention to the subject, the smoke-consuming apparatus then known were ineffective on account of some of them failing to introduce the air to the furnaces in such a manner as to support combustion, and those apparatus which succeeded in consuming smoke diminished the efficiency of the fire and caused waste of fuel, and in some cases became destroyed by the action of the fire. These defects were sought to be remedied by an apparatus which was the subject of the letters patent dated , 19, No. , granted to your petitioner W. A. M. and one J. P. This invention consisted of argand fire-bars, and the object was to cause an increased supply of atmospheric air to enter the

furnace through the grate. This object, however, was not attained, by reason of the holes frequently becoming clogged with dross and clinker from the fire, rendering them useless as conductors of the air. Subsequently your petitioner W. A. M., and the said J. P., obtained letters patent of the , for a contrivance which consisted in constructing the furnace with rocking bars. The object of the last-mentioned contrivance was to provide a means for keeping the surface of the grate free from the accumulations of dross, clinker, &c., and so to maintain a regular supply of air to the furnace from the ash-pit. This was sought to be accomplished by giving a rocking motion to the fire-bars. The system introduced by the lastmentioned letters patent proved to be defective in consequence of the fire-bars being necessarily too deep, and consequently impeding the passage of air and clogging the air spaces. In case the stoker neglected to frequently put these rocking bars in motion, they became fast, so that they could not be put in motion at all until the fire was out and the apparatus re-adjusted. Your petitioner W. A. M. then obtained letters patent of the , for a contrivance the object of which was to 19 , No. secure lightness as well as strength, so that thin bars could be used. As these bars consisted of two parts, wrought and cast iron, and the parts had to be put together, the manufacture under this last patent was found to be too expensive.

11. That your petitioner W. A. M. also, in conjunction with Prior patents for allied but one E. W., obtained provisional protection dated and letters patent dated , 19 , for inventions connected inventions. with smoke-consuming apparatus, which, however, were not successful; and ultimately your petitioner W. A. M. invented the contrivance which was patented by the above-mentioned letters day of , 19 , the subject of this patent of present petition. The general advantages of this invention are as follow:—It was found that the consumption of smoke could not be successfully carried out by the fire-bars, but that a proper admission of atmospheric air at the mouth of the furnace was required. The patent door the subject of the invention comprised in the last-mentioned letters patent accomplished that object. It secured a better control over the air admitted than any other system, and was easily manipulated. Being balanced, it would remain in whatever position it was set—a great advantage for marine purposes. The manner of consuming, or rather preventing, the smoke was by opening the door a few inches inward. This caused the atmospheric air to impinge on the fuel at the commencing point of combustion, causing the gases to be per-

, 19 , unsuccessful

feetly developed before leaving the furnace, an effect which may be compared with a glass chimney on a lamp.

Assignment of patent.

12. That by an indenture dated the day of, 19, and made and executed between and by your petitioner W. A. M. of the one part, and your petitioner W. M. of the other part, your petitioner W. A. M., in consideration of the sum of fine the said indenture expressed to be paid by your petitioner W. M. to your petitioner W. A. M., assigned the said letters patent of the day of the said letters patent.

Non-payment of purchase-money.

13. That your petitioner W. M. is a son of your petitioner W. A. M., and at the date of the assignment was a clerk in the office of your last-named petitioner. That the sum of £ mentioned in the last-stated indenture was never paid by your petitioner W. M. to your petitioner W. A. M.; and the said assignment was, in fact, executed by your petitioner W. A. M. with the view to make a provision for his said son, your petitioner W. M., in the event of your petitioner W. A. M. dying during the continuance of the said letters patent, leaving his said son him surviving. That your petitioner W. M. is still in the employment of your petitioner W. A. M., and assists him in his business of a civil engineer, but does not participate in any profits thereof, and merely receives a salary. That the said letters patent of the day of , 19 , although vested under the assignment aforesaid in your petitioner W. M., are, and ever since the year 19 have been, worked for the sole benefit of your petitioner W. A. M.

Expenditure, &c., in endeavouring to introduce invention.

14. That your petitioner W. A. M. has expended large sums of money, and devoted great pains and labour, in endeavouring to introduce the said invention to the public, and to bring the same into use. That for this purpose your petitioners, or one of them, advertised the said invention extensively, and personally undertook journeys to all parts of the country to visit various manufacturing towns and other places where it was likely the said invention would be taken up, and also employed travellers or agents to sell on commission fire-doors made according to the said invention, and also supplied such fire-doors free of expense to shipowners and manufacturers for the purpose of trial.

Insufficient remuneration.

15. That although, under the circumstances aforesaid, considerable numbers of fire-doors made according to the said invention comprised in the said letters patent of the day of , 19 , were sold, yet the necessary expenses of introducing the said invention as aforesaid were so great that it was

only during the last year and nine months, or thereabouts, that is to say, the years 19 and 19 , that any profit was made from the said invention. In all other years since the date of the said letters patent, the working of the said letters patent, and the manufacture and sale of fire-doors made according to the said invention, resulted in losses, which far more than counter-balanced the profit of the years 19 and 19 aforesaid; and, on the whole, your petitioner W. A. M., instead of obtaining any profit from the said invention, has sustained a very considerable loss.

16. That only one licence has ever been granted for the use of Only one the said invention in the United Kingdom, that is to say, a licence to one J. B., of M. and O., which was granted by your petitioner the United W. A. M. in or about the month of That , 19 the said licence was granted with a view to the establishment of the said J. B. as an agent for the sale of fire-doors made according to the said invention, but the business arising therefrom being very small and unprofitable to your petitioner, he in the month , 19 , revoked the said licence. Your petitioner of believes that the said J. B. made no profit whatever from his use of the said invention under the said licence.

liconce granted in Kingdom.

17. That, at the time when your petitioners were endeavouring Reasons for to introduce the said invention to the public, there were so many appreciation other inventions before the public having the same object as of invention. the said invention of your petitioner W. A. M. that it was very difficult to induce manufacturers and others to give a trial to any new invention; and further, the Acts for preventing smoke nuisance were not at that time so rigidly enforced as they are at present; and from these and other circumstances your petitioners experienced great difficulty in getting manufacturers and steamusers to give a trial to the said invention, and their endeavours to introduce the same to the public necessarily involved great expense on the part of your petitioners.

18. That of late the utility of the said invention has been gene- Utility of rally acknowledged, and steam-users are now requiring that boilers invention. made for them shall be fitted with fire-doors made according to the said invention, and compelling engineers to apply such fire-doors, and in consequence there has arisen a considerable demand (which is increasing) for fire-doors made according to the said invention. Moreover, the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty have caused the boilers of ten of His Majesty's ships to be fitted with the said fire-doors made according to the said invention; and your petitioner W. A. M. has supplied several of the said fire-doors for the boilers used at His Majesty's Dockyard at Portsmouth, where they are now in use. Under the circumstances aforesaid, the

working of the said letters patent and invention has resulted, during the last two years, in a considerable increase in the number of sales, with a diminution in the expenses of working.

Loss sustained by petitioner. 19. That, under the circumstances aforesaid, your petitioner W. A. M. has, notwithstanding his considerable outlay upon the said invention, been unable to obtain any profit thereupon, nor has he obtained any remuneration for his expense and labour in perfecting the same; but, on the contrary, he has sustailed considerable loss in relation to the said invention, and it is only now, when the letters patent are about to expire, that the use of the said invention is becoming fully established and extending.

Probability of patent becoming productive.

20. That your petitioners have no doubt that, if the term of the said letters patent should be prolonged, the said letters patent will now become productive, and your petitioner W. A. M. will be able to obtain a fair reimbursement and remuneration commensurate with the great public value and importance of the said invention.

Seven years extension not sufficient. 21. That your petitioners humbly submit that, under the circumstances of the case, an exclusive right of using and vending the said invention for the further period of seven years will not sufficiently reimburse and remunerate your petitioner W. A. M.

Advertisements. 23. That your petitioners have given public notice, by advertisements caused to be inserted the requisite number of times in the London Gazette and in metropolitan and country newspapers, pursuant to the Rules of the Supreme Court (Patents and Designs), 1908, in that case made and provided, that it is their intention to apply to this Honourable Court for a prolongation of the term of sole using and vending the said invention.

Prayer.

Your petitioners therefore humbly pray that the said letters patent may be extended for a further term of four-teen years, or for such other term as to this Honourable Court shall seem fit, and that new letters patent for the said invention may be granted to your petitioners for such term as to this Honourable Court shall seem fit, after the expiration of the first term originally granted by the existing letters patent hereinbefore mentioned according to the form of the statutes in such cases made and provided.

And your petitioners will ever pray, &c.

B. & R., Solicitors for Petitioners.

# PARTICULARS OF OBJECTIONS TO EXTENSION OF TERM OF PATENT.

In the High Court of Justice,

Chancery Division.

Mr. Justice ——.

In the Matter of Letters Patent granted to A. B., of , in the County of , for the Invention of "Improvements in the manufacture, &c.," bearing date the day of , 19, and numbered

In the Matter of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907, and

In the Matter of the Petition of for an extension of the term of the said letters patent.

The grounds of objection of , of , to the granting of the prayer of the above-mentioned petition are the following, viz.:--

- 1. The alleged invention was not new at the date of the said Novelty denied. letters patent.
  - 2. The alleged invention was not useful.

Utility denied.

- 3. The alleged invention never has been, and is not likely to Merit denied. be, of great advantage to the public.
- 4. The petitioner has already received a full and adequate re-Sufficient ward for the said alleged invention, and also large trade profits remuneration. under the monopoly created from the manufacture of by the said letters patent.

5. If the petitioner has not been adequately rewarded, his want Laches of of proper remuneration has been caused by his own acts in not petitioner. advertising and pushing the said invention, and in refusing to grant licences for the use of the same.

6. The petitioner has permitted infringements of the said letters Infringepatent, and never brought actions to restrain such infringements.

ments.

7. The allegations contained in the said petition are incapable of Allegations proof.

incapable of proof.

Dated this

day of

, 19

Solicitor for

# ABANDONMENT OF APPLICATION

at any time, ii. 12

on, before advertisement of acceptance of the complete specification the specifications are not published, 142: ii. 14 except in cases under the Convention, ii. 14, 33

# ABANDONMENT OF OPPOSITION

does not entitle applicant to succeed, ii. 40

# ABRIDGMENTS OF SPECIFICATIONS

publication of, ii. 278 powers of Board of Trade as to, ii. 290

### ACCEPTANCE

of application for patent, ii. 7
notice of, ii. 12
effect of, ii. 12
advertisement of, ii. 356
of complete specification, ii. 20
when, must take place, ii. 22
extension of time for, ii. 23
form of application for, ii. 392
effect of, ii. 22
advertisement of, ii. 23
specification is open to public inspection on, ii. 23
no guarantee of validity, ii. 22

# ACCESSION OF BRITISH GOVERNMENT

to International Convention, ii. 326 declaration of, ii. 327

# ACCIDENT

result of, may be good subject-matter, 15, 38

### ACCOUNT-See also ACCOUNT OR DAMAGES

assignee of share in profits is entitled to an, from licensce, ii. 159 defendant usually ordered to keep an, when an interlocutory injunction is refused, 448 necessary on petition for extension—see Extension of Term of Patent of fees, salaries, &c., in Comptroller's annual report, ii. 287

Λ

F.

```
ACCOUNT OR DAMAGES
    power conferred on Court by Act of 1883 as to, in action of infringement,
      ii. 273
    successful plaintiff may claim, at his election, 507
         but not both against same defendant, 507
         account against one defendant and damages against another, 507
         when damages are preferable to an account of profits and vice rersa, 508
         order, by agreement, for a royalty is sometimes to be preferred to an
           account or damages, 509
         distinction between an account of profits and an inquiry as to damages,
               509
             the greater the profit the less may be the damage, and the less the
               profit the greater may be the damage, 509
    expiry of patent before conclusion of action, 510
    delay and its effect on right to, 509
    plaintiff may be entitled to, though not to an injunction, 510
    omission to ask for, at the trial, 525
    assessment, 510
        usually extends to acts done within six years prior to action, 510
         usually goes up to the conclusion of the inquiry, 510
         is limited to acts done during the lifetime of the patent, 510
         plaintiff an assignee, 511
         articles manufactured for export, 511
         infringements committed within certain periods are not included in, 511
             price to publication of complete specification, 511
             prior to amendment of specification unless the Court is satisfied
               that the original claim was framed in good faith and with
               reasonable skill and knowledge, 511
             after failure to pay fees and before enlargement of time for pay-
               ment, 511
         revocation of patent pending, does not exempt from payment of sum
           due on, 416
         time for payment of amount found due after, 512
         proof in bankruptcy for amount found due, 514
         discovery on, of number of infringing articles sold and prices, 512
             names and addresses of defendant's customers, 512
    account of profits, 512
         relationship between plaintiff and defendant on the taking of an, 512
         plaintiff only entitled to actual profits made by defendant's use of the
               invention, 513
             true test of profits, 513
                 comparison between profits of defendant's business before and
                    after infringement, 513
                  when plaintiff is in the habit of supplying on royalty articles
                    consisting of patented and non-patented parts, 514
         scope of, 513
         against manufacturer does not license patented article in hands of all
           purchasers, 507
         production of documents on order for an, 514
         interrogatories on order for an, 514
    damages, 514
         exemption of innocent infringer from, 515
         revocation of patent pending inquiry as to, 416
         plaintiff must prove damage in fact, before he can be entitled to an
           inquiry as to, 518
         usual form of order as to, 520
         limitation of inquiry as to, in an action on several patents, 500
         may be recovered against a manufacturer or user, or both, until the full
               measure has been recovered, 507, 524
             effect of acceptance of agreed, from manufacturer, 524
         in respect of infringements committed after a judgment adverse to the
           patentee and before its reversal on appeal, 524
         in respect of infringements before amendment of specification, 511
         in respect of loss of reputation to a patented article, 519
         reference of an inquiry as to, to a judge and jury, 525
```

# INDEX. ACCOUNT OR DAMAGES—continued. damages-continued. in action at the instance of one of several co-owners, ii. 159 measure of, 158 importance of plaintiff's usual course of dealing with the inventicn. 519 when plaintiff's usual course of business is to grant licences, **523** when plaintiff's usual course of business is not to grant licences, 519 every sale without licence is a damage to the patentee, 519, 521 profit derived by defendant is not necessarily a, 521 contract for supply of infringing articles as, 519 difficulty in arriving at, when product sold might have been made by process or machine other than the plaintiff's, 521, 522 establishment charges, 522 reduction of price by the plaintiff, 522 consequent on defendant's underselling, 522 reduction allowed to defendant in respect of increased sale and business connection, 523 infringement forming part only of article sold by defendant, 520 not affected by amount accepted from non-litigants, 513 user without notice of the patent, 524 annoyance and vexation caused by necessity for litigation does not affect, 519 costs of former discontinued action, 525 cost of inquiry as to, 552 usually reserved, 552 ACCOUNTS See Extension of Term of Patent

# ACQUIESCENCE — Sec also LACHES

effect of, on right to interlocutory injunction, 436 as a bar to a perpetual injunction to restrain infringement, 500 as a total bar to account of profits or damages, 509 as a partial bar to account of profits or damages, 509 as a ground for damages in lieu of injunction, 500

ACTION OF INFRINGEMENT—See Writ; STATEMENT OF CLAIM; PARTI-CULARS OF BREACHES; DEFENCE; PARTICULARS OF OBJECTIONS; DIS-COVERY: INSPECTION; CONSOLIDATION OF ACTIONS; TRIAL; NEW TRIAL; INJUNCTION; ACCOUNT OR DAMAGES; DESTRUCTION OR DELIVERING UP: Costs

remedies of patentee in respect of infringements, 332

two distinct kinds of, 406

one based on actual infringement, 406 the other on threatened infringement, 406 proceedings before commencement of, 390

usual course, 391

plaintiff not bound to rely on promise of an infringer not to repeat infringement, 391

Court does not usually notice negotiations prior to action, 392 proper course when there are several different infringers, 391

which is a defence to an action to restrain threats of legal proceedings, 318 does not lie in respect of infringements committed before acceptance and publication of complete specification, 511: ii. 22

more than one patent may be put in suit, 400

commenced after expiration of the patent, 510

"passing off" may be sued for in, 335 also infringement of copyright, 335

recovery of royalties may be asked for alternatively in, ii. 208 registration of assignment condition precedent to right to suc, query, ii. 176 survival of right of, to tenant in common, ii. 156

# ACTION OF INFRINGEMENT-continued.

amendment of specification after, ii. 130

discontinuance of, 530

effect of failure to prove infringement in one, upon a second, in respect of same patent but against different defendant, 391

# ACTION TO RECOVER ROYALTIES

See ROYALTIES

### ACTION OF REDUCTION

proceedings for revocation are in Scotland in the form of an, 290

# ACTION TO RESTRAIN THREATS OF LEGAL PROCEEDINGS See Threats of Legal Proceedings

### ACTS

See STATUTES

### ADDITION

See COMBINATION

### ADDRESS

correction of, ii. 285

# ADDRESS FOR SERVICE

requirements as to, ii. 347 patentee may have two, ii. 347

# ADEQUATE REMUNERATION

S' Extension of Term of Patent

### ADMINISTRATOR

may apply for patent, 13 may petition for extension of term of patent, ii. 214

# **ADMIRALTY**

assignment to, ii. 151

may order specifications of inventions assigned to it to be kept secret, ii. 152

### ADMISSION OF INFRINGEMENT

effect of, and undertaking not to repeat on the costs of action, 529 also on plaintiff's right to an injunction, 501

### ADVANTAGE

production of a new, is not per se sufficient to support a patent, 86, 91, 100

### ADAPTIVE SKILL

mere, in manufacture is not invention, 46

# ADVERTISEMENT

of acceptance of application, ii. 356

of acceptance of provisional specification, ii. 356

of acceptance of complete specification, ii. 23

of request for leave to amend specification, ii. 113, 138

of amendment of specification, ii. 136, 362

of intention to present petition for extension, is necessary, ii. 220

in the London Gazette, ii. 220

and other papers, ii. 220

when petitioner is resident abroad, ii. 220

equitable assignce's name, if co-petitioner, must appear in the advertisements of, ii. 222

form of, ii. 485

of day fixed for hearing of petition for extension, ii. 221

form of, ii. 48

form of, of application to amend specification pending action or petition, ii. 402

threats of legal proceedings made by, 308

# AFFIDAVIT

for use under Act of 1883, form of, ii. 369
in support of order for inspection, 460, 461
further, of documents, 458
of advertisement of intention to present a petition for extension must
accompany the petition, ii. 221
made from information and belief, 446

### AGENT—Sec also PATENT AGENT

any one may act as an ordinary agent in the matter of obtaining a patent, ii. 3 application cannot be signed by, ii. 2 forms subsequent to application may be signed by, ii. 2 appointment of, form of, ii. 378 rights of, of assignor when the right to use the invention is reserved, ii. 155 licensee manufacturing by his, ii. 190 mere, cannot maintain action of infringement in his own name, 394 of Crown authorised to use invention on terms, ii. 194 of foreign inventor may be patentee, 26 of prior patentee cannot oppose grant of patent, ii. 49 infringement by, 395

# ALIEN

as patentee, ii. 27
rights of, ii. 27
enemy cannot be patentee, 27
quæry patent could be held in trust for, 27
communications from abroad by, 24

### ALLOWANCES

mentioned in Comptroller's annual report, ii. 237 to credit of petitioner for extension—Scc Extension of Term of Patent

# AMBIGUITY—See Licence; Specifications jurisdiction of Comptroller to prevent, of specification, ii. 69

# AMBIT OF CLAIM

for carrying a new principle into effect, 55 for carrying an old principle into effect, 57 for a process, 67 licensee not estopped from disputing, ii. 203 affected by documents which do not amount to publications, 150, 283 may extend to proportions of ingredients not specifically mentioned, 205 may extend to essence of invention though not specifically mentioned, 278 fixed by patentee, 336 what is outside, is disclaimed, 245, 336 effect of public knowledge on, 356

# AMENDMENT—Sec also Amendment of the Specifications

of application may be required by Comptroller, it. 7

of application which comprises more than one invention, ii. 7, 9

of notice of opposition to grant of patent, ii. 37

of particulars of breaches, 432

of particulars of objections, 423

of documents not provided for by Act of 1907..ii. 37

# AMENDMENT OF THE SPECIFICATIONS

before acceptance, ii. 133
patent otherwise void may sometimes be cured by, ii. 102
second amendments,
original specification not considered on application for, ii. 109
are discouraged, ii. 137

```
AMENDMENT OF THE SPECIFICATIONS—continued
    necessity for, should be avoided, ii. 102
    not necessarily evidence of prior invalidity, ii. 106
    adverse consequences of, ii. 102
    discretion of Comptroller and law officer as to allowing, ii. 102, 105
         prohibition does not lie to Comptroller or law officer, ii. 165
    leave to amend, no guarantee of validity, 106
         is conclusive, ii. 136
             except in case of fraud, ii. 136
         as evidence of prior invalidity, ii. 106
         effect of application for, by defendant to action under s. 36 of Act of
           1907..312
    amended specification takes the place of the original, ii. 107
         disconformity after amendment may be fatal, ii. 106
    notification of, to be entered on Register of Patents, ii. 78
    advertisement of, ii. 136, 362
    delay may be a bar to, ii. 121
    drawings may be inserted on, ii. 121
    after action for infringement, ii. 130
    after order for revocation, ii. 131
    after action adverse to defendant removes the estoppel in a subsequent
      action, 416
    injunction obtained before, cannot be enforced after, 503: ii. 131
    actions after, in respect of infringements committed before, ii. 122
         statutory provisions as to, 266
    certain amendments only are allowable, ii. 104
         extension or substantial variation of claim by amendment is not
               allowable, ii. 104
             law officer's decision is final as to fact of, ii. 107
             practice when opposition in doubtful cases, ii. 108
             examples, ii. 109
         imputations of disadvantages in prior patents are not allowable on
           amendment, ii. 106
         allowable amendments, ii. 103
             prior to Act of 1883..ii. 103
             since Act of 1883..ii. 104
                  no action or petition pending, ii. 104
                  pending action for infringement or petition for revocation,
                    ii. 105
             disclaimer, ii. 113
                  definition of, ii. 113
                  object of an allowable, ii. 113
                  which removes an ambiguity is allowable, ii. 116
                      e.g., a limitation to one of two possible meanings, ii. 116
                           rule in Seed v. Higgins, ii. 116
                  which removes an insufficiency of specification is not allow-
                        able, ii. 116
                      but quary in case of communicated inventions, ii. 116
                  which extends the claim is not allowable, ii. 114
                      i.c., which extends the total grant as distinct from the
                         extension of an individual claim, ii. 114
                  is not a claim to residue, ii. 118
                  residue is not construed by, ii. 118
                      but reference may be had to the original, ii. 118
                  word, construed narrowly in s. 22 of Act of 1907..ii. 139
             correction and explanation, ii. 118
                  good reason for, must be shown, ii. 118
                  function of a legitimate, ii. 119
                  ambiguity may be removed by, ii. 121
                      but specification cannot be rewritten, ii. 119
                      or subsequently acquired information added, ii. 119
                      insertion of drawing may be allowed, ii. 121
                 clerical errors, ii. 119
                      jurisdiction of Master of the Rolls in matter of, ii. 119
                      present practice as to, ii. 120
```

```
AMENDMENT OF THE SPECIFICATIONS—continued.
    conditions for the benefit of the public are sometimes imposed when leave
           is given for, ii. 121
        c.g., no action to be brought in respect of infringements committed
                    before a certain date, ii. 122, 123
                 effect on continued user of article made prior to date fixed,
                    ii. 122
                 or in respect of particular infringements, ii. 123
                      to protect persons who have embarked capital on the
                        strength of an imperfect patent, ii. 123
                 right to bring actions on patents not the subject of the appli-
                    cation is not affected by, ii. 123
                 marking of articles in respect of which no action is to be
                    brought, ii. 123
    when leave for, has been given, action for infringement may be founded on
      the amended specification, though the amendment has not been actually
      made, ii. 130
    retrospective effect of, ii. 129
        use of amended specification in proceedings pending at the time of
           amendment, ii. 130
    practice as to,
        before acceptance of complete specification, ii. 21
        after acceptance of complete specification, but before patent is sealed,
           ii. 66, 102
        at hearing of applications for patents before law officer, ii. 66
        after patent is sealed, ii. 101
             no action for infringement or petition for revocation pending, ii. 131
                 3. 21 of Act 1907 applies, ii. 131
                      applicant, who may be, ii. 132
                          request, must be signed by, ii. 133
                               reasons for, must be stated in writing, ii. 132
                                   but form no part of the specification when
                                     amended, ii. 132
                                   nor is leave refused merely on ground of in-
                                     sufficiency of statement of, ji. 132
                               form of application, ii. 402
                               advertisement of, ii. 133
                      opposition, ii. 133
                          notice of, necessary, ii. 134
                          locus standi of opponent, ii. 135
                          postponement of opposition to grant of a patent till
                            hearing of, ii. 103
                          form of, ii. 403
                      evidence, ii. 134
                          when and how to be filed, ii. 134
                      hearing, ii. 134
                          personally or by agent, ii. 131
                          objection to locus standi of opponent, ii. 135
                          decision when there is no opposition or opponent
                            does not appear, ii. 136
                          appeal from Comptroller, ii. 134
                              law officer's decision is final, ii. 135
                              Comptroller may be heard on, ii. 136
                          leave to amend is conclusive, ii. 136
                              except in case of fraud, ii. 136
                     costs, ii. 136
                          Comptroller has now power over, ii. 136
                          law officer has control over, ii. 276
                          pending action or petition, ii. 137
                          Comptroller does not usually give or receive, or
                            appeal, ii. 137
                          return of stamp on appeal, ii. 137
                     effect of commencement of action for infringement or
                        petition for revocation before application under s. 21 is
                       disposed of, ii. 141
```

4 . . . . . . .

```
HE SPECIFICATIONS—continued.
AMENDMEN'I
    practice as to- atinzed.
        after patent is sealed—continued.
            pending action for infringement or proceeding for revocation, ii. 90
                 meaning of, 11. 138
                 amendment by mere disclaimer only is allowable, ii. 138
                 s. 22 of Act of 1907 applies, ii. 138
                     order of the Court is necessary, ii. 138
                          "Court" defined, ii. 140
                              powers of Court of Appeal and House of Lords,
                                ii. 141
                          how obtained, ii. 138
                          notice of motion for order of Court, ii. 463
                          form of advertisement of application, ii. 464
                          order allowing application to proceed, ii. 463
                         order allowing amendment, ii. 465
                          plurality of applications in same action or petition,
                            ii. 142
                          several actions or petitions pending, ii. 143
                          discretion of the Court, ii. 142
                          refused when it is clear the proposed disclaimer would
                            not validate the patent, ii. 12
                          no rule as to terms imposed when order is granted,
                                ii. 142
                              terms imposed in particular cases, ii. 124
                 action or petition commenced after application made under
                   s. 21 of Act of 1907..ii. 141
AMOUNT OF INVENTION
    Ner Subject-Matter
ANALOGOUS APPLICATION
    See New Use of Old Appliances
ANALOGOUS USE
    prior, may or may not be publication, 114
ANTICIPATION - See also Novelty; Publication
    distinction between, and publication, 115
    distinction between, and issue of subject-matter, 472
    statement of desirability of a result is not an, 109
    mere scientific curiosity is not, 109
    combination capable of yielding an unobserved result is no, of an invention
      which consists in perceiving and utilising it, 109
    what would be an infringement, if of later date than a patent, is not
      necessarily an, 149
    prior document is no, unless all essential features of the invention are
       disclosed, 144
    combined effect of different prior documents, 152
         mosaic of extracts from different prior documents no, 152
APPEAL
    from Comptroller to law officer
         practice on, ii. 424—See Law Officers' Rules
    from judgment in action of infringement, 494
         procedure on, 494
         security for costs of, 495
             when appellant is bankrupt, 495
         fresh evidence on, 495
             amendment of particulars so as to admit, 495
             issues abandoned below are not allowed to be raised, 497
             effect of defendant's right to petition for revocation, 305
             costs of, 496
```

```
APPEAL—continued.
    from judgment in action of infringement—continued.
         decision on fact as well as law may be reversed on, 497
         decision of several points on, when one is sufficient, 498
              practice as to, 498
         particulars of objections may be considered on, though only issue is
           infringement, 497
         new trial may be ordered on, 495
         stay of proceedings pending, 555
         absence of plaintiff abroad insufficient ground for postponing, 495
         decision in absence of respondent, 498
         judgment for appellant with costs, 498
         form of notice of, to Court of Appeal, ii. 472
APPLICANT FOR PATENT
    any person may be an, alone, 13: ii. 4
         if he can make the necessary declaration, 13
    who may be a joint, 13
         disagreement as to form of specification by joint applicants, ii. 22
    foreigner who has previously applied abroad, ii. 27
         preference given to, 17: ii. 27
    form of application must be signed by, ii. 2
    entitled to notice of opposition, ii. 35
    alien enemy, 27
    legal representative of deceased inventor, 13
    lunatic, 14
    married woman, 14
    joint inventors should all be, 18
    persons disqualified from being, 26
    rival applicants, ii. 47
    death of, before sealing of patent, 14
    rights of, after acceptance of complete specification and before sealing of
      patent, ii. 22
APPLICATION FOR PATENT. See also Applicant for Patent; Specifi-
      CATIONS; OPPOSITION
    statutory provisions for, ii. 256
        forms of, ii. 377-386
    interest of an inventor in the invention before making, ii. 147
    delay in making, effect of, 127: ii. 146
    delay in making, is undesirable, 127: ii. 146
    joint inventors must concur in the same, 18
    in fraud of true and first inventor, ii. 77
    by legal representative of deceased true and first inventor, 13
    concurrent, ii. 47
    form of, must be signed by the applicant, ii. 2
        subsequent forms may be signed by an agent, ii. 2
    how to be made, ii. 5
        invention original, ii. 5
             communicated from abroad, ii. 5
             partly original and partly communicated from abroad, ii. 5
    to be left at, or sent by post to, the Patent Office, ii. 5
         with a declaration and specification, ii. 5
             provision for persons incapable of making declaration, ii. 6
             specification may be provisional or complete, ii. 6
             form of declaration to be used, ii. 6
    one invention only should be included in, ii. 6
        inclusion of more than one invention is no objection to validity, ii. 6
    abandonment of, 12
        specifications are not published on, 142: ii. 14
             except in cases under the Convention, ii. 14
    conditions may be imposed on grant of patent, ii. 28—see also Conditions
```

```
APPLICATION FOR PATENT—continued.
    examination and acceptance of, ii. 7
        examiners appointed by statute, ii. 7
             reference of application to, ii. 7
             duties of, ii. 7
             reports of, are not published, ii. 21
             Comptroller acts on report of, ii. 7
                 and may require amendment of the specification, ii. 7
                 appeal to law officer from Comptroller's decision, ii. 8
                      practice on, ii. 8
                      costs of, ii. 8
        objections which may be taken by Comptroller, ii. 7
             as to title, ii. 7, 8
             as to inclusion of more than one invention, ii. 7, 9
                 test of one invention, ii. 9
                  example of amendment by limitation to one invention, ii. 9,
                   note (r)
    notice of acceptance of, ii. 12
        effect of, ii. 12
    advertisement of acceptance of, ii. 356
    rights of foreigner, who has applied abroad, as to, ii. 27
        foreign corporation, ii. 28
        are personal, ii. 30
        only foreigner who has actually applied abroad is recognised, ii. 30
        effect of abortive application abroad, ii. 30
         practice under s. 21 of Act of 1907..ii. 30
             minor differences in English and foreign specification allowable,
               ii. 33
    second, in respect of same invention, ii. 21
    filing complete specification, ii. 14
         examination as to form and conformity, ii. 16
                           novelty, ii. 17
         acceptance of complete specification, ii. 20
             must be within a definite period, ii. 22
    patents of addition, ii. 23
    cognate inventions, ii. 25
    costs,
         Comptroller now statutory power over, ii. 42
        law officer has statutory power over, ii. 42
APPORTIONMENT
    of costs in action of infringement, 532
         when plaintiff succeeds on validity, but fails on infringement, 532
        when plaintiff fails on validity, but succeeds on infringement, 535
ARBITRATION ACT, 1889
    applies to patent actions, 485
    arbitration between parties before action no estoppel, 419-420
ARKWRIGHT'S CASE
    contrasted with Dollond's case and Tennant's case, 114
ARMS (ROYAL)
    unauthorised use of, incurs a penalty, ii. 13
ART
    subject-matter must be an, 31
        producing vendible articles, 31
             not to be used for illegal purposes, 32: ii. 7
    rediscovery of a lost, as subject-matter, 16
    interpretation of terms of, 141, 262, 281, 469
ARRANGEMENT OF PARTS
    general, may be subject-matter, 54
    distinguished from a principle, 54
```

```
trial of action of infringement with aid of an, 487
         power of Court to order, 487
         Court must order, on request of either party, 487
    hearing of petition for revocation with aid of an, 303
    remuneration of, 487
    statement by, of his opinion to the Court, 487
    effect of opinion of, on judgment of the Court, 487, note (x)
ASSIGNEE
    included in the term "patentee" as used in the grant, ii. 148
    account of profits or inquiry as to damages where plaintiff is an, 511
    under no obligation to maintain the patent, ii. 150
    covenants for protection of co-owners are advisable on an assignment of a
      patent, ii. 157
    of part or share in a patent takes legal interest, ii. 157
         not considered merely as licensee, ii. 157
    of share in profits entitled to an account from a licensee, ii. 159
    equitable, of exclusive licensee not estopped from disputing the patent,
      ii. 204
    evidence of, in action of infringement, 466
    from liquidator of limited company, ii. 174
    rights of, ii. 169
         as to action of infringement, ii. 169
             quæry registration a condition precedent, ii. 176
         amendment of specification, ii. 132, 170
         petition for extension of term of patent, ii. 170, 214
             not so favourably received as original patentee on, ii. 215
             who has advanced capital for the development of the invention
               is more favourably received on, than one who has not,
               ii. 215—216
    under prior patent has locus standi to oppose a grant of a subsequent patent,
      ii. 48
    death of, ii. 172
ASSIGNMENT OF PATENT
    origin of power to assign, ii. 144
         consists in the terms of the grant, ii. 148
        rights of an author, ii. 144
        rights of an inventor, ii. 144
         monopoly exists only by virtue of the grant, ii. 148
         interest in an invention before the grant of a patent, ii. 147
         form of letters patent, ii. 148, 421
         a part or share in a patent passes legal interest, ii. 157
         by liquidator of limited company, ii. 174
    for a district, ii. 148
    difference between legal interest of an assignee and a licensec, ii. 154
    to Secretary of State for War, ii. 151
    to Admiralty, ii. 151
    different inventions included in one patent, ii. 154
    to several assignees, ii. 157
        rights of co-owners, ii. 156
    account of profits or damages where there has been an, 511
    does not fix assignee with obligation to maintain the patent, ii. 150
         i.e., to pay renewal fees when consideration is a royalty, ii. 150
    equitable, may arise from conduct, ii. 149
    exclusive licence may amount to an, ii. 191
    estoppel on, ii. 162
    future inventions, ii. 160
    partnership may be created by, ii. 171
    precedent of an, ii. 443
    warranty on, ii. 165
    with notice of licences, ii. 168
    with notice of covenants, ii. 168
```

ASSESSOR

```
ASSIGNMENT OF PATENT—continued.
     may be by deed or act and operation of law, ii. 148
         by deed, ii. 149
              no particular form of words necessary, ii. 149
             consideration, ii. 150
              covenants in restraint of trade, ii. 154
             covenant to assign future improvements, ii. 160
              covenants for protection of co-owners, ii. 167
              reservation to assignor of right to use the invention, ii. 155
                  agents of assignor, ii. 155
             form of, ii. 443
         by act and operation of law, ii. 172
             death of grantee or assignee, ii. 172
             death of person possessed of unpatented invention, ii. 173
              bankruptcy, ii. 173
                  patent granted to undischarged bankrupt, ii. 165
             patent vesting in the Crown, ii. 173
             seizure by sheriff under writ of fi. fa, ii. 174
    registration of, ii. 175
         copy of deed must be supplied to the Comptroller, ii. 270
         should be immediate, ii. 176
         practice on, ii. 176
         quary condition precedent to right to sue, ii. 176
         quary has a retrospective effect, ii. 177
    subject to agreement for licence, ii. 168
ASSIGNOR
    covenants in restraint of trade by, ii. 154
    reservation of right to use the invention by, ii. 155
    estoppel,
         recitals and covenants may effect an, ii. 162
         from denial of title as against assignce, ii. 163
             but not from denial of a particular construction of the specification,
               ii. 163
         no, against assisting a defendant with evidence, ii. 164
         of, of licensee as against assignee, 418: ii. 201
ASSISTANT
    employment of, by first and true inventor. 18
ASSIZES
    trial of action for infringement at, 490
    hearing of petition for revocation at, 340
ATTACHMENT
    difference between procedure on, and committal, 505
ATTORNEY-GENERAL - See also Law Officer
    fiat of, when necessary for presentation of petition for revocation of letters
           patent, 293
         when patent has expired, 389
         "law officer" includes, ii. 294
         how obtained, 293
         may be given nunc pro tunc, 294
         form of memorial to obtain, ii. 482
         form of, ii. 482
         costs of obtaining, 295
         practice when, is necessary and hearing comes on without it. 201
```

### AUTHOR

rights of an, as compared with those of an inventor, ii. 144

٧.

### BANK HOLIDAY

Patent Office closed on, ii. 370 Register of Patents closed to inspection on, ii. 366, 370 leaving documents, paying fees, &c., at Patent Office on, ii. 74, 370

### BANKRUPTCY

proof in, of amount found due on taking of account of profits or damages, 514 devolution of patent on, of patentee, ii. 173 assignment by trustee in, does not effect an estoppel against a bankrupt patentee in an action brought by the assignee, ii. 165 patent granted to an undischarged bankrupt, ii. 173 right of undischarged bankrupt to fruits of an unpatented invention, ii. 173 action by undischarged bankrupt, ii. 173

# BENEVOLENT CONSTRUCTION

of the grant, 273 of specifications, 270

### BOARD OF TRADE

power of, to make and alter rules regulating business of Patent Office, ii. 290 power of, as to registration of Patent Agents, ii. 289, 426 power of, to appoint and remove Comptroller and other officers, ii. 284 Comptroller acts under superintendence and direction of, ii. 284 power of, to require models on payment, ii. 278 power of, to regulate fees, ii. 284 proceedings of, ii. 290 certificate of, conclusive evidence, ii. 291 exhibitions certified by, 126: ii. 277, 368 powers of, in reference to compulsory licences, ii. 183 form of petition to, for compulsory licence, ii. 405 how powers of, may be exercised, ii. 290 documents to be lodged with solicitor to, on petition for extension, ii. 222

# BODY CORPORATE

may be patentee, 26 but not alone, 26 except in case of foreign corporation, 26

# BONA FIDES

See Specifications; Threats of Legal Proceedings

### BREACHES

See Particulars

# BRITISH POSSESSION

definition of, ii. 294

### BURDEN OF PROOF

Sce Evidence

### CAPITALIST

may obtain interest in the invention from the first, 13

### CARRIER

See Infringement

### CATALOGUES

relating to inventions, published by Comptroller, ii. 278

Patent Office closed on, ii. 370

Register of Patents not open to inspection on, ii. 366, 370

leaving documents, paying fees, &c., at Patent Office on, ii. 288, 370

```
CERTIFICATE
     of Comptroller is prima facie evidence, ii. 287
         form of, ii. 416
     of Board of Trade as to exhibitions, 126: ii. 277
     of particulars
         when necessary on taxation of costs in action on infringement, 536
                         on petition for revocation, 307
                           quary in action to restrain threats, 329
             omission to ask for, at the trial, 337
             power of Court of Appeal and House of Lords to grant, 337
             is granted (1) when particulars have been proven; (2) when in
                    the opinion of the Court or a Judge they were reasonable
                    and proper, 538
                  whether the particulars are of breaches or objections, 538
             when defendant admits infringement, 539
             when action is discontinued, 530
             when action not tried out on all issues, 539, 540, 541
             rule that Court will only certify such particulars as materials
                    before the Court enable it to say are reasonable and proper,
                    539
                  illustrations of the working of the rule, 539
             particulars not proved under a particular issue but necessary to
               determination of another issue, 542
             action in respect of several putents, 543
    of payment of renewal fees
         form of, ii. 398
         form of application for, ii. 398
    of Secretary of State for War or the Admiralty, to effect that invention
       should be kept secret, ii. 152
    of validity
         effect of, on costs of subsequent petition for revocation, 543
         effect of, on costs of subsequent action, 543—sec Costs – Solicitor and
           client's
         effect of, in subsequent action to restrain threats of legal proceedings,
               329
             meaning of "subsequent action," 548
         should be pleaded in subsequent action, 547
         powers of Court of Appeal and House of Lords as to, 547
         discretion of Court or Judge as to allowing solicitor and client's costs
               on the strength of, 548
             illustrations of exercise of, 549
             when subsequent defendant does not dispute validity, 550
         when may be given, 543
             after expiry of the patent, 543
             in absence of evidence on issue of validity, 545
             where plaintiff fails on issue of infringement, 547
             where defendant admits validity on a certain construction of the
               specification, 547
             query in action to restrain threats, 329
                 on petition for revocation, 544
             no appeal from grant of, 545
             form of, ii. 474
CESTUIS QUE TRUST
    right of, to sue in respect of infringement, ii. 159
    may be made party to action commenced by trustee, ii. 160
CHEMICAL INVENTION
    infringement of patent for, 373
    samples may be required on application for patent for, ii. 15
CHRISTMAS DAY
```

# CIRCULARS

threats of legal proceedings by, 308, 317

### CLAIM

Sec Specifications

CLASSES OF INVENTIONS, 46

# CLERICAL ERRORS

See Errors

### COGNATE INVENTIONS

statutory provisious as to, ii. 25 several may be included in one patent, ii. 26 dangers in including, in one patent, ii. 26 all provisional specifications issued with the complete, ii. 27 cancellation of an accepted complete specification, ii. 27

### COKE, SIR EDWARD

commentary by, on words "mischievous to the State by raising the prices of commodities at home," in 21 Jac. 1, c. 3, s. 6..156

### COLONIES

prior use in, no bar to English patent, 128

### COLOURABLE IMITATION

infringement by, 339, 366 is infringement though substitution of equivalents may not be, 366 objection to the use of the terms "colourable," "colourably," 339

### COMBINATION

if result is new, better or cheaper article, 75
whether parts are new or old, 73, 78
immateriality of novelty of parts, 78
merit largely depends on result produced, 74
ratio decidendi of the cases, 73
new combination may consist in
omission of a part or parts from an old combination, 78
addition to an old combination, 79
substitution of new equivalents for old parts, 78, 79, 81
examples of patents void for substitution of

examples of patents void for substitution of known equivalents, 81

rearrangement of old parts, 80

infringement of patent for, 349 - see also Infringement

by taking substance, 349

special claim for subsidiary part, 250, 350

by substitution of equivalents, 354

not known at the date of the patent, 355

doctrine of, not applicable in all cases, 351, 369

effect of public knowledge on question of, 356

two classes of cases, 356

Curtis v. Platt as type of one class, 358

Proctor v. Bennis as type of the other class, 361

correct application of the doctrine of, is a matter of difficulty in some cases, 369

illustrations, 379

colourable imitation is infringement though substitution of equivalents may not be, 339, 366

new parts of new, are subject-matter for separate patents or claims, 78

# COMMERCIAL SUCCESS

as a test of invention, 41

not necessarily evidence of utility, 477

want of, not necessarily evidence of non-utility, 477

# COMMERCIAL UTILITY

as it affects validity, 160, 477

### COMMISSION

credited to petitioner on application for extension of term of patent, ii. 241

# COMMITTEE OF LUNATIC

declaration by, 14

### COMMON KNOWLEDGE

effect of, on question of invention or no invention, 41, 152, 431, 471
effect of, on construction of specification, 281, 283, 356, 481
as objection to validity, 431
how the plea should be raised, 431
distinction between issue of, and prior publication, 432
limitation as to what may be referred to under plea of, 431
particulars of, not requisite if ambit of claim only and not validity of patent is attacked, 431, 480

### COMMON LAW

declaration of, by Statute of Monopolies, 1 cases on subject-matter prior to Statute of Monopolies, 103, note (i) novelty as a requisite at, 102 preserved by Statute of Monopolies, 104 utility a, requisite, 154

### COMMUNICATION

by one to another in the realm not subject-matter, 24
made abroad may be subject-matter, 22, 23
patents granted for, 24
by one foreigner to another abroad good subject-matter, 25
foreigner's application for patent, ii. 24
rights under s. 91 of Act 1907 are personal, ii. 30
amendment of specification in case of, invention, ii. 116
extension of term of patent in case of, invention, ii. 217, 236, 240
sufficiency of specification in case of, invention, 25

# COMMUNICATOR

as true and first inventor when the invention is a foreign one, 22 the invention is made in the realm, 25 extension of term of patent on petition of, ii. 217, 236, 240

# COMPANY

"person" includes, ii. 305
may be registered as proprietor, 26
as sole patentee, 26
may be joint original patentee, 26
as petitioner for extension of term of patent, ii. 216
directors of, personally liable for infringement, 395
patent owned by limited, vests in Crown on dissolution of, ii. 173

# COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

See Specifications

# COMPTROLLER

as defined by Act of 1907..ii. 257
is appointed by the Board of Trade, ii. 284
may be removed by Board of Trade, ii. 284
acts under superintendence and direction of the Board of Trade, ii. 284
always appears at hearing of petition for extension, ii. 226
may oppose without notice, ii. 226
not entitled to costs, ii. 226
certificate of, primâ facie evidence, ii. 287

```
COMPTROLLER--continued.
     discretion of Crown as to granting patents is exercised through the, ii. 1
         on the report of examiners with regard to acceptance of applications,
            ii. 7
         subject to appeal to the law officer, ii. 8
              practice on, ii. 8, 424
         power to refuse patent for invention to be used for illegal or immoral
            purpose, 32: ii. 7
     no inquiry as to age, coverture, or sanity of an applicant by, 14
     hearing of opposition by, ii. 39
     reopening of cases decided by, ii. 42
     discretion of, as to amendments of specifications, ii. 102, 105
     exercise of discretionary power of, subject to appeal, ii. 8
     form of certificate of, ii. 416
     power of, to take direction of law officer, ii. 287
         to refuse application or to require amendment, ii. 7
         to decide question of "manufacture," ii. 7
         to take vivá voce evidence, ii. 39, 287
         to impose conditions on application for patent, ii. 41
         to impose conditions on granting leave to apply to amend specifications,
            ii. 121
         to correct clerical errors, ii. 120
         to take evidence on oath, ii. 39, 287
         to revoke patents, ii. 84
         to refuse patent for immoral or illegal purpose, 32: ii. 7
         to prevent ambiguity of specification, ii. 69
         to require amendment of specification on report of examiner, ii. 7
         to amend documents, &c., ii. 370
         over costs of proceedings on application for patent, ii. 42
         over costs of application for leave to amend specification, ii. 136
     required to publish illustrated journal and report of cases, ii. 77
         also annual report, ii. 287
COMPULSORY LICENCES
     statutory provisions as to, ii. 183
     patentee may be compelled to grant, ii. 184
     obligation of patentee to use invention or allow others to do so, ii. 184
     Board of Trade refers petition to the Court, ii. 184
     form of application for grant of, ii. 404
     form of petition for grant of, ii. 405
     form of opposition to grant of, ii. 406
     grounds for grant of, ii. 185
     practice on application for, ii. 186
    revocation of patent in lieu of, ii. 185
    practice as to, ii. 186
         rules, ii. 362
     enforcement of order for, ii. 186
CONDITIONS
    avoidance of certain, on sale, lease or licence, ii. 196
         comments on sect. 38 of Act of 1907, ii. 199
    of grant of patent, 172: ii. 145
         non-compliance with, a ground of revocation, 296
    special, may be imposed on application for patent, ii. 41
         or amendment of specification, ii. 121
    licence limited by, ii. 190
    infringement by breach of, 381-384
CONSENT
```

B

judgment by, 492

revocation by, 304

```
CONSIDERATION
    disclosure of invention and means of performing it as, for a patent, 172:
      ii. 145
    for a patent is entire, 110
    theory of action is not part of, 63, 196
    partial failure of, for patent is fatal to validity, 110, 164
    novelty as part of, for a patent, 102
    utility as part of, for a patent, 154
    not necessary for licence by deed, ii. 195
    no restriction as to, for licence, ii. 195
    usual, for licence, ii. 195
CONSIGNEE
    of goods shipped from abroad, defendant to action of infringement, 397
CONSOLIDATION OF ACTIONS
    can be obtained only at the instance of the defendants, 493
    several actions on the same patent, 493
    several actions by different plaintiffs against the same defendant, 493
    time for, 493
    how to be effected, 493
CONSTRUCTION
    of letters patent, 273
    of specifications—sec Specifications
CONTEMPT OF COURT
    breach of injunction, a, 503
         motion for committal, 503
             proof necessary on, 503
             expiry of patent, an answer to, 505
             amendment of specification as answer to, 505
             is procedure whereby to determine whether acts done since
               injunction, similar though not the same as those done before,
               are a breach of the injunction, 505
             solicitor and client's costs on, 506
        justification for, 504
    advertisements relative to ex parte statements in Court which are, 506
         advertisements and statements relative to evidence and expense of trial
           or appeal which are not, 506
    effect of s. 36 of Act of 1907 on rule as to comment pending litigation, 315,
      316
    misrepresentation as to effect of refusal of interlocutory injunction, 449
    publications tending to influence result of pending suit, 506
CONTRACT
    breach of, no justification for infringement of patent, 386
    for supply of infringing articles as measure of damage, 519
    distinction between construction of a, and a specification, 200
    patent considered as of the nature of a, 103, 170, 195, 332
CONTRACTORS
    of Crown authority, right to use invention on terms, ii. 193
CONVENTION (INTERNATIONAL)—See International Convention
    for protection of industrial property, ii. 309
        final protocol, ii. 321
        accession of her Majesty's Government to, ii. 326
             declaration of acceptance of, ii. 327
         Act modifying, ii. 329
```

CO-GRANTEES interest of, ii. 156

# CO-OWNERS OF PATENT should be joint petitioners on application to amend a specification, ii. 132 but amendments may be allowed in absence of unregistered, ii. 132 covenants for protection of, ii. 157 disputes between, on an application for extension of the term of a patent, ii. 235 rights of, to sue in respect of infringements, ii. 158, 159 to sue in respect of royalties, ii. 159 to personal use of the invention, ii. 156 to grant licences, ii. 156 trustee and cestuis que trust, ii. 159 original co-grantees, ii. 156 COPIES of deeds, licences, &c. to be supplied to Comptroller, ii. 270 sealed, purporting to be signed by the Comptroller to be received in evidence, ii. 287 certified, of documents in Patent Office, ii. 366 of Patent Office publications, presentation of, ii. 288 ·CORPORATION—See Body Corporate may be joint patentee, 26 but not sole original patentee, 26 except in case of invention communicated from abroad, 26 sole as patentee, 26 CORRECTION See Amendment of the Specifications COSTS of application for patent Comptroller has now power over, ii. 42 law officer has power over, ii. 42 order of Comptroller or law officer may be made a rule of Court, ii. 42 how, ii. 42 of amendment of specification, ii. 136, 276 of opposition to grant of patent, ii. 42 of action of infringement, 529 effect of House of Lords judgment with costs, 498 discretion of the Court or a Judge, 528 ignorance of the patent does not exempt from liability, 529 circumstances which will induce the Court to deprive a successful plaintiff of, 529 defendant admitting and undertaking to discontinue infringement, 529 oppressive conduct on the part of the plaintiff, 530 discontinuance, 530 apportionment of, 532 where plaintiff succeeds on validity but fails on infringement, 532 fails on validity but succeeds on infringement, 535 drawings, 551 inquiry as to damages, 553 usually reserved, 553 expert's fees, 551 further and better particulars, 423 interest on, returned as result of an appeal, 498 issues, abandoned at the trial, 532 separate, 532 motion to commit for breach of injunction, 503 models, 551 on the higher scale, 553 illustrations of cases in which, are given, 553 on appeal though refused below, 553 reservation of question as to, till taxation, 554

```
COSTS—continued.
    of action of infringement—continued.
        party and party, 551
        scientific evidence, 551
        security for, against a small plaintiff company, 420
                     of appeal, 495
                        when appellant is bankrupt, 495
        shorthand notes, 552
             usual agreement as to, 552
        solicitor and client's, 548
             Public Authority entitled to, 550
             not always given though certificate of validity has been obtained
               in a former action, 543
             discretion of the Court or a Judge, 548
                 illustration of exercise of the, 549
                 when defendant does not dispute validity, 550
        taxation
             agreed inspection, 462
             certificate of particulars, 536
                 when necessary on taxation, 536
                 omission to ask for, at the trial, 537
                 power of Court of Appeal and House of Lords to grant, 537
                 is grauted (1) where particulars have been proven; (2) where
                   in the opinion of the Court or a Judge they were reasonable
                    and proper, 538
                 where action is discontinued, 530
                 in case of judgment by default, 542
                  where action is not tried out on all the issues, 539, 540, 541
                 rule that Court will only certify such particulars as the
                        materials before the Court enable it to say are reason-
                        able and proper, 539
                      illustrations of the working of the rule, 539
                 particulars not proved under a specific issue but necessary
                    for the decision of another issue, 542
                 action in respect of several patents, 543
             certificate of validity in former action and its effect on costs of a
                    subsequent action, 543
                 should be pleaded in subsequent action, 547
                  meaning of "subsequent action," 548
             discretion of taxing-master as to, pending appeal, 496: ii. 209
                 of fresh evidence on appeal, 496
    of three counsel, 552
    of interrogatories, 453
         must be secured, 453
    of petition to the Court for revocation, 397
         respondent out of jurisdiction cannot be compelled to give security for,
           302
        certificate of particulars when necessary on taxation, 307
    of threats action, 330
        caused by trying action in two forms, 330
    of petition for extension of term, ii. 247
    Comptroller and Board of Trade are not entitled to, ii. 247
    practice rather to encourage than discourage, ii. 247
    one set of, only amongst all opponents, ii. 247
    abandoned petition, ii. 247
COUNSEL
    joint petitioners for revocation must appear by same, 304
    only two, heard on each side on petition for extension, ii. 225
         unless opponents have distinct and separate interests, ii. 225
    costs of three, 552
COUNTERCLAIM
    revocation of patent by way of, 420
    fiat of Attorney-General may be necessary, 421
    unsuccessful defendant in prior action, 422
    precedent of, ii. 458
```

# COUNTY COURT no jurisdiction to try actions in which the validity of a patent is in issue, 485 action to recover royalties may be brought in, 485 COURT as defined by Act of 1907..ii. 293 COURT OF APPEAL discretion of, as to admitting evidence not within the particulars, 465 fresh evidence, 495 issues abandoned below, 497 decisions on facts as well as law may be reversed by, 497 decision of several points by, when one is sufficient, 498 jurisdiction of, to grant certificate of particulars, 537 of validity, 544 COURT OF COUNTY PALATINE OF LANCASTER jurisdiction of, to try patent actions, 485 to amend specifications pending action or petition, ii. 140 to grant an account of profits or inquiry as to damages, 507 to grant certificate of validity, 545 to hear petition for revocation, 291 COVENANTS assignment with notice of, ii. 168 usual, inserted in licences, ii. 195 avoidance of certain, on sale, lease or licence, ii. 196 comments on sect. 33 of Act of 1907...ii. 199 recovery of royalties paid without kn wledge of breach of, ii. 207 estoppel in virtue of, implying validity, ii. 201 not to carry out work which might infringe or compete with the patent, ii. 202 in restraint of trade by assignor and their enforcement, ii. 154 covenants in restraint of trade by licensee, ii. 196, 202 to assign future improvements, advisable for protection of assignce, ii. 160 difficulties in drafting and interpretation of, ii. 161 for protection of co-owners, advisable on assignments, ii. 157 for title, to grant licences, and for validity are not implied by law, ii. 195 COVERTURE See Married Women CRANE v. PRICE decision in, doubtful on the facts, 60 CROWN discretion of, in matter of granting patents, ii. 1 exercised through Comptroller-General and law officers, ii. 1 not suspended during minority or incapacity of the sovereign, ii. 1 authority of, to grant an extension of the term of a patent, ii. 211—see EXTENSION OF TERM OF PATENT patent binds the, ii. 194 but the Crown has the right to use of inventions on terms, ii. 193 procedure to question authority of, or its officers to use an invention, ii. 194 patent owned by limited company vests in, on dissolution of the company, ii. 173 no merger when a patent vests in the, ii. 173 CURTIS v. PLATT type of case to which doctrine of infringements by substitution of equivalents is inapplicable, 358, 369 facts in, 358

rule in, 360

instances of application of, 358, note (p), 363

### CUSTOM HOUSE AGENT

liability of, in respect of importation of infringing goods, 388

### CUSTOMERS

disclosure of defendant's, 457
notice by plaintiff to defendant's, in infringement action, 316
threats to, 315
disclosure of defendant's, on inquiry as to damages, 512
motion to commit liquidator for non-compliance with order for, 512

### DAMAGES

See Account or Damages; Threats of Legal Proceedings

### DEATH

of person possessed of an invention for which no application for a patent has been made, 13: ii. 173 of person possessed of an invention in respect of which an application for a patent has been made, 14

### DECLARATION

statutory, for use in Patent Office, ii. 6
how to be made and subscribed, ii. 6
exempt from stamp duty, ii. 6
of acceptance of accession of British Government to International Convention, ii. 327
that patentee holds as trustee, 22
of invalidity may probably be obtained in special circumstances, 289

# **DEDUCTIONS**

See EXTENSION OF TERM OF PATENT

### DEED

assignments of patents must be by, failing act and operation of law, ii. 149
no particular form of words necessary, ii. 149
licences by, ii. 179
necessity for a formal, is question of construction in cases of executory
agreements for licences, ii. 180

### DEFENCE

in action of infringement, 408 two main defences are open, 408 denial of infringement, 408 denial of validity, 408 alternative pleas of no infringement and acts done under licence are not allowable, ii. 205 breach of contract by plaintiff no, 408 ignorance as a, 338, 515 intention no, 337 all grounds of, should be stated, 408 relation of, to particulars of objections, 409 particulars do not stand in the place of pleas, 409 and cannot go outside pleas, 409 denial of validity on the grounds stated in the particulars of objections is sufficient, 409 grounds on which invalidity may be pleaded, 409 patentee not true and first inventor, 409 invention not subject-matter, 409, 411 invention not new, 409, 411 invention not useful, 409, 411 prior grant, 410, 412 insufficiency of specification, 409, 413

```
DEFENCE—continued.
    in action of infringement—continued.
         grounds on which invalidity may be pleaded—continued.
             disconformity, 410, 413
             abuse of monopoly, 414
             lapse of patent before acts complained of, 410
             any ground on which the patent might, before 1884, have been
               repleaded by scire facias, 410
             any ground on which the patent might be revoked by Comptroller
               or as an alternative to the grant of a compulsory licence, 410
             non-compliance with an order under P. R. (1908), r. 59.,410
         fresh issues may, on leave, be raised during the progress of the action,
           414
         estoppel of defendant from denying the validity of the patent, 415
             arbitration between parties before action, 420
             decision in former action, 415
                 parties to subsequent action not the same as parties to the
                    former, 415
                  specification amended after former action removes estoppel,
                    416
             defendant having submitted to an injunction, 417
             defendant a licensee, 417
             defendant an assignor, 418
                 may deny ambit of claim, 418
                 or particular construction of specification, 418: ii. 163
             defendant a former partner of the plaintiff, 418
             agreement between the parties, 418
             assignment by trustee in bankruptcy does not necessarily estop
               original patentee, 420
             some co-defendants may be estopped whilst others are not, 420
             defendant may be estopped on motion for interlocutory injunc-
                tion, though not at the trial, 419
    inspection for purpose of preparing, 461
    precedents of, in action of infringement, ii. 456
         in action to restrain threats of legal proceedings, ii. 477
    withdrawal of, 531
DEFENDANT
    to infringement action, 395
    not appearing at trial, 492
DEFECTS
    what allusions to, in prior inventions are allowable in subsequent specifi-
      cations, ii. 61
DEFINITIONS
    affidavit, ii. 302
    anticipation and publication, 114
    British possession, ii. 294
    Comptroller, ii. 257
    Court, the, ii. 293, 296
    Court of Appeal, ii. 293, 304
    disclaimer, ii. 113
    distinct statement of invention claimed, 244
    foreign application, ii. 27
    "improvements" as used in title, 86
    industrial property, ii. 321
    infringement, 336
    injunction, in Scotland, means interdict, ii. 296
    invention, ii. 294
    inventor, ii. 294
    law officer, ii. 294
    manufacture, 29
    month, ii. 302
```

```
DEFINITIONS—continued.
    novelty and discovery, 114
    oath, ii. 302
    ordinary skilful workman, 210
    patent, ii. 294
    "patents" as used in International Convention, ii. 321
    patentee, 294
    "'person" includes "body corporate," ii. 305
    "prescribed," in reference to Act of 1907., ii. 294
    public knowledge, 105
    public use, 123
    rules of Court, ii. 305
    service by post, ii. 306
    statutory declaration, ii. 305
    "subsequent action," in reference to costs, 548
    subject-matter
        exhaustive definition of, not possible, 46
        by Statute of Monopolies, 4, 28
    utility, 159
DEGREE
    invention may consist in, 45
DELAY -- See Laches
    in applying for a patent is undesirable, ii. 127
    in sealing a patent, ii. 72
    may be bar to amendment of specification, ii. 121
    effect of, on right to account or damages, 509
    disentitles plaintiff to interlocutory injunction, 436
        what amounts to, 437
        may sometimes be explained, 438
             examples, 438
    no bar to perpetual injunction, 500
DESIGNS
    statute law as to, ii. 279
DESTRUCTION OR DELIVERY TO PLAINTIFF OF INFRINGING
      ARTICLES
    power of Court to order, 525
        as alternative remedies, 525
    when infringing article is composite, 527
        marking of infringing articles, 527
    loss caused to defendant by, 527
    question as to, may be reserved, 527
    form of order for, 527: ii. 469
DETAILS
    improvements in, made by servant of inventor, 21
    mentioned in complete and provisional specifications may differ, 179
    effect of variations in, on question of infringement, 369
DIRECTOR OF COMPANY
    may be personally liable for infringements, 395
DISCLAIMER-See Amendment of Specifications; Opposition to Grant of
      PATENT
    claim is by implication a, 245: ii. 118
    amendment of specification by, 104: ii. 113
        definition of, ii. 113
        object of allowable, ii. 113
             removal of ambiguity, ii. 116
                 e.y., limitation to one of two possible meanings, ii. 116
                     rule in Seed v. Higgins, ii. 116
```

# DISCLAIMER—continued. amendment of specification by-continued. insufficiency of specification may not be cured by, ii. 116 but quary in the case of communicated inventions, ii. 116 extension of claim by, is not allowable, ii. 114 i.c., extension of total grant, ii. 114 sealed copy of, in Patent Office is evidence, ii. 287 at hearing of opposition to grant of a patent Comptroller sometimes effects the principle that no claim is allowed which is wide enough to include something already patented, by requiring a general or special, ii. 56 grounds on which required, ii. 57, 63 general disclaimers are more usual than special, ii. 62 principles upon which special disclaimers are ordered, ii. 58 special references in cases of concurrent applications, ii. 60 master or pioneer patent, ii. 61 difference in effect of general and special disclaimer, ii. 16 difference between a special disclaimer and a general disclaimer in terms of opponent's claim, ii. 65 opponent seeking special disclaimer must adjure evidence of the state of knowledge, ii. 16 DISCONFORMITY—See also Improvement; Specifications; Variance meaning of, 184 when fatal to validity, 185 whether before or after amendment, 186 if case is doubtful patent should be sustained, 187 when a ground for refusing an application for a patent, ii. 69 true way to decide questions of fact as to, 186 effect of detailing advantages in the provisional specification, 188 illustrative cases of patents held void for, 187, note illustrative cases in which objection of, failed, 189, note DISCONTINUANCE of action of infringement, 530 DISCOVERY not every, is subject-matter, 32 distinction between, and invention, 32 distinction between, and novelty, 114 in action of infringement, 450 interrogatories, 450 may be administered notwithstanding necessity for particulars, 450 must be limited to facts enabling interrogating party to prove his case, 450° as to fact of infringement, 456 when complete answer cannot be given without ocular demonstration, 456 fishing, are not allowable, 451 involving a construction of the specification are not allowed, 456 irrelevant, are not allowable, 450 plaintiff and defendant have an equal right to discovery, 452 when discovery a matter of indifference to party against whom it is sought, 452 or cannot help the interrogating party till he obtain judgment. 452 rule that "he who answers must answer fully," 453 names and addresses of alleged prior users, 456 defendant's customers, 457 disclosure of processes used by alleged infringer, 456 as to documents not disclosed in original affidavit. 458 costs of, must be secured, 453 right to, may depend on prior decision of an issue, 453-454 trade secrets and, 454

```
DISCOVERY—continued.
    in action of infringement—continued.
         privileged communications, 455
             communications between putentee and patent agent not, 455
             communications between patentee and his solicitor are, 455
        production of documents, 457
             documents not disclosed in original affidavits, 458
                 further affidavit of documents, 458
                      interrogatories as to, 458
             effect of limited order for, 459
        on an account of profits or an inquiry as to damages
             number of infringing articles sold with the prices, 512
             names and addresses of defendant's customers, 512
             profits of defendant's business before as well as after infringe-
               ment, 513
        on petition to the Court for revocation
             as in action of infringement, 303
             time for application for, 303
DISMISSAL
    of subsequent action after judgment in earlier action, 391
DOCUMENTS—See also Affidavit
    publication by, 136
        foreign books, 137
        a question of fact, 138
             document may be public property the moment it is written, 141
             terms of art may have different meanings in different, 141
             document which points away from the patentee's claim, 141
             description of a useless machine no publication of useful one, 151
             provisional specifications, 142
             no necessity to prove that prior description has been put in
               practice, 142
             mere suggestion is not publication, 143
             general statement as to a class, 150
             sufficiency of description necessary to amount to publication, 144
             document though no publication may narrow the ambit of
               patentee's claim, 150
             difference between a prior document and a prior machine or a
               publication, 136
             several different documents taken together, 152
                 mosaic of extracts from, 152
             highly scientific inventions, 149
        evidence as to, 473
             notice to admit is necessary, 475
                 proof of documents not admitted, 475
    production of, 457
        documents not disclosed in original affidavit, 458
             further affidavit of, 458
             interrogatories as to, 458
        which constitute evidence of, as distinguished from prior user, 429
        effect of limited order for, 459
    discovery of relevant, 458
    amendment of, by Comptroller, ii. 370
    may be sent by post to Patent Office, ii. 288
    provisions as to day for leaving at Patent Office, ii. 288
    sealed copies of, in Patent Office are evidence, ii. 287
    for use in Patent Office, size of, ii. 347
        leaving and serving, ii. 347
        address for service, ii. 347
```

# DOLLOND'S CASE

authority on law of true and first inventor, 16 contrasted with Tennant's case and Rex v. Arkwright, 17, 115

# DRAWINGS

both provisional and complete specification must be accompanied by, if required, 180: ii. 6, 15 both specifications may be accompanied by the same, ii. 352 complete specification may refer to the, which accompany the provisional, ii. 352 errors in, corrected by letterpress, 285, 286 not published unless application is accepted, 142: ii. 14 amendment of, ii. 7, 121 amendment of specification by insertion of new, ii. 121 costs of, in action of infringement, 551 effect of, on construction of specifications, 285 as aiding description and limiting claim, 285, 286 references to drawings may or may not be restrictive, 247 powers of Board of Trade as to, ii. 290 size and preparation of, for use in the Patent Office, ii. 351 transmission of certified copies of, ii. 288 publication by, 151

DUE DILIGENCE—See Threats of Legal Proceedings an interlocutory action not prosecuted with, a ground for dissolving an interlocutory injunction, 449

### DUPLICATES

of letters patent, ii. 77 of specifications, &c., ii. 290

### DURATION

Sec EXTENT AND DURATION OF LETTERS PATENT

### DUTIES-See STAMPS

payment of, in respect of assignments of patents, ii. 149 payable in respect of patents—\*\* FEES payable in reference to registration of patent agents, ii. 432

EDINBURGH MUSEUM OF SCIENCE AND ART transmission of certified copies of specifications, &c. to, ii. 288

### **EMPLOYER**

not entitled to invention made by employee, 20 but is entitled to details worked out by employee, 21 suggestions made by employee, 21

### ENGLAND

revocation of letters patent in, effect of, 290

### ENLARGEMENT OF TIME

Comptroller's general power as to, ii. 370 in case of Convention applications, ii. 350, 370 as to evidence of invention having been obtained from opponent, ii. 356, 370 as to opposition to restoration of lapsed patent, ii. 359, 370 in proceedings for amendment of specification, ii. 361, 370 for appealing to law officer, ii. 424

# EQUITY

no infringement on, of a patent, 337

# **EQUIVALENTS**

substitution of known, not subject-matter, 81 substitution of new, is subject-matter, 81 examples of patents void as being merely for the substitution of one known, for another, 81

```
EQUIVALENTS—continued.
    prior use of, may or may not be publication, 115
    importance of, in questions relating to opposition to grant of patents, ii. 54
    effect of words "or any mechanical equivalent," 280 (note)
    infringement by use of, 354
        doctrine of, not applicable in all cases, 354, 369
        equivalents not known at date of patent, 355
         effect of public knowledge on question of, 356
             two classes of cases, 356
                  Curtis v. Platt as type of one class, 358
                  Proctor v. Bennis as type of the other class, 361
                  difficulty in deciding in which class a particular case falls, 363
        correct application of doctrine of, a matter of difficulty sometimes,
               356, 369
             illustrations, 370
        chemical patents and, 373
             use of ingredients in proportions outside those claimed, 374
ERRORS
    in specifications
         effect of, on sufficiency, 216
             if corrected by other parts are not fatal, 286
             if apparent are not fatal, 287
             if not apparent are fatal, 287
             which amount to false suggestion are fatal, 287
             construction of, by the Court, 286
             clerical
                  power of Comptroller to correct, ii. 119
                  power of Master of Rolls to correct, ii. 119
                  present practice as to, ii. 120
                  delay in applying to correct, ii. 121
                  form of request for correction of, ii. 415
ESSENCE OF INVENTION
    should be specifically claimed, 278
    may be protected though not specifically claimed, 278
     evidence as to, 343
ESTOPPEL
     of assiguor, ii. 162
         recitals and covenants by, which affect an, ii. 162
         as against assignce from denying title to convey, ii. 163
              but not a particular construction of the specification, ii. 163
         no estoppel from assisting defendant with evidence, ii. 164
         assignment by trustee in bankruptcy does not estop bankrupt patentee,
           420: ii. 165
         of licensee as against his assignee, 417: ii. 201
     of defendant to action of infringement from denying validity, 415
         decision in former action, 415
              different parties, 415
              amendment of specification after action removes estoppel, 416
         prior submission to injunction, 417
         revocation of patent pending inquiry as to damages, 416
         agreement between parties, 418
         assignment by trustee in bankruptcy, 419
         defendant assignor, 418
         defendant licensce, 417
         defendant a former partner of plaintiff, 418
         some joint defendants may be estopped whilst others are not, 420
         may operate on motion for interlocutory injunction though not at the
           trial, 419
     of licensee, ii. 201
         from denying validity of patent in action by licensor, 417: ii. 201
              but not if licence not under seal unless acted on, ii. 204
              or if licensee is only equitable assignee of exclusive licensee, ii. 204
```

```
ESTOPPEL—continued.
    of licensee—continucd.
         no, against denial of existence or ambit of licence, ii. 202
             or ambit of patentee's claim, ii. 203
         riay be subject of special covenant, ii. 204
         terminates with the licence, ii. 205
             ex-licensee representing articles as made under licence, ii. 202
    licence to construct only may operate as an, against third party with notice,
      ii. 202
    no, against petitioner for revocation in respect of an unsuccessful action for
      infringement, 305
EVIDENCE
    power of Comptroller as to taking vivd vocc, ii. 39, 287
    action of infringement, 465
         necessary on application for interlocutory injunction, 436
         necessary to obtain an order for inspection, 460
         necessity for evidence of actual damage, 518
         when defendant does not appear at the trial, 465
         confined to the particulars, 401, 422, 465
             except by leave of Court or a Judge, 465
             net within the particulars, 465
                  discretion of Court as to, 465
                  discretion of Court of Appeal as to, 465
                  particulars not objected to are construed widely, 466
                      and such evidence is admitted as is within their literal
                        meaning, 466
                  arguments founded on, 467
         of assignee, 466
             interest in validity of patent may affect, 466
         of licensee admissible in action brought by patentee, 468: ii. 204
             though action is for benefit of the licensee, 468
         expert, 468
             necessity for, and value of, 468
             limit of admissibility of, 469
             costs of, 551
         rebutting, 474
             evidence by way of rejoindure to, 475
         proof of documents filed in Patent Office, ii. 287
         necessary to prove
             grant of patent, 470
             scope of invention claimed, 470
             issue of true and first inventor, 471
                  effect of previous failures on, 41
             issue of subject-matter, 471
                  novelty and utility not conclusive evidence of invention, 38
                  simplicity is not conclusive evidence of lack of invention, 42
             issue of novelty, 472
                  plaintiff must give prima facic evidence on, 472
                      onus then on the defendant, 473
                  documents as evidence of publication, 473
                      necessity for notice to admit documents, 475
                           proof of documents not admitted, 475
                               scaled copies of documents filed at Patent
                                  Office are evidence, ii. 287
                      not necessary to prove patentee's knowledge of prior
                             document, 138
                           quary proof of public right of access to, is sufficient,
                             140
                      not necessary to prove actual use of prior published
                        invention, 142
                  common knowledge
                      us objection to validity, 431
                      how plea should be raised, 431
                      distinction between issue of, and prior publication, 432
                      particulars of, not requisite if ambit of claim only and
                        not validity of patent is attacked, 433, 480
```

```
EVIDENCE—continued.
    action of infringement-continued.
         necessary to prove -continued.
             issue of novelty-continued.
                  rebutting evidence may be given by plaintiff on, 474
                  recalling witnesses, 475
                 evidence of person who has knowledge of plaintiff's specifi-
                    cation, 474, 476
                  models as evidence on, 476
             issue of utility, 476
                  user or non-user by the public as evidence on, 162, 477
                      commercial success, 160, 477
             issue of sufficiency of specification, 478
                  plaintiff must give some evidence on, 478
                      onus then on defendant to establish insufficiency, 478
                  amendment of specification as evidence of prior invalidity,
                    312: ii. 106
             issue of infringement, 479
                  a mixed question of law and fact, 261, 479
                  common knowledge directed to, may be given without
                    particulars, 480
                  multiplicity of expert evidence not admissible on, 480
                  effect of prior construction of specification by Court of equal
                    jurisdiction, 481
                  defendant himself a patentee, 482
                  necessity for proof that alleged infringement was not com-
                        mitted by agents or under licence of the plaintiff, 482
                       or that an alleged licence was given under misapprehen-
                        sion, 482
                  when it is sufficient for the plaintiff to make out a prima facie
                        case on, 483
                      facts which are prima facie evidence of infringement, 483
                  defence that alleged infringement is a trade secret, evidence
                    given in camerá, 485
                  when onus is on plaintiff to prove that infringing article was
                    not made by his authority, 484
         fresh evidence on appeal, 305, 495
             amendment of particulars so as to admit, 495
             issues abandoned below not allowed to be raised on, 497
             effect of defendant's right to petition for revocation, 305
             costs of, 496
    opposition to grant of patent, ii. 37
    petition for extension, ii. 225
    petition for revocation by the Court, 301
         confined to particulars, 301
             except by leave of Court or a Judge, 301
         trial on affidavit evidence, 303
    application for revocation by the Comptroller, ii. 85, 97
    statutory provisions as to giving in, and effect as, of,
         Board of Trade Orders and Certificates, 485: ii. 291
        Patent Office copies and certificates of specifications, disclaimers and
           other documents or extracts from them, 485: ii. 287
         Register of Patents, 485: ii. 270
         Scal of the Patent Office, 485: ii. 284
EXAMINATION
    of application, ii. 7
    of complete specification, ii. 14
EXAMINERS
    appointed under Act of 1907..ii. 284
        application for patent is referred to, ii. 7
             duties of examiners, ii. 7
             Comptroller may refuse application on report of, ii. 7
                  or require amendment of specifications and drawings, ii. 7
```

# examiners—continued. appointed under Act of 1907—continued. complete specification is referred to, ii. 16 and Comptroller may refuse it or require an amendment on report of, ii. 16 search as to novelty, ii. 17 reports of, are not published, ii. 21 power of Court to order production of, ii. 21 effect of, in cases of rival applications, ii. 21

### EXECUTION

against patent, ii. 174

### EXECUTOR

patent vests in, ii. 172

# EXHIBITIONS (INDUSTRIAL OR INTERNATIONAL)

protection of non-patented inventions exhibited at, 126
Patents Rules, 1903, as to, ii. 368
form of notice of intended exhibition of an unpatented invention, ii. 418
foreign corporation carrying on business by hiring a stand at, 386, note (u)

### EXISTING PATENTS

provisions of Act of 1883 as to, ii. 298

### EXISTING RULES

provisions of Act of 1883 as to, ii. 298

### EXPERIMENTAL USE

and publication, 117
prior, though profitable is not necessarily fatal to validity, 122, 130
law as to, stated by Tindal, C.J., 118
always a question of fact, 119
and infringement, 377
use by way of bond fide experiment no infringement, 377
use for advantage is infringement, 378
c.g., use for instruction of pupils, 378

# EXPERIMENTS

law of anticipation by, 118
unsuccessful, no publication, 118
publication by, always a question of fact, 119
abandoned, prima facie presumed to have been incomplete, 119
illustrative cases, 119, note (u)
when necessity for, renders a specification bad and when not, 208, 218
expenses of, credited to petitioner for extension of term of patent, ii. 241
inclusion in complete specification of results of, made during period of
provisional protection, 182

# EXPERT

evidence of, and its value, 468
costs of, 551
multiplicity of, evidence not admissible, 480
form of order for reference to obtain opinion of independent, during action,
ii. 467
form of order for experiments before, and his report to the Court thereon,
ii. 467

### EXPLANATION

See Amendment of Specifications

```
EXTENSION OF TERM OF PATENT
    Crown has authority to grant an, ii. 211
    is a matter of favour and not of right, ii. 218
    only one period of, in respect of the same patent, ii. 246
    cannot be demanded ex debito justitia, ii. 227
    when same invention is patented abroad, ii. 240
    procedure for, prior to 1835 was by special Act of Parliament, ii. 212
         between 1835 and 1908 was by way of petition to Privy Council, ii.
           212
    procedure for, is by way of petition to the Court, ii. 212
        i.c., the selected Judge, ii. 214
        rules regulating the, ii. 433
    petitioner, ii. 214
        who may be, ii. 214
             original patentee, ii. 214
             legal personal representative, ii. 214
             assignee, ii. 214
                 not so favourably received as original patentee, ii. 215
                 who has advanced capital for development is more favourably
                   received than one who has not, ii. 215
                 companies, ii. 216
             importer, ii. 217
                 not so meritorious as an original inventor, ii. 217
             exclusive licensee should be a co-petitioner, ii. 217
             quary mortgagee, ii. 170
    petition, ii. 217
        cognate patents may be included in one, ii. 217
        requisites of, ii. 217
             full disclosure of all essential facts must be made, ii. 218
                 examples, ii. 218
                 amendments may be made, ii. 219
                      how, ii. 219
             departure from statutory, affects jurisdiction of the Court, ii.
                   219
                 but not so non-compliance with the rules, ii. 219
        advertisement of intention to present, is necessary, ii. 220
             in London Gazette, ii. 220
                 and other papers, ii. 220
                      petitioner resident abroad, ii. 222
             precedent of, ii. 485
             affidavit of advertisement must accompany the petition, ii. 221
             must be proved before petition is heard, ii. 222
                 otherwise the Court has no jurisdiction, ii. 222
             Court may dispense with the prescribed mode of, ii. 222
             name of equitable assignce must appear in, ii. 222
        the appointed day, ii. 221
             advertisement of, ii. 221
             application to Court to fix, ii. 221
        service of, on all opponents is necessary, ii. 223
             time limit for presentation of, ii. 212, 219
                 six months before the natural expiration of the patent, ii. 212,
                        219
                      and one week after last requisite advertisement in the
                        London Gazette, ii. 221
        documents necessary to be lodged before hearing of, ii. 222
        precedents of, ii. 486
        opposition
            any person may give notice of objection, ii. 223
                 interest in the patent is not essential, ii. 223
                 notice of opposition, ii. 233
                     form of, ii. 485
                 copy of petition must be served on opponent, ii. 223
                 power of Court to excuse compliance with the rules, ii. 225
             Comptroller-General always appears at the hearing, ii. 226
                 and may oppose without notice, ii. 226
```

# EXTENSION OF TERM OF PATENT—continued. petition—continued. opposition—continued. opponent is entitled to be heard on application to fix the appointed day, ii. 224 also, at his own expense, to all accounts lodged by petitioner, ii. 225 all opponents must be served, ii. 223 objections particulars of, to be served on petitioner, ii. 224 and copies lodged with Solicitor of the Board of Trade, ii. 224 precedent of, ii. 495 grounds of, ii. 227 extension detrimantal to public interest, ii. 228 grant of an exclusive licence, ii. 228 may be surmounted by licensee revouncing, ii. 228 patent *primâ fucic* invalid, ii. 229 invention not meritorious, ii. 229 part only meritorious, ii. 229 validity highly doubtful for some specific reason, ii. 229, 230 invention not useful, ii. 230 no benefit accrued or likely to accrue to the public, ii. 233 small public user, ii. 231 no likelihood of future user by the public, ii. 233 patentee sufficiently rewarded, ii. 233 accounts insufficient, ii. 235 assignee's profits not disclosed in, ii. 238, 239 licensee's profits not disclosed in, ii. 239 profits derived from foreign patents not disclosed in, ii. 239 patentee has not used his best endeavours to develop the invention, ii. 234 disputes between co-owners have retarded the development of the invention, ii. 235 patentee has permitted open infringements, ii. 235 prior extension of term, ii. 246 grounds for extension, ii. 22? circumstances to be considered, ii. 227 all the circumstances of the case are to be considered, ii. 227 practice with regard to inventions also patented abroad, ii. 240 probable benefit to the petitioner and injury to the public is important, ii. 215 expiry of foreign patents, ii. 240 no application for foreign patents, ii. 240 no extension is recommended unless the original patentee would be directly or indirectly benefited, ii. 216 merit, ii. 229—233 prima facic proof of validity must be given, ii. 229 validity is not decided by the Court, ii. 229 though it is always material on the fact of merit, ii. 229 invention must be proved to be independently meritorious, ii. 229 not necessarily a master patent, ii. 229 only part meritorious, extension may be limited to, ii. 229 nature of merit necessary to be proved, ii. 230 merit of utility as distinct from merit of ingenuity is essential, ii. 230 test of utility for purpose of extension, ii. 231 non-user by the public, ii. 231 presumption of non-utility arising from,

may be rebutted in certain cases, ii. 232

```
EXTENSION OF TERM OF PATENT—continued.
    petition—continued.
        grounds for extension—continued.
             merit—continued.
                 nature of merit necessary to be proved—continued.
                      probability of future user by the public must be
                        established, ii. 233
                      from point of view of the public, ii. 247
                 of an importer is less than that of an original inventor, ii. 217
             insufficient remuneration, ii. 233—243
                  benefit accrued to or likely to accrue to the public is to be
                    considered with that derived by the patentee, ii. 233
                 patentee must have used his best endeavours to develop the
                        invention, ii. 234
                      e.g., he must not have permitted open infringements,
                        ii. 235
                      disputes between co-owners retarding development, ii. 235
                 adequate remuneration, what is, ii. 235
        accounts
             when to be lodged by the petitioner, ii. 235
             requisites of, ii. 235
                 must be full, clear, and accurate, ii. 235
                      correction of incomplete accounts, ii. 243
                  must disclose whole profit and loss from the patent, ii. 235
                      made by the patentee as such, ii. 238
                          foreign patents for same invention, ii. 218, 240
                          items which may be credited to the patentee, ii. 241
                               expenses of experiments, legal proceedings,
                                 salaries and commissions, ii. 241
                               manufacturer's profits as distinct from patentee's
                                 profits, ii. 242
                               personal remuneration for time devoted to
                                 pushing invention, ii. 243
                          items not allowed, ii. 239
                               assignee's profits, ii. 239
                               licensee's profits, ii. 239
                               foreign patents, profits on, ii. 239
                                   rule in Pitman's case, ii. 239
                               profits on articles made expressly for exportation
                                   abroad, ii. 240
                          absence of books may sometimes be explained, ii. 236
                          losses sometimes need not be proved with strict
                             accuracy, ii. 237
             how, should be kept from the first, ii. 237
                 effect of keeping and rendering accounts on a wrong system,
                    ii. 238
                  balance at end of each year should be struck, ii. 239
                      to disclose ratio of increase or diminution of profit from
                        year to year, ii. 239
             copies of, how obtained, ii. 225
        hearing of the petition, ii. 225
             application for a day for, ii. 221
                 must be made by the petitioner, ii. 221
                      appointed day to be advertised by petitioner, ii. 221
                          precedent of advertisement, ii. 486
                               postponement of hearing if the patent has a
                                 considerable time to run, ii. 222
             discretion of the Court is absolute, ii. 227
             parties may appear personally or by counsel on, ii. 225
                 not more than two counsel are heard on either side, ii. 225
                      unless opponents have distinct and separate interests, ii. 225
             Comptroller-General always appears on, ii. 226
             when there is no opposition, ii. 225
             pending proceedings affecting the validity of the patent, ii. 225
```

utility usually dealt with before adequacy of remuneration, ii. 226

```
EXTENSION OF TERM OF PATENT—continued.
    petition—continued.
        now grant, ii. 190
             Court gives effect to its decision by means of a, ii. 213
                  which is subject to the same conditions as the expired grant,
                    ii. 244
             to whom, may be made, ii. 244
             no fresh specification need be filed on, ii. 244
             is in the nature of a graft on the old one, ii. 244
                  and open to the same objections, ii. 230, 244
             conditions are frequently imposed on a, where requisite, ii. 244
                 in the interest of the original patentee, ii. 244
                      or his representatives, ii. 244
                  for the benefit of persons other than the original patentee,
                    ii. 245
                 for the benefit of the public generally, ii. 245
                  as to date of commencement and expiry when there are cognate
                    patents, ii. 246
                  security for performance of conditions is usually required,
                    ii. 246
             expiry of original term, ii. 246
             Crown has authority only to make one, in respect of the same
               patent, ii. 246
             duration of, cannot exceed fourteen years, it. 246
                  usually limited to not more than seven years, ii. 246
                  but sometimes a longer period is recommended, ii. 246
             registration of order for, ii. 247
         costs, ii. 247
             Comptroller and Board of Trade are not entitled to, ii. 247
             practice rather to encourage than discourage oppositions, ii. 247
             one set of, amongst all opponents, ii. 247
             abandoned petition, ii. 247
EXTENSION OF TIME
    Comptroller's general power as to, ii. 370
    in case of Convention application, ii. 350, 370
    as to evidence of invention having been obtained from opponent, ii. 356
    as to opposition to restoration of lapsed patent, ii. 359, 370
```

# for appealing to law officer, ii. 424

EXTENT AND DURATION OF PATENT geographical extent, ii. 73 duration, ii. 74 usual, ii. 74 is conditional on payment of fees, ii. 74 enlargement of time for payment of fees, ii. 74 revival of patent void for own payment of fees, ii. 74 application in fraud of true and first inventor, ii. 75 adverse decision does not annul a patent, ii. 77

in proceedings for amendment of specification, ii. 361, 370

# EXTRACTS FROM REGISTER OF PATENTS

any person may obtain, ii. 81 sealed, are evidence, ii. 81

# FALSE SUGGESTION

invalidates a patent, 295 e.g., as to novelty, 296 utility, 296 correct specification, 296 a ground of revocation, 295

distinction between false representation and false statement, 296

```
FALSIFICATION
     of entries in Register of Patents, ii. 83
FAST (PUBLIC)
     days observed as -
         Patent Office closed on, ii. 370
         Register of Patents not open to inspection on, ii. 366
         leaving documents, paying fees, &c., at Patent Office on, ii. 74
FEES
     statutory provisions as to, ii. 284
     payment of, is necessary to validity, ii. 74
     revival of patent void for non-payment of, ii. 74
     enlargement of time for payment of, 74
     list of, in reference to the registration of Patent Agents, ii. 432
     list of, on and in connection with letters patent, ii. 371
FIAT
     See ATTORNEY-GENERAL
FIDUCIARY COMMUNICATION
    effect of, on novelty, 134
FIERI FACIAS
    writ of, entitles sheriff to sell patented article, ii. 174
         sheriff cannot sell patent under, ii. 174
FIRST AND TRUE INVENTOR
     See True and First Inventor
FOREIGN APPLICATION
    meaning of, ii. 30
    practice on, ii. 30
    provisions as to, confer no rights in respect of communicated inventions,
           ii. 30
         i.e., rights thereby conferred are personal, ii. 30
    allowable difference between English and foreign specification on, ii. 33
         description in English not in foreign specification, ii. 34
         claim in English not in foreign specification, ii. 34
    retrospective effect of order in Council as to, ii. 29
FOREIGN PATENT
    extension of English patent for invention, subject of, ii. 240
    reference to, necessary on petition for extension of English patent, ii. 239
FOREIGN SOVEREIGN
    position of, as regards infringement, 388
FOREIGN VESSELS
    in British waters, use of patented invention in, 387
FOREIGNER
    may be patentee, 13
    when entitled to priority, 17: ii. 27
    concurrent application by, 17
    communication by one, resident abroad to another is good subject-matter, 25.
    liability of, in this country in respect of infringement, 396
    rights of, on application for patent under International Convention of 1884...
          ii. 27
        are personal, ii. 30
        corporation, ii. 28
        effect of abortive application abroad, ii. 30
        practice on applications under provisions of s. 91 of Act of 1907..ii. 30
        minor differences in English and foreign specifications allowable, ii. 33.
    as opponent to grant of English patent, ii. 46
    as defendant to action of infringement, 396
    carrying on business at a stand in a British exhibition, 386
```

```
FORM
    See SHAPE
FORMS
    forms of patents, ii. 421, 422
    application for patent, ii. 377
         for invention communicated abroad, ii. 379
         under international and colonial arrangements, ii. 381
         of addition, ii. 383
    application for secret patent, ii. 385
    provisional specification, ii. 387
    complete specification, ii. 388
    appeal to law officer, ii. 389
    application for extension of time for leaving copies of foreign specifications,
       &c. under rule 16..ii. 39
    application for extension of time for leaving a complete specification, ii. 391
    application for extension of time for acceptance of a complete specification,
       ii. 392
    opposition to grant of patent, ii. 393
    notice of desire to have patent scaled, ii. 395
    notice that hearing before the Comptroller will be attended, ii. 394
    application for amendment of specification, ii. 402
    opposition to amendment of specification, ii. 403
    application for grant of compulsory licence, ii. 404
    petition for grant of compulsory licences, ii. 405
    opposition to grant of compulsory licence, ii. 406
    application for certificate of payment or renewal, ii. 398
    application for enlargement of time for payment or renewal fee, ii. 399
    application for restoration of a lapsed patent, ii. 400
         notice of opposition to, ii. 401
    application to Comptroller for revocation of a patent under s. 26..ii. 407
    offer to surrender a patent, ii. 408
    application for revocation of a patent under s. 27..ii. 409
    notice for alteration of a name or an address or an address for service in
      register of patents, ii. 410
    request for entry of two addresses for service in register of patents, ii. 411
    request to enter name of proprietor upon register of patents, ii. 412
    request to enter in the register of patents a notice of an interest in a patent,
      ii. 413
    request to enter notification of document in the register of patents, ii. 414
    request for entry of order of Court in register, ii. 419
    postal request for printed specification, ii. 420
    application for duplicate of patent, ii. 417
    notice of intended exhibition of an unpatented invention, ii. 418
    request for correction of clerical error, ii. 415
    request for certificate of Comptroller, ii. 416
    appendices to Patent Agents' Rules, 1908..ii. 432
    assignment of letters patent, ii. 443
    licence to use patented invention, ii. 445
    mortgage of letters patent, ii. 444
    action of infringement
         indorsement on writ, ii. 451
         statement of claim, ii. 451
         particulars of breaches, ii. 455
         defence, ii. 456
         counterclaim, ii. 458
         particulars of objection, ii. 458
         notice of motion for amendment of complete specification pending, ii.
                463
             order allowing application to proceed, ii. 463
             advertisement of application, ii. 464
         final order for amendment of complete specification pending, ii. 465
         order for further and better, ii. 461
         order for amendment of, by adding further, ii. 462
         notice of motion for interlocutory injunction, ii. 465
```

may be sued for infringement, ii. 194

```
FORMS--continued.
    action of infringement—continued.
         order for inspection, ii. 466
         order for reference to independent expert, ii. 467
         order for experiments before, and report of expert, ii. 467
         judgment for plaintiff after trial of, ii. 468
         judgment for defendants after trial of, ii. 470
        notice of appeal, ii. 472
         judgment affirmed on appeal, ii. 472
         judgment varied on appeal, ii. 473
        certificate of validity, ii. 474
    action to restrain threats of legal proceedings
        indorsement on writ, ii. 475
        statement of claim, ii. 475
        defence, ii. 477
        reply, ii. 478
        rejoindure, 479
    extension of letters patent
        advertisement of intention to present petition, ii. 485
        notice of opposition, ii. 485
        advertisement of day fixed for hearing of petition, ii. 486
        petition for extension of letters patent, ii. 486
        notice of objections, ii. 495
    revocation of letters patent
        petition for revocation, ii. 48
        memorial to obtain fiat of Attorney-General, ii. 482
        fiat of Attorney-General, ii. 482
        order for, ii. 483
FOXWELL v. BOSTOCK
    rule in, 239
        explanation of, 240
FRANCHISE
    patent is a, 485
FRAUD
    application for patent in, of true and first inventor, ii. 77
    abroad no prejudice to applicant for patent for a communicated invention.
      ii. 45
    of rights of another, meaning of, 297
    defence in action to recover royalties, ii. 207
    ground for revocation, 296, 297
        must be strictly proved, 299
         if patent revoked, new patent may be granted to inventor, 298
    judgment obtained by, 494
GENERAL DISCLAIMER
    See Amendment of Specifications
GENERAL PUBLIC KNOWLEDGE
    See Common Knowledge
GENERAL WARNING
    See THREATS OF LEGAL PROCEEDINGS
GOOD FRIDAY
    Patent Office closed on, ii. 370
    Register of Patents not open to inspection on, ii. 366, 370
    leaving documents, paying fees, &c., at Patent Office on, ii. 288, 370
GOVERNMENT CONTRACTOR
```

#### GRANT

practice on, of patents regulated by Act of 1907 and rules thereunder, ii. 1 effect of, of patent, 102 opposition to, of patent—see Opposition

#### GRANTEE

true and first inventor must be one, 13
several persons may be, 13
person other than true and first inventor may be one, 13
married woman, 13
infant, ii. 6
lunatic, 14
legal representative of deceased person, 13
on death of, patent vests in executor or administrator, ii. 172
persons not capable of being, 26
interest in patent of co-grantees, ii. 156

#### HIDDEN PROPERTY OF MATTER

application of newly discovered, is good subject-matter, 63 examples, 63

#### HILL v. EVANS

rule in, as to sufficiency of description necessary in an anticipatory document to render it a publication, 145 explained, 145

#### HOLIDAY

See BANK HOLIDAY

#### HOUSE OF LORDS

jurisdiction of, to grant certificate of particulars, 537 jurisdiction of, to grant certificate of validity, 544 no original jurisdiction to amend a specification pending action or petition, ii. 141 effect of judgment of, with costs, 498

#### **IDEA**

may be invention, 42—43 mere adaptation of an old, is not invention, 46

#### **IGNORANCE**

as a defence to action of infringement, 338, 515 does not exempt from liability to pay costs, 529 of patent and liability as to damages, 515

#### ILLEGAL MONOPOLIES

suppressed by Statute of Monopolies, 1 Acts for suppression of certain, prior to Statute of Monopolies, 1

#### ILLEGAL PURPOSE

power of Comptroller to refuse patent for invention to be used for, 32: ii. 7

#### ILLUSTRATED JOURNAL

publication and sale of, of patents, ii. 77

#### IMMORAL PURPOSE

power of Comptroller to refuse patent for invention to be used for, 32: ii. 7

#### IMPORTATION

of article made abroad and its effect on novelty, 131 infringement by, 379, 397

declaration on behalf of, ii. 6

#### IMPORTER first, is true and first inventor, 23 even though he did not actually make the invention, 23 and is not a meritorious importer, 25 may petition for extension of term of patent, ii. 217 but is not considered so meritorious as an original inventor, ii. 217 IMPROVEMENT in details during provisional protection, 181, 183, 191 inclusion of, in complete specification, 178, 181, 191, 233 made by servant belong to master, 21 may be good subject-matter, 82 as consisting in an addition to, omission from or rearrangement of old parts, 82 if it is the outcome of invention, 82, 84 amount of improvement does not affect validity of patent for, 161 nor does lack of utility in a prior construction, 168 claim must be limited to, in case of patent for, 81, 237 legality of patents for, 82 licence of patentee of an original invention may be necessary for use of an, upon it, 83 mere use of known machine in a more beneficial manner is not a patentable, 86 mere adaptation of a well-known idea is not a patentable, 86 mere working direction is not a patentable, 85 of which patentee was ignorant at the date of patent, 355 validity of patents used for obstructing, 157 covenant to assign future, not contrary to public policy, ii. 160 and is advisable for protection of an assignce of letters patent, ii. 160 difficulties in drafting and interpretation of, ii. 161 what is an infringement of, is not necessarily an improvement on a prior patent, ii. 161 may not extend to patents in which covenantor has only a beneficial interest, ii. 162 meaning of "improvements" as used in titles, 86 effect of "improvement" in the title on construction, 86 use of substance of patented invention together with an, is infringement, 343 INABILITY declaration on behalf of person under, ii. 6 INDEMNITY person who has given an, to defendant may be allowed to take part in the action, 397 validity of agreement of, 397 INDEX, ETC. of specifications prior to Act of 1883.. ii. 378 under Act of 1883.. ii. 378 INDORSEMENT OF WRIT form of, in action of infringement, ii. 451 form of, in action to restrain threats of legal proceedings, ii. 475 INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY See International Convention for the Protection of Industrial PROPERTY INFANT may be patentee, ii. 6 validity of patent granted to, alone, ii. 6

```
INFRINGEMENT
    a mixed question of law and fact, 261, 479
    breach of contract no justification for, 386
    consideration of question of, apart from the patent, 61
    criterion of novelty and, are not the same, 349
    definition of, 336
    description not amounting to a publication might if carried out subse-
      quently to a patent be an, 149
    no proceedings for, until patent actually scaled, 389
    no, if patent is void, 408
    no, unless saleable article is produced, 31
    no, unless what is claimed is taken, 251, 336, 346
         ambit of claim may be limited, 336
         claim really a disclaimer, 336
    importance of ascertaining the essence of the invention as claimed, 340, 346
         use of essence of invention with an improvement, 343
         essence of invention may be protected though not referred to nomination
           in the claim, 278, 340
    no, of equity of a patent, $37
    inciting third parties to infringe, 376
    innocent, 338
    ignorance is no defence, 338
    intention is immaterial on question of, 337
         effect of intention, 337
    act done under subsequent patent, 338
    colourable imitation, 339, 366
         objection to the use of the term "colourable" or "colourably," 339
    by several different persons, 390
         proper course for patentee to adopt on, 390
    after decision adverse to validity and before its reversal on appeal, 389
    procedure to test whether similar though different acts done after in-
      junction are, 505
    before publication of complete specification, damages in respect of, 511
    before amendment of specification, 511
    before seal is obtained, 389
    after failure to pay fees and before enlargement of time, ii. 74
    proof of, in action, 479
    threatened, 390
         action may be maintained in respect of, 390, 406
         offer to supply an article alleged to be an infringement, 390
         threats in relation to, and s. 36 of the Act of 1907...313
    how to consider the question of, 340
         necessity for determination of exact invention protected, 338
         importance of ascertaining the principle of the invention protected,
                    340, 346
                 i.c., claimed, 251, 336, 340
                 ambit of a claim does not extend to what might be but is not
                    claimed, 251, 336, 340
                 documents though not a publication may narrow ambit of a
                    subsequent claim, 150
             adoption of principle of invention though with different details,
                    341.
                  when an infringement, 341
                  when not, 342
                  relative importance of details, a question of evidence, 343
                  not lawful to take substance of invention without licence,
                        346
                      but may be lawful to take its "pith and marrow" in a
                        seuse, 346
    modes of,
         breach of restrictions on sale or licence, 381
         of a combination, 349
             by taking its substance, 349
                  using separate components, 349, 352
                  special claims for subsidiary parts, 250, 350
```

```
INFRINGEMENT -- continued.
    modes of—continued.
        of a combination - continued.
             by substitution of equivalents, 354
                 doctrine of infringement, not applicable in all cases, 354,
                    369
                 equivalents not known at date of patent, 355
                 effect of public knowledge on question of, 356
                      two classes of cases, 356
                          Curtis v. Platt as type of one class, 358
                          Proctor v. Bennis as type of the other class, 361
                          illustrations of difficulty in deciding in which class
                            a particular case falls, 363
                 correct application of doctrine of, a matter of difficulty in
                        some cases, 369
                      illustrations, 370
                          facts in Boyd v. Horrocks, 370
                          facts in Thomson v. Moore, 371
                 chemical patents and infringement, 373
                      use of ingredients in proportions outside those claimed,
                        374
             manufacture of separate parts, 375
             sale of separate parts, 375
             restoration of patented instrument, 377
        grant of licence to work under an infringing patent, 375
         importation, 379, 397
         loan of patented article, 381
         manufacture without proof of sale, 377
         obtaining orders on commission for a foreign manufacturer, 380
         ordering the construction of patented article, 374
         possession, 385
         sale of patented article or articles made by patented process or machine,
               378
             notwithstanding locus of manufacture, 379
                 manufacturer resident abroad who is also an importer, 396
             exposure for sale, 380
             by purchaser from unrestricted licensee, 381
             in breach of conditions of a licence, 381
             in this country to foreign customer, 379
         transhipment of goods, 387
             the property of a foreign sovereign, 388
             Custom House agents and the, 388
         transportation for sale abroad, 388
         use of patented article, 378, 384, 385: ii. 181
             at instigation of patentee no infringement, 374
             if made under licence, is no infringement, 482
             in breach of limited licence, 381
             licence given under misapprehension, 483
             for purpose analogous to that specified by the patentee, 384
                  claim may be limited to a particular user, 384
             for purpose totally distinct from that specified by the patentee,
               385
             in British vessel, 386
             in foreign vessels within jurisdiction of British Courts, 387
             not as such forming an ingredient of final product, 379
             notwithstanding authority to construct, 384
             prior to sealing of the patent, 389
             by way of bona fide experiment is no infringement, 377
             for advantage, 378
                  use for instruction of pupils is, 378
                  pecuniary profit is not condition precedent to liability, 378
```

#### INGENUITY ·

See Subject-Matter

```
INJUNCTION
    in Scotland means "interdict," ii. 296
    interlocutory
        in action of infringement
             power of the Court or a Judge under Act 1907 as to, 436: ii. 273
             how obtained, 436
                 ex parte application, 439
                      rule in Hill v. Thompson, 439
                      usual course, 440
             Court endeavours to keep things in statu quo on application for, 436
             prima facie case of validity and infringement must be established
               on application for, 436
             disputed compromise may form a bar to, 436
             acquiescence disentitles to, 436
                 what amounts to, 437
                 delay may sometimes be explained, 438
                      examples, 438
                      defendant working under a patent of which plaintiff had
                        knowledge before action brought, 437
                      defendant the agent of a person who could establish a
                        case of laches, 439
                 defendant working under patent of his own, 439
                 delay in pending action ground for refusal of, in subsequent
                   action, 438
             validity of patent an important factor on application for, 440
                 patent recent and validity not established the injunction is
                   refused, 441
                 presumption in favour of validity arises from long uninter-
                        rupted enjoyment, 441
                      no necessity to state patent has not been disputed, 442
                      but actual user must be proved, 442
                          and proved to have been uninterrupted, 442
                      length of uninterrupted active enjoyment sufficient to
                        raise presumption of validity, 442
                 patent once established is regarded as valid, 444
                      appeal pending, 444
                      judgment wrongly obtained, 444
                      certificate of validity on judgment by default or consent,
                        444
                      prior interdict in Scotland, 444
                     award of an arbitrator, 445
             degree of doubt as to fact of infringement an important factor on
                   application for, 445
                 Court considers itself bound by construction of specification
                   in prior proceedings, 445
                 injunction refused in cases of real doubt, 445
                 quantum of doubt and question of convenience or incon-
                   venience to the parties, 445
                 affidavits made from information and belief and their effect.
                   446
             is granted if infringement is established and presumption is in
               favour of validity, 445
             indemnity of defendant by plaintiff as a condition of grant of, 447
             inability of defendant to satisfy plaintiff's claim induces Court to
               grant, 447
             procedure when there is an independent case against the grant
                   of, 448
                 motion ordered to stand over till the trial, 448
             on refusal of, defendant is usually ordered to keep an account, 448
             not usually granted if defendant voluntarily offers to keep an
               account and is able to satisfy plaintiff's claim, 449
             misrepresentation as to effect of refusal of, 449
             dissolved on application of defendant if action not prosecuted with
               due diligence, 449
             form of notice of motion for, ii. 465
```

```
INJUNCTION—continued.
    interlocutory—continued.
        in action to restrain threats, 310, note (h), 325
             how and when obtained, 325
             prima facie case of non-infringement or invalidity is essential, 326
             other considerations, 327
    perpetual
        in action of infringement
             power conferred on the Court or a Judge by Act of 1883 as to,
               ii. 273
             successful plaintiff usually entitled to, 499
                  though not always, 392, 499
                      no intention on part of defendant to continue infringe-
                        ment, 501
                      articles made before for sale after the expiration of the
                        patent, 500, 501
             by consent, 499
                  though one defendant succeeds, 499
                  withdrawal of consent given under mistake or surprise, 499
                  undertaking in lieu of, 499
             acquiescence may induce the Court to refuse a, 500
             laches though a bar to an interlocutory injunction may be none
               to a, 500
             doubt as to which of several patents has been infringed, 500
             expiry of patent before conclusion of action, 500
             specific infringements may be exempted from a, 501
                  e.g., articles ordered before action brought when plaintiff
                    clects to take an account of profits, 502
             obtained before amendment of specification cannot be enforced
                after, 503, 505: ii 131
             breach of, 503
                  is a contempt of Court, 503
                  motion to commit for, 503
                      proof necessary on, 503
                      expiry of patent an answer to, 505
                      solicitor and client's costs on, 506
                      justifiable under certain circumstances, 504
                      procedure to determine whether specific acts are a, 505
             form of, ii. 469
             prior secret use cannot be restrained by, 333
             threatened infringements may be restrained by, 390
             stay of, pending appeal, 502
             licence in licu of, 502
             in case of several patents covering all known ways of making an
                artiele, 500
         in action to restrain threats of legal proceedings, 308
             scope of, 330
             breach of, 330
INSPECTION
    when complete specification is open to public, ii. 23
             in case of foreigner's application, ii. 33
    in action of infringement, 459
         provisions of Act of 1907 as to, 459: ii. 273
         power to Court as to, under R. S. C., 459
         costs of agreed, 462
         not a matter of right, 459
         objects of, 460
         evidence necessary to obtain an order for, 460
         for purpose of preparing pleadings, 461, 462
         how obtained, 460
             order for inspection may be made at any time, 462
                  usual form of order for, 463: ii. 466
                  conditions of order for, 463
         against licensee-not a party to the action, 463: ii. 203
```

# in action of infringement—continued. delay no bar to, 463 power of Court to compel, 462 right to, may depend on prior determination of an issue, 463 trade secrets and, 463 samples may be ordered to be taken on, 464 of books, 464 of machines not belonging to but in power of either party, 462 independent inspector, 464 action founded solely on threats to infringe, 465 on petition for revocation, 303 time for application for, 303

#### INSTITUTE OF PATENT AGENTS

prosecutes in case of infraction of Register of Patent Agents' Rules, ii. 3

#### INTENTION

of infringer is immaterial qua infringement, 337
but not qua an injunction, 501
effect of, on costs of action, 501, 530
patentee's, is no real guide to the construction of his specification, 266

#### INTERDICT

in Scotland means injunction, ii. 296
may be obtained against Englishman or other foreigner, 399
prima facie evidence of validity on application for interlocutory injunction,
444

#### INTEREST

recovery of, on unpaid royalties, ii. 208 on costs returned in consequence of a successful appeal, 498

#### INTERLOCUTORY INJUNCTION

See Injunction

# INTERNATIONAL AND COLONIAL ARRANGEMENTS provisions of Act of 1907 as to, ii. 292

INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION for the protection of industrial property, ii. 309 objects of, ii. 309 plenipotentiaries, ii. 309 articles agreed upon, ii. 313 union for the protection of industrial property, ii. 313 legal remedies, ii. 313 rights of subjects of States not forming part of the union, ii. 313 right of priority of person who has applied for a patent in one of the contracting States, ii. 313 importation and forfeiture, ii. 314 registration of trade marks, ii. 314, 323 nature of goods is no obstacle to registration of trade mark, ii. 314 protection of trade name, ii. 314 seizure of goods illegally bearing a trade mark or trade name, ii. 314 goods falsely bearing name of a locality, ii. 317 protection of patentable invention, &c., at exhibitions, ii. 317 special government offices, ii. 317, 323 international bureau, ii. 317, 323 periodic revisions, ii. 317 conferences, ii. 319 special arrangements between contracting parties, ii. 319 adherence to Convention of other States, ii. 319 subordination of Convention to laws of the contracting States, ii. 319

```
INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION-—continued.
     commencement of operation, ii. 319
     ratification, ii. 319
     "industrial property," meaning of, ii. 321
     "patents," meaning of, ii. 321
     expenses of international office, ii. 323
     final protocol to form part of Convention, ii. 325
    accession of Her Majesty's Government to the Convention, ii. 326
    declaration of acceptance of accession, ii. 327
INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION
     See Exhibitions
INTERPRETATION ACT, 1889
    extracts from, ii. 302
         rules as to gender and number, ii. 302
         application of penal Acts to bodies corporate, ii. 302
         meaning of certain words in Acts since 1850..ii. 302
         sections to be substantive enactments, ii. 303
         Acts to be public Acts, ii. 303
         amendment or repeal of Acts in same session, ii. 303
         effect of repeal in Acts passed since 1850..ii. 303
         official definitions in past and future Acts, ii. 303
         judicial definitions in past and future Acts, ii. 304
         11 & 12 Vict. c. 43..ii. 304
         42 & 43 Vict. c. 49., ii. 304
         27 & 28 Vict. c. 33..ii. 304
         44 & 45 Vict. c. 33..ii. 304
         14 & 15 Vict. c. 93..ii. 304
         meaning of "rules of Court," ii. 305
         geographical and colonial definitions in future Acts, ii. 305
         meaning of "person" in future Acts, ii. 305
         meaning of "writing" in past and future Acts, ii. 305
         meaning of "statutory declaration" in past and future Acts, ii. 306
         5 & 6 Will. 4, c. 62., ii. 306
         meaning of service by post, ii. 306
         references to the Crown, ii. 306
         construction of statutory rules, ii. 306
        construction of provisions as to exercise of powers and duties, ii. 306
         "commencement," ii. 306
        exercise of statutory powers between passing and commencement of
           Act, ii. 307
        effect of repeal in future Acts, ii. 307
INTERROGATORIES
    See Discovery
INVALIDITY
    declaration of, may probably be obtained in special circumstances, 289
INVENTION
    definition of, 28: ii. 294
    purely a question of fact, 37, 38
        decision in one case no guide to another, 38
        essential considerations, 38
    difference between, and discovery, 32
    classes of, held good subject-matter, 46
    is necessary to support a patent, 34
        mere scintilla is sufficient, 34
    effect of common or public knowledge on question of, or no, 41, 152, 431,
      471
    may be the result of accident, 38
        example of accidental invention, 38
```

```
INVENTION—continued.
    may consist in
        conception of an idea, 42
        application of hidden and unperceived property, 6
        degree, 45
        the omission of parts, 79
        the addition of parts, 79
        the substitution of parts, 79
         the arrangement of parts, 80, 370
         new application of old machine, 45
         the apprehension of a new use of an old appliance, 43, 45, 62, 92
         new method of using old machine, 45, 62
         the perception and utilisation of an unobserved result of an old com-
           bination, 109
         the mere conception of an idea may be the merit of an, 42
         production of a new thing which effects a result not previously attained,
           39
         putting together items of common knowledge, 43
         selection of a member of a class, 44
         selection of a particular size may be, 45
        strengthening a part, 62
        new method of using an old machine without structural alteration,
           46, 62
    mere adaptation of old idea is not, 46
    mere adaptiv... skill in manufacture is not, 46
    mere discovery of theory of what was formerly done empirically is not,
      63
    merely more skilful application of known tools or process is not, 46, 86
    mere use of known material for an old purpose is not, 46
    mere substitution of equivalents is not, 81
    mere use on a commercial scale of what has been previously used on a small
      scale is not, 63
    mere variation of proportions is not, 46
    mere alteration of shape is not, 46
    evidence of,
         new, better, or cheaper article as, 75
         immediate commercial success, 42
         simplicity is not evidence of lack of invention, 42, 44
         demand for an article is not necessarily, 41
             though demand was previously unsatisfied, 41
         novelty and utility of an application is not conclusive, 41
    amount of, sufficient to support a patent, 34
       mere scintilla of invention is sufficient, 34
             authorities, 53
    assignable interest in an, before the grant of letters patent, ii. 147
    covenants to assign future, ii. 160
    effect of keeping an, secret, ii. 146
    international arrangements for protection of, ii. 292
         in Colouies and India, ii. 293
INVENTOR—See TRUE AND FIRST INVENTOR
    rights of an, as compared with those of an author, ii. 144
INVENTOR (DECEASED)
    See DEATH
IRELAND
    reservation of remedies in, ii. 296
    general saving of jurisdiction of Courts in, ii. 296
    meaning in, of "summary conviction" in Patent Act of 1907..ii. 304
    revocation of letters patent in, 214
ISLE OF MAN
    application of Patent Acts to, ii. 297
```

penalties for statutory offences in, ii. 14

#### ISSUES,

fresh, may, on leave, be raised during progress of an action, 414 right of discovery may depend on prior decision of certain, 453, 454 also right to inspection, 463 trial of, separately in action of infringement, 487 advantages of, 488

#### JOINT APPLICANT

See Applicant for Patent

#### JOINT INVENTORS

must all be applicants, 14 disagreement as to form of specification by, ii. 22

#### JOINT OWNERS

See Co-owners of Patent

#### **JOURNAL**

illustrated, of patents, publication of, ii. 77

#### JUDGMENT

in action of infringement
notion for, on admission of facts, 491
motion for, on determination of issues, 491
by default, 492
by consent, 492
form of, judgment for plaintiff, ii. 468
form of, for defendant, ii. 470
form of, affirmed on appeal, ii. 472
form of, varied on appeal, ii. 473
effect of adverse, on the status of the patent, 307
obtained by fraud, 494

#### JUDICIAL COMMITTEE

See Extension of Term of Patent; Compulsory Licences

#### JURISDICTION

See Court of Appeal; Court of County Palatine of Lancaster; County Court; House of Lords

#### JURY

statutory provisions as to trial of proceedings for infringement or revocation of patent by, 486 trial of patent actions by, is rare, 486 and not usually desirable, 486 but may be had if fraud or libel is alleged, 486

#### KING (THE)

cannot be a patentee, 26

#### KING'S BIRTHDAY

day observed as

Patent Office closed on, ii. 370

Register of Patents not open to inspection on, ii. 366, 370 leaving documents, paying fees, &c., at Patent Office on, ii. 288, 370

```
·LACHES
    disentitles plaintiff to an interlocutory injunction, 436
         what amounts to, 437
         delay may sometimes be explained, 438 \cdot
             examples, 438
             defendant working under a patent of which plaintiff had knowledge
                before action brought, 437
             defendant the agent of a person who could establish a case of
               laches, 439
    no bar to a perpetual injunction, 500
    may be total bar to account of profits or damages, 509
         partial bar to account of profits or damages, 509
         a ground for damages in lieu of injunction, 509
LANCASTER, COURT OF COUNTY PALATINE OF
    jurisdiction of, to amend specifications pending action or petition, ii. 140
         to grant an account of profits or inquiry as to damages, 510, 515
         to certify as to validity, 544
         to hear petition for revocation, 291
LAPSED PATENT,
     restoration of, ii. 74
         opposition to, ii. 75, 76
LAW OFFICER - See also LAW OFFICERS' RULES
    defined by Act of 1883 as Attorney-General or Solicitor-General for
       England, ii. 294
    right of appeal from Comptroller to, ii. 8
     practice, ii. 8, 424
     statutory provisions as to proceedings and costs before, ii. 276
     discretion of Crown as to grant of patents is exercised through, ii. 1
     right of Comptroller to take direction of, ii. 287
    hearing by, of appeals from Comptroller in opposition to grant of letters
       patent, ii. 40
     form of appeal to, ii. 398
     practice on appeal to, ii. 370
     practice on appeal to, is regulated by LAW OFFICERS' RULES
     prohibition does not lie to, ii. 105
     power of, to examine witnesses on oath, ii. 276
         to decide question of "manufacture," ii. 7
         make rules, &c., ii. 276
         impose conditions on grant of patent, ii. 41
         impose conditions on granting leave to apply to amend specifications,
           ii. 121
     reopening of cases decided by, ii. 42
LAW OFFICERS' RULES
     notice of intention to appeal to law officer, ii. 424
         requirement of, ii. 424
         copies of, and to whom to be sent, ii. 424
     papers to be remitted to law officer's clerk, ii. 424
     time within which notice of appeal must be given, ii. 424
     notice of time and place appointed for hearing, ii. 424
         to whom to be given, ii. 424
     evidence on appeal to law officer, ii. 424
     cross-examination of persons who have made declarations, ii. 424
     payment of witnesses, ii. 425
     power of law officer over costs, ii. 425
     order for payment of costs under s. 40 of Act of 1907...ii. 276, 425
     regulations as to documentary evidence, ii. 425
     sending notices or documents through the post, ii. 425
LEASE
```

avoidance of certain conditions on, of patented article or process, ii. 196

1)

```
LEGAL PROCEEDINGS—See Assessor; Particulars; Inspection; Chr-
      TIFICATES; THREATS OF LEGAL PROCEEDINGS
    statutory provisions as to, ii. 272
        hearing with assessor, ii. 272
        power to counterclaim for revocation in an action for infringement,
          ii. 273
        order for inspection, &c., in action, ii. 273
        certificate of validity questioned and costs thereon, ii. 273
        remedy in case of groundless threats of legal proceedings, ii. 273
    expenses of, may be credited to petitioner on application for extension of
      term of patent, ii. 241
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE
    "patentee" as used in the grant embraces, ii. 148, 421
    meaning of, in Patent Act, 1907...ii. 43
    of deceased inventor may be patentee, 13
    how application for patent must be made by, 13
LETTERS PATENT
    See PATENT
LICENCE—Sec also Compulsory Licence; Royalties
    origin of patentee's power to grant, ii. 178
    co owner's power to grant, alone, ii. 179
    mortgagee's power to grant, ii. 179
    of original inventor may be necessary for use of an improvement, 83
         assignee may be unable to use invention assigned without licence of a
           prior patentee, ii. 83
    agreement for, made prior to grant of patent, ii. 180
    sale of patented article by patentee, ii. 181
    an answer to action of infringement, 482, 484
         but not if granted under misapprehension, 483
    classification of licences, ii. 181
    consideration for, no restriction as to, ii. 195
    Crown has right to use invention on terms, ii. 193
         Government contractors, ii. 194
         procedure to question Crown's right, ii. 194
    distinction between, to work under a foreign patent and unconditional sale
      of article made under both British and foreign patents, ii. 196
    stamps, ii. 181
    how may be granted, ii. 179
         under seal, ii. 179
             writing acted upon though not under seal, ii. 180
             necessity for deed a question of construction in cases of executory
               agreements, ii. 180
         parol agreement, ii. 180
    may be
         assignable, ii. 192
             assignability depends on terms, ii. 192
             acceptance of royalties from assignee estops patentee from disputing
               assignability, ii. 193
         compulsory, ii. 183
             statutory provisions as to, ii. 183
             patentee may be compelled to grant, ii. 184
                  upon petition of any person interested, ii. 184
                      if the reasonable requirements of the public have not been
                        satisfied, ii. 184
             obligation of patentee to use invention or license others to do so,
               ii. 184
             form of application for grant of, or revocation of patent, ii. 404
                  petition for grant of, or revocation of patent, ii. 405
                  opposition to petition for grant of, or revocation of patent,
                    ii. 406
             revocation in lieu of, ii. 185
             practice as to, ii. 186
                 rules, ii. 362
             enforcement of order for, ii. 186
```

```
LICENCE—continued.
     may be—continued.
         exclusive, ii. 190
              geographical area, ii. 190
              if irrevocable may operate as an assignment, it. 191
                   but not if any interest in the patent is reserved to the
                     licensor, ii. 191
              grantor of, may be restrained from infringing the patent, ii. 192
         expressed, ii. 181
         general, ii. 189
              effect of unrestricted, 381: ii. 181
         implied, ii. 181
         irrevocable, ii. 187
         limited, ii. 190
              sale or user in breach of a condition is an infringement, 381
              restrictions as to user may be placed on purchase of patented
                     article by the patentee, 381
                  user in breach with notice is an infringement, 381
         non-assignable, ii. 192
              precedent of, ii. 445
         revocable, ii. 187
              licence coupled with an interest is not revocable at will, ii. 188
              mere licence is revocable at will, ii. 188
              provision for revocation, ii. 188
                  by one party only, ii. 188
              deed not necessary for revocation, ii. 188
              contract not to exercise power of revocation, ii. 189
         voluntary, ii. 183
    covenants, ii. 195
         usual, ii. 195
         not implied, ii. 204
         absence of, for title and validity, ii. 204
         avoidance of certain, ii. 196
    registration of, ii. 205
         not notice to all the world, ii. 81
         copy of licence must be supplied to the Comptroller, ii. 270
    assignment with notice of, ii. 168
    purchase without notice of, 382
LICENSEE
    assignee of share in profits entitled to account from, ii. 159
    a competent witness for the patentee, 468: ii. 204
         though action is for the benefit of the licensee, 468
    cannot sue alone in respect of infringements, ii. 209
         unless licence amounts to an assignment, ii. 209
    estoppel of, from denial of validity of patent against the licensor, 417:
               ii. 201
             from denying validity as against his assignee, 417: ii. 201
         in virtue of covenants or recitals implying validity of patent, 417:
           ii. 201
         no, if licence is not under seal, unless it is acted upon, ii. 204
         no, against equitable assignee of exclusive licensee, ii. 204
         no, against denial of ambit of licence, ii. 202
        no, against denial of ambit of patentee's claim, ii. 203
        right to dispute validity may be specially provided for, ii. 204
         terminates with the licence, ii. 205
         licence to construct only may create an, against a third party with
          notice using a patented article, ii. 202
        ex-licensee representing articles as made under licence, ii. 202
   evidence of, in action of infringement, 468
   -exclusive
        right of, to restrain patentee from representing that articles sold are
          not made in accordance with the patent, ii. 192
        should be co-petitioner on proceedings for extension of term of the
           patent, ii. 216
```

#### LICENSEE—-continued.

exclusive-continued.

equitable assignee of, not estopped from denying validity against the patentee, ii. 204

inspection against a, not party to an action against his licensor, 463: ii. 203 legal interest of a, compared with that of an assignee for a district, ii. 154 plea of determination of licence in defence to action to recover royalties, ii. 203

alternative, ii. 205

recovery of royalties by, paid without knowledge of breach of covenant by licensor, ii. 207

rights of, to employ agent, ii. 190

rights of, in reference to threats of legal proceedings, 313

rights of vendee of, 381: ii. 181

person may be both a, and an infringer, 384

#### LICENSOR

not allowed to interfere with trade of licensee, ii. 196 may sue alone in respect of infringements, ii. 209

#### LIQUIDATOR

motion to commit, of defendant company, 512 assignment of patent by, of limited company, ii. 174

#### LOAN

may amount to publication, 134

#### LORD ADVOCATE

revocation of patent in Scotland at instance of, 292 revocation of patent in Scotland by persons authorised by, 292

#### LOSS OR DESTRUCTION OF PATENT

provisions as to, ii. 77

#### LOST ART

rediscovery of, as subject-matter, 116

#### LUNATIC

may be a patentee, 14 statutory declaration may be made by committee of, ii. 14

#### MACHINE

prior, as a publication of an invention, 136 description of a useless, is no publication of a useful one, 151

#### MAKING

See Manufacture

#### MANUFACTURE

definition of, 29, 65
within the realm not a condition of the patent, 172
infringement by, 375, 377
articles which may be used for purpose of infringement, 375
parts of a combination, 375

#### MANUFACTURER

effect of acceptance of agreed damages from, 524 non-payment of damages by, 524 damages may be recovered from user, 524 and user may be sued in same action, 396

#### MARRIED WOMAN

may be patentee, 14 patent, separate estate of, 14

#### MASTER—See also SERVANT

is not entitled to invention of his servant, 20
but is entitled to details worked out by his servant, 21
effect of relationship of, and servant on issue of true and first invention, 18
cases illustrative of, 18'
liability of, for infringement committed by servant, 395

#### MASTER OF THE ROLLS

jurisdiction of, to amend clerical errors in specifications, ii. 121

#### MASTER PATENT

meaning of, 369
necessity for special reference in applicant's specification to opponents,
ii. 58
question of, in extension proceedings, ii. 229

#### MECHANICAL EQUIVALENTS

See EQUIVALENTS

#### MERGER

quæry whether there is a, when patent vests in the Crown, ii. 173

#### MERIT

See Extension of Term of Patent

#### METHOD - See also Process

new, of using old machine may be invention, 45, 62 claim may be for a, and not an apparatus though drawings are referred to, 247 claim mentioning a, nomination may be limited to use of a particular machine, 247—248 of performing the invention may be stated in the form of a claim, 268

#### "MISCHIEVOUS TO THE STATE," &c.

commentary on the words, as used in the Statute of Monopolies, 156-158

#### MISDEMEANOUR

falsification of entry, &c., in Register of Patents is, ii. 83 punishment for, in Isle of Man, ii. 297

#### **MISREPRESENTATION**

a defence to action to recover royalties, ii. 207

#### MISTAKE

See Errors

#### MODELS

as evidence in action of infringement, 476
costs of, 551
authority of Board of Trade to require, on payment, ii. 278
for Patent Office Museum, ii. 78

#### MONOPOLIES—See also STATUTE OF MONOPOLIES

object for which many, were created prior to Statute of, 1 oppressive, under Tudor sovereigns, 1 suppression of illegal grants of, 1 by Statute of Monopolies, 1 in new and useful inventions exempted from Statute of Monopolies, 4 in inventions are created by grant of patent, ii. 147

#### MORTGAGE

form of, of letters patent, ii. 448

#### MORTGAGEE

not necessary party to action of infringement by mortgagor, 394 not necessary party to an application to amend specification, quæry, ii. 132, 170 can petition for extension, quæry, ii. 170 how entered on Register of Patents, ii. 176 licences granted by, in possession, ii. 179

#### MORTGAGOR

can maintain action of infringement without mortgagee, 394.

#### MOTION FOR JUDGMENT

See TRIAL; JUDGMENT

#### MUNITIONS OF WAR—See also REVOCATION

assignment of patents for inventions of, to Admiralty or Secretary of State for War, ii. 151

#### MUSEUM (PATENT OFFICE)

control and management of, ii. 78 models for, how obtained, ii. 78

#### NEW TRIAL-See also TRIAL

how obtained, 494 particulars of objections on, 494 power of Court of Appeal to order, 494 course to pursue when judgment obtained by fraud, 494

#### NEW USE OF OLD APPLIANCE

may be subject-matter, 88

if not merely analogous to previous uses, 88

result of the cases, 89

novelty is not alone sufficient to support a patent for a, 91

nor is a mere advantage, 99

cases of void patents for, 91, note (d)

cases of valid patents for, 96, note (k)

application of newly discovered quality of matter, 63

#### NOTICE

of acceptance of application for patent, effect of, ii. 12 of acceptance of complete specification, effect of, ii. 20 of opposition to grant of patent, ii. 36 assignment with, of covenants and licences, ii. 168 registration of licence not, to all the world, ii. 81 of appeal to Court of Appeal, ii. 472 of objections to extension of term of patent, ii. 495

#### NOTICE OF MOTION

for amendment of a specification pending action for infringement, ii. 463 for interlocutory injunction, ii. 465

### NOVELTY—See also Anticipation; Common Knowledge; Publication Public Use; Public Knowledge

Public Use; Public Knowledge consideration is entire, 110 partial failure of, is fatal to validity, 110 want of, in a material part is fatal, 110 want of, in subsidiary part not fatal, 113 criterion of, and infringement is not the same, 349 distinction between, and discovery, 114 distinction between issue of, and subject-matter, 472

#### NOVELTY-continued. documentary publications and their effect, 136 always a question of fact, 138 different documents combined, 152 mosaic of extracts, 152 prior document to be fatal must disclose all essentials of the invention, 144 though actual user need not be proved, 142 sufficiency of a prior specification is not the crucial test of publication, 145, 147 exhibition at industrial or international exhibitions, 126 essential to validity, 102 essential to every claim, 110 fiduciary communications, 134 general statement as to a class, 150 highly scientific inventions, 149 importation of article made abroad and its effect on, 131 loan of an article prior to application for a patent for it, 135 manufacture by person confidentially related to patentee, 135 not every, is subject-matter, 38, 105 of application not conclusive evidence of invention, 41 of result not necessarily conclusive evidence of novelty of process, 60-61 personal communications made by the patentee and their effect, 134 prior use, 104, 117 by persons other than patentee is fatal to validity, 104 by person in conjunction with the patentee, 104 in colony no publication, 128 of equivalents, 115 secret by patentee himself, 122, 128 by persons other than the patentee, 130 proof of, in action of infringement, 472 provisional specifications as means of publication, 142 public knowledge, 105 meaning of, 105 public use, 123 meaning of, 123 use in public as distinguished from use by the public, 124 publication without actual user is fatal, 142 rediscovery of lost art, 116 requisite at common law, 102 declared by Statute of Monopolies, 103 sale of article prior to application for a patent for it, 127, 128 subsidiary claim to something old not necessarily fatal, 113, 254 suggestion of an invention is not necessarily publication, 142 test of, 107 per Hatherley, L.C., 107 per Westbury, L.C., 107 OATH

power of law officer to examine witnesses on, ii. 276 power of Comptroller to examine witnesses on, ii. 39, 287

#### **OBJECTIONS**

See Particulars

#### OBSTRUCTION OF SUBSEQUENT IMPROVEMENTS validity of patents used for, 157

#### OBTAINING PATENT

See Crown; Patent Agents; Application; Specification: Opposition; SEALING THE PATENT: EXTENT AND DURATION OF PATENT

OFFENUES UNDER ACT OF 1883

```
See STATUTORY OFFENORS
OFFICERS AND CLERKS (PATENT OFFICE)
    appointment and removal of, ii. 284
    salaries of, ii. 284
                                                              OFFICIAL
    sometimes incapacitated from being patentee, 26
OFFICIAL SEARCH FOR NOVELTY
    is made by examiners, ii. 17
OMISSION
    of parts may constitute invention, 79
ONE INVENTION
    application for patent should comprise only, ii. 6
    inclusion of more than, does not affect validity of patent if granted, ii. 6
        cognate inventions may be included in one patent, ii. 25
    test of, ii. 9
    amendment to, may be required, ii. 9
    examples of amendments required to limit application to, ii. 9, note (r)
OPPOSITION TO GRANT OF PATENT
    regulated by s. 11 of Act of 1883..ii. 35
        and Patents Rules, 1908, as to, ii. 356
    withdrawal of, does not entitle applicant to succeed, ii. 40
    bogus, for purpose of delaying date of seal, ii. 72
    form of, ii. 393
    notice of, ii. 36
         when and how to be given, ii. 37
         applicant is furnished with a copy of, by the Comptroller, ii. 37
         amendment of, ii. 37
    evidence of opponent and applicant, ii. 37
         times within which statutory declarations are to be left at the Patent
           Office, ii. 38
         copies of statutory declaration to be delivered to opposite party, ii. 38
         effect of filing multiplicity of unnecessary statutory declarations, ii. 39
         effect of not filing, ii. 38
         closing of, ii. 39
         limited to declarations filed in due course except with leave, ii. 39
    hearing, ii. 39
         powers of Comptroller as to viva voce evidence, 39
         time for, fixed by Comptroller, ii. 39
             notice of, to be given to the parties, ii. 39
         application by either party to be heard is necessary, ii. 39
         Comptroller entitled to consider bearing of any prior specification how-
           ever brought to his notice on, ii. 60
         decision when neither party applies to be heard, ii. 39
         duty of Comptroller to guard the interests of the public, ii. 40
         practice as to who begins, ii. 39
         notification to parties of Comptroller's decision, ii. 39
         appeal from Comptroller's decision to law officer, ii. 40
             procedure on, ii. 40
             evidence on, ii. 40
             cross-examination of witnesses, ii. 41
             assistance of expert on, ii. 40
             opponent not obliged to furnish applicant with copy of notice of
               appeal, ii. 40
         conditions may be imposed by Comptroller or law officer, ii. 41
         patent is only refused if ground of opposition is proved, ii. 41
         in case of abandonment of, ii. 40
         costs, ii. 42
```

```
OPPOSITION TO GRANT OF PATENT—continued.
    grounds of opposition, ii. 35, 42
         only four are possible, ii. 36
             (1) applicant has obtained the invention from the opponent or a
                        person of whom he is the legal representative, ii. 36, 43
                      proof of fraud not necessary, ii. 43
                      legal representative, ii. 43
                      issue of true and first inventor is not open, ii. 43
                      experiments of persons other than the applicant, ii. 45
                      objection may succeed in part, ii. 44
                      relevance of inquiry as to whether invention has been
                        claimed in an earlier specification, ii. 44
                      employer and employed, ii. 44
                      assignment of unpatented and unpublished inventions,
                        ii. 45
                      fraud committed abroad does not prejudice applicant in
                        respect of a communicated invention, ii. 45
                      rights of foreign inventor, ii. 46
                      opponent may be made joint grantee, if he invented part,
                        ii. 46
                      condition that opponent be made a joint patentee, ii. 47
                      concurrent applications, ii. 47
                      condition that grantee shall assign a share may be re-
                        quired in the interests of justice, ii. 47
                      separate patents to rival applicants, ii. 47
                      applicant's invention only an improvement on opponent's,
                             ii. 47
                           fact that, may be required to be stated in appli-
                             cant's specification, ii. 47
             (2) the invention has been claimed in any complete specification
                        for a British patent which is or will be of prior date to
                        the patent which is opposed, other than a specification
                        deposited pursuant to an application made more than
                        fifty years before the date of the application for such
                        last-mentioned patent, ii. 48
                      particulars of prior patent are requisite, ii. 393
                      locus standi of opponent on this ground may be questioned,
                             ii. 48
                           only persons having a direct interest in prior patents
                             have locus standi, ii. 48
                           assignee under prior patent has locus standi, ii. 48
                           person who has deposited a complete specification has
                             a locus standi, ii. 50
                           mere agent of prior patentee has no locus standi, ii. 49
                           person about to work under a prior patent has a locus
                             standi, ii. 49
                           Convention applicant, ii. 50
                           person having a locus standi may rely on specifications
                             other than his own, ii. 50
                           law officer does not lightly overrule Comptroller on
                             question of locus standi, ii. 51
                      Comptroller can give effect to prior specification however
                        brought to his notice, ii. 50
                      only question is whether the invention has been already
                             patented, i.e., claimed, ii. 51
                          in doubtful cases patent is allowed, ii. 51
                           Comptroller does not consider question of subject-
                             matter or invention, only identity of claim, ii. 52
                           prior description without claim is immaterial, ii. 52
                               c.g., a provisional specification, ii. 52
                           ambit of opponent's claim may be disputed, ii. 52
                           conjoint effect of several prior grants, ii. 53
                           patent is refused in cases of no appreciable difference
                             between opponent's and applicant's claims, ii. 52
                           mechanical equivalents, ii. 54
```

conflict of testimony as to utility, ii. 55

. .

```
OPPOSITION TO GRANT OF PATENT—continued.
    grounds of opposition—continued.
         only four are possible—continued.
             (2) the invention has been claimed, &c.—continued.
                      only question is whether the invention, &c.—continued.
                          question of infringement of prior patent is not con-
                             sidered, ii. 57
                          validity of prior patent is immaterial, ii. 52, 55
                      notice of this ground of opposition must be distinct, ii. 55
                      claim by applicant to something not foreshadowed in pro-
                        visional specification of prior patentee, ii. 55
                      expiration of prior patent is immaterial, ii. 55
                      means of giving effect to the principle that no claim is to
                             be allowed which is wide enough to include some-
                             thing already claimed, ii. 56
                          disallowing a claim or ordering its modification, ii. 56
                               applicant should avoid necessity for amendment
                                 of claims, ii. 66
                           general or special disclaimers, ii. 56
                               difference in effect of, ii. 65
                               grounds on which required, ii. 57
                               general disclaimers are more usual, ii. 62
                               special disclaimers, ii. 58
                                    object of the power to refuse the patent or
                                      to require an amendment or disclaimer,
                                      ii. 56
                                    grounds for requiring a disclaimer, ii. 57
                                    principles upon which special disclaimers are
                                          ordered, ii. 58
                                        per Webster, A.-G., ii. 58, 59
                                        per the Comptroller-General, ii. 59
                                    special references and concurrent applica-
                                      tions, ii. 60
                                    references to defects, ii. 61
                                    pioneer or master patent, ii. 61
                                    opponent seeking special reference must
                                      give evidence of state of knowledge, ii. 61
                                    general disclaimers are more usually required
                                      than special, 63
                                    legitimate objects for which general and
                                      special disclaimers are ordered, ii. 63
                                    difference between, and a general disclaimer
                                      in terms of opponent's claim, ii. 65
                                    appeal from Comptroller may be limited to
                                      question of special disclaimer, ii. 67
                           agreement between parties as to the meaning of a
                             specification, ii. 66
                           striking out claims, ii. 66
             (3) the nature of the invention or the manner in which it is to be
                        performed is not sufficiently or fairly described and
                        ascertained in the complete specification, ii. 67
                      locus standi of opponent, ii. 67
                      irrelevant matter in specification, ii. 68
                      jurisdiction of Comptroller to prevent ambiguity, ii. 69
             (4) the complete specification describes and claims an invention
                        other than that described in the provisional specifica-
                         tion, and such other invention forms the subject of an
                        application made by the opponent in the interval
                         between the hearing of the provisional specification
                         and the complete specification, ii. 36, 69
                      object and effect of this ground, ii. 69
                      disconformity and this ground of opposition, ii. 69
                      opponent's application of same date as applicant's, ii. 69
                      duties of Comptroller and law officer when this ground is
                         raised, ii. 70
                      illustration of this ground, ii. 70
```

#### ORDER

conditions of, for inspection, 463 scope of, for account of profits, 513 effect of, for revocation of patent, 306 form of, for revocation of patent, 305: ii. 483 when all claims are bad, 306 when some claims are good, 306 when patent was obtained in fraud of rights of petitioner, 299 for further and better particulars, ii. 461 for amendment of particulars, ii. 462 for amendment of specification during action of infringement, ii. 465 for inspection, ii. 466 for reference to independent expert report to the Court during action of infringement, iî. 467 for experiments before scientific expert and his report to the Court during action of infringement, ii. 467 for an inquiry as to damages, 521 proper, when defendant has paid money into Court and plaintiff succeeds

#### ORDER IN COUNCIL

retrospective effect of, under s. 103 of Act of 1883.. ii. 29

#### PALATINE COURT (LANCASTER) See COURT OF COUNTY PALATINE OF LANCASTER

in action of infringement, 449

#### PARLIAMENT

rules to be laid before, ii. 290 reports of Comptroller to be laid before, ii. 287

#### PARTICULARS

of breaches

in action of infringement, 401 are necessary, 401 and must accompany statement of claim, 401 or be delivered, by order, subsequently, 401 evidence is restricted to, 401, 406, 465 unless leave of Court obtained, 401, 406, 465 amendment of, 402 further and better, 402 by order of Court, 402 Court of Appeal, 402 must be reasonable and proper, 402 sufficient if with pleadings they give defendant notice of the case to be made against him, 403 must state how the patent has been infringed, 404 a user is entitled to fuller particulars than a manufacturer, 404 must specify which claims have been infringed, 404 if necessary by reference to pages and lines of the specification, 404 may be sufficient though specific claims are not referred to, 404 specific instances of infringement must be alleged, 405 but certain general words may be allowable, 405 by way of example and not limitation, 405 when action is based solely on threats to infringe, 406 precedents of, ii. 455

in action to restrain threats of legal proceedings, 324

plaintiff may be entitled to, 324

```
PARTICULARS—continued.
    of objections
         on petition for revocation, 300
         on petition for extension, are requisite, ii. 224—see Extension of Term
           OF PATENT
         in action to restrain threats of legal proceedings, 324
             defendant may be entitled to, 324
         in action of infringement, 422
             are necessary, 422
                 when validity is disputed, 422
                 plaintiff may be required to give, when he disputes validity
                    of a prior grant, 412, 428
             must be delivered with defence or counterclaim, 422
                 or by order, subsequently, 422
             evidence limited to, 422, 465
                 discretionary power of Court or a Judge to admit evidence
                   not within, 422, 465
             do not stand in place of pleas, 409, 422
             cannot go beyond pleas, 409, 422
             must give more detailed information than the pleas, 409, 422
             more detail is required in particulars of objections than in par-
               ticulars of breaches, 422
             amendment of, 423
                 raising fresh issues, 424
                 terms usually imposed when leave given for, 425
                      order when plaintiff elects to continue before the terms of
                        the order are settled, 426
                      in cases of reamendments, 425
             further and better, 422
                 should be applied for without delay, 422
                  time for pleading after order for, 423
                 costs of, 423
                 form of order for, ii. 461
                 non-compliance with order for, 423
                  fresh particulars cannot be given under an order for, 423
                      but can be given at any time by leave of the Court, 423
             further evidence on appeal, 426
             objects of, 427
             requisites of
                 reference to specific claims of plaintiff's specification, 427
                 as to true and first inventor, 428
                 as to subject-matter, 428
                  as to prior grant, 428
                  as to novelty, 428
                      must not be too general, 432
                           objections to general plea, 432
                           general user may be stated in general but not too
                             indefinite terms, 433
                      common knowledge, 431
                           how objection should be raised, 431
                           specifications and rare books cannot be referred to
                             as anticipations under a plea of, 431
                           distinction between issue of, and prior publication,
                             432
                      publication by prior users, 428
                      publication by prior specifications and printed books, 428
                           reference to pages and lines requisite, 429
                      reference to plaintiff's claims requisite, 430
                  as to disconformity, 427
                  as to utility, 434
                  as to insufficiency of specification, 434
                  as to invalidity on account of abuse of monopoly, 435
                  as to non-payment of fees, 435
              greater detail required under modern than former practice, 435
              precedents of, ii. 459
```

```
PARTICULARS—continued.
    certificate as to, 536
         is necessary on taxation of costs in action of infringement which pro-
               ceeds to trial, 536
             and on petition for revocation which proceeds to trial, 307
             quæry in action to restrain threats, 329
         omission to ask for, at the trial, 537
         power of Court of Appeal and House of Lords as to, 537
         is granted (1) when particulars have been proven; (2) when in the
           opinion of the Court or a Judge they were reasonable and proper,
           538
         when action is discontinued, 530
         when action not tried out on all issues, 539
         in case of judgment by default, 541, 542
         rule that Court will only certify such particulars as materials before
               the Court enable it to say are reasonable and proper, 539
             illustrations of the working of the rule, 539
         though validity is not decided, the certificate may be given on the
           ground that the particulars were necessary for the decision of another
           issue, 542
         action in respect of several patents, 543
PARTIES
    petition for revocation, 300
     action of infringement
         all persons interested in the patent should be, before the Court, 393
         all co-patentees should be made, in action at instance of one, 393:
           ii. 159
         misjoinder of, 394
         nonjoinder of, 394
         adding, 394
         foreigner, 396
         plaintiff, 393
              agent, 394
              assignee, 393
              cestui que trust, 394
              co-owner, 393
                  owner of distinct part, 393
              licensor alone may be, ii. 209
                  but not so a licensee, ii. 209
                      unless the licence amounts to an assignment, ii. 209
              married woman, 393
              mortgagee, 393
              mortgagor, 393
              patentee, 393
              trustee, 394
              transfer of plaintiff's rights pending action, 394
              person who has no right to sue cannot amend by joining person
                entitled to sue, 394
         defendant, 395
              agent, 395
              any person who takes part in an infringement, 395
              company, 395
              consignee of goods shipped from abroad, 397
              director of a company, 395
              firm as distinct from a partner, 395
              foreign sovereign, 388
              foreigner, 396
                  who is not an importer, 396
              manufacturer and purchaser may be made co-defendants, 396
              master, 395
              principal, 395
              servant, 395
              user, 396
```

```
PARTIES—continued.
     action of infringement—continued.
         defendant-continued.
              when different infringers must be made, to different actions, 397
              separate actions must be brought against infringers of separate
                patents, 397
              person who has indemnified the, may be allowed to take part in
                the action, 397
PARTNER
     estoppel of former, from disputing validity of patent, 418
    rights of, in patented invention, ii. 171
PARTNERSHIP
    may be created by assignment of share in a patent, ii. 177
"PASSING OFF"
     goods as and for those of a patentee or other person, 334
         right of action in respect of, 334
         claim for injunction to restrain infringement or in the alternative, 335
PATENT
    viewed as a bargain between public and patentee, 103, 170, 195, 332
    assignment of—see Assignment
    consideration necessary for grant of, 102, 110, 154, 172: ii. 145
    co-owners' rights in, ii. 156
     date of, ii. 73
         antedating, ii. 73
     definition of, ii. 294, 321
     is a franchise, 485
     is a chose in action, ii. 127
    effect of adverse judgment on status of patent, 307
    destruction of, ii. 77
    duplicate of, ii. 77
         form of application for, ii. 417
    effect of grant of, 102
    expiry of, prior to judgment, 500, 510
    extent of, ii. 73
    extension of —see Extension of Term of Patent
    should be for one invention only, ii. 6
    except in case of cognate inventions, ii. 25
    forms of, ii. 421
    how, is obtained—see Obtaining Patent
    interpretation of, 332
         former spirit of, 332
         modern spirit of, 332
    loss of, ii. 77
    master, meaning of, 369
    of addition—see Patent of Addition
    pioneer, meaning of, 369
    registration of—see Register of Patents
    revival of lapsed, ii. 74
    revocation of—sec Revocation
    sealing of, 71
    security of public against illegal, 335
    surrender of, ii. 87
    term of, ii. 73
        conditional on payment of fees, ii. 74
PATENT AGENT—See also AGENT
    definition of, ii. 289
    usually employed by applicants for patents, ii. 2
    may sign documents other than the application or notice of abandonment
      on behalf of applicant, ii. 2
    qualifications of, ii. 2
```

#### INDEX. 63 PATENT AGENT—continued. registration of, ii. 3 fees, in reference to, ii. 432 rules affecting—see REGISTER OF PATENT AGENTS' RULES communications between, and patentee are not privileged, 455 no penalty for practising as a, without description as, ii. 3 PATENT OF ADDITION statutory provisions, ii. 23 improvement must itself be an invention, ii. 23 test of proper subject-matter for, ii. 24 original patent not granted, ii. 24 cannot be based on previous, ii. 24 duration of, ii. 24 policy, ii. 25 PATENT OFFICE and preceedings thereat, ii. 284 hours of business, ii. 370 officers and clerks, ii. 384 seal of, 71: ii. 284 provision as to days for leaving documents at, ii. 370 provision for closing, on certain days, ii. 370

transmission of certified printed copies of specifications, &c., ii. 288

#### PATENT OFFICE MUSEUM

control and management of, ii. 78 models for, ii. 78

documents for use in, size, &c. of, ii. 347

leaving and serving, ii. 347

address for service, ii. 347

```
PATENTS RULES, 1908
    acceptance of specifications, ii. 356
         extension of time for, ii. 356
         notice and advertisement of, 35: ii. 356
         inspection of specification, ii. 356
    agency, ii. 348
    amendment of specification, ii. 361
         request for leave to amend, ii. 361
         notice of opposition, ii. 361
         opponent's evidence, ii. 361
             further proceedings, ii. 361
         applicant's evidence if opponent does not leave declaration, ii. 361
             further proceedings, ii. 361
         requirements on amendment, ii. 362
         advertisements of amendment, ii. 362
    application for grant of patent, ii. 348
         form of, ii. 348
         by representative of deceased inventor, ii. 349
         order of recording, ii. 349
         one invention, ii. 349
         separate patents by way of amendment, ii. 349
         claims, ii. 350
         convention, ii. 350
             foreign specification, &c., to accompany, ii. 350
              public inspection, ii. 350
              proceedings, ii. 350
    application to and order of Court, ii. 371
         notice of, ii. 371
             order of Court, copy to be left at Patent Office, ii. 371
```

certificates and certified copies of documents, ii. 366

requests for, ii. 367

```
PATENTS RULES, 1908—continued.
    chemical inventions, typical samples and specifications, ii. 355
    commencement, ii. 346
    compulsory licences and revocation of patents, ii. 362
         petition for licence or revocation, ii. 362
             to be left with evidence, ii. 362
             opponent's evidence, ii. 362
             evidence in reply, ii. 362
             closing of evidence, ii. 363
             power of Board of Trade to dismiss petition, ii. 363
             arrangements between parties, ii. 363
             reference of petition to the Court, ii. 363
    correction of clerical errors, ii. 195
        request for, ii. 195
    documents, siz», &c. of, ii. 347
        leaving and serving, ii. 347
        address for service, ii. 347
    drawings, ii. 351
         general, ii. 351
        requirements as to paper, &c., ii. 351
        size of drawings and arrangement of figures, ii. 351
        to be suitable for reproduction, ii. 351
        to bear name of applicant, &c., but no descriptive matter, ii. 352
        copies of, ii. 352
        marking of originals and true copies, ii. 352
         delivery of, ii. 352
         provisional, used for complete specification, ii. 352
    exercise of discretionary power by the Comptroller, ii. 368
         ten days' notice before adverse exercise of, ii. 369
        notice by applicant, ii. 369
         Comptroller may require statement, &c., ii. 369
         decision notified to parties, ii. 369
    extension of time for leaving complete specification, ii. 352
    fees under the Act. ii. 346
        schedule of, ii. 346, 371
    form of patent, ii. 358
        patent of addition, ii. 358
        to legal representatives of deceased inventor, ii. 358
    forms, ii. 347
        schedule of, ii. 347
    general, ii. 370
        power of amendment, ii. 370
         general power to enlarge time, ii. 370
        days and hours of business, ii. 370
             excluded days, ii. 370
        power to dispense with evidence, signature, &c., ii. 370
    industrial or international exhibition, ii. 368
        notice of intention to exhibit, ii. 368
    interpretation, ii. 346
    lost patent, application for duplicate, ii. 368
    opposition to grants of patents, ii. 356
        notice of opposition, ii. 356
             copy for applicant, ii. 356
             statement of amendments desired, ii. 356
         evidence in support of allegation that invention has been obtained
               from opponent, ii. 356
             opponent's evidence, ii. 357
             applicant's evidence, ii. 357
         evidence in reply, ii. 357
         if opponent does not leave statutory declarations, ii. 357
             applicant's evidence, ii. 357
             opponent's evidence, ii. 357
         evidence in reply, ii. 357
         closing of evidence, ii. 357
         hearing, ii. 357
```

```
PATENTS RULES, 1908-continued.
     procedure under sect. 7 of the Act, ii. 352
          power of Comptroller to post-date, ii. 352
          provisional reports in case of complete specification, ii. 353
          time for leaving amended specification, ii. 353
          hearing by the Comptroller under sub-sect. 4..ii. 353
         reference to prior specification, ii. 354
     procedure under sect. 8 of the Act, ii. 354
          hearing by Comptroller, ii. 354
         reference to prior specification, ii. 355
         advertisement of amendments, ii. 355
     procedure under sect. 26 of the Act, ii. 363
          mode of application, ii. 363
          procedure, ii. 363
         surrender of patent, ii. 364
     Register of Patents, ii. 365
         entry of grant, ii. 365
         entry in respect of convention application, ii. 365
         alteration of address, ii. 365
         entry of subsequent proprietorship, ii. 365
              form and signature of request, ii. 365
              particulars to be stated in request, ii. 365
              production of document of title and other proof, ii. 365
              copies for office, ii. 366
              entry of notice of interest, ii. 366
         entry of notification of document, ii. 366
         entry of date of payment of fees on issue of certificate, ii. 366
         entry of failure to pay fees, ii. 366
         hours of inspection, 366
    renewal fees, ii. 359
         certificate of payment, ii. 359
         notice as to, ii. 359
    repeal, ii. 371
    restoration of lapsed patents, ii. 359
         application for, ii. 359
         opponent's evidence, ii. 359
         further procedure, ii. 360
         order, ii. 360
         compensation, ii. 360
    revocation of patents worked outside the United Kingdom, ii. 364
         application for, ii. 364
         closing of evidence, ii. 364
         hearing, ii. 364
     Schedule I., list of fees, ii. 371
              II., forms, ii. 375
        "
              III., form of patent, ii. 421
                    form of patent of addition, ii. 422
    sealing of patent and payment of fee, ii. 358
     secret patents, ii. 367
         certificate of secrecy after application, ii. 368
         reassignment, ii. 368
    short title, ii. 346
    statutory declaration and affidavit, ii. 369
         form, &c. of, ii. 369
         how to be made, ii. 369
    surrender of patent, notice and advertisement of offer, ii. 364
PATENTEE
    definition of, ii. 294
    who may be, 13
         corporation, 26
              sole, 26
         foreigner, 13
         infant, ii. 6
              declaration on behalf of, ii. 6
```

F.

```
PATENTEE—continued.
    who may be-continued.
         legal representative of deceased inventor, 13
         lunatic, 14
         married woman, 14
         person other than true and first inventor, 13
         several persons jointly, 13
         true and first inventor, 13
    persons incapable of being, 26
         alien enemy, 27
         corporation alone cannot be patentee of an original invention, 26
         corporation sole as such, 26
         official persons sometimes, 26
         the King, 26
    evidence of, who has assigned, 467
    in respect of foreign application, ii. 27
    use of word "patent" before his patent is sealed, ii. 13
    obligation of, to use invention or license others to do so, 158, 173
    entitled to oppose grant of subsequent patent, ii. 48
    on bankruptcy of, patent vests in trustee, ii. 173
    remedies of, for invasion of his rights, 332
    communications between, and patent agent not privileged, 455
    communications between, and solicitor privileged, 455
    rights of co-patentees, ii. 156
         may use invention without liability to account, ii. 156
         power to grant licences, ii. 179
             quæry without liability to account, ii. 179
        power to sue alone, ii. 158
        all co-patentees should be made parties in action at instance of one,
           393: ii. 159
        co-patentees cannot dispose of each other's rights, ii. 158
    patent is granted at peril of, ii. 1
PATENTS ACTS, 1907—1908
    Patents and Designs Act, 1907...ii. 256
    Patents and Designs Act, 1908..ii. 301
PAYMENT OF FEES
    See Fees
PAYMENT OUT OF COURT
    proper order for, when defendant has paid money into Court and plaintiff
      in infringement action is successful, 449
PENALTIES—See also STATUTORY OFFENDES
    for practising as a patent agent without registration, ii. 2
    for representing an article as patented which is not so, ii. 13
    for unauthorised use of royal arms, ii. 13
    for falsifying Register of Patents or copy therefrom, ii. 83
PERSON
    under Act of 1993, includes a body corporate, ii. 305
PETITION
    for extension of term of patent, ii. 217--see Extension of Term of Patent
        requisites of, ii. 217
         when, may be presented, ii. 212, 219
        amendment of, ii. 219
        advertisement of, ii. 220
             affidavit of, ii. 221
        application for time for hearing, ii. 221
        proof of advertisements before hearing, ii. 222
         documents to be lodged with, ii. 222
         hearing of, ii. 225
        precedents of, ii. 486
```

# PETITION—continued. for revocation of letters patent by the Court, 288—see Revocation; Compulsory Licences who may present, 291 fiat of Attorney-General, when necessary for presentation of, 292 how obtained, 293 may be given nunc pro tune, 294 form of, ii. 480

# PIONEER PATENT See MASTER PATENT

#### "PITH AND MARROW"

infringement by taking, of invention protected, 346 objection to use of the term, 346 it may be lawful to take the, of an invention in one sense, 346 but never so to take its substance without licence, 346

#### PITMAN'S CASE rule in, ii. 239

#### **PLAN**

mere, is not subject-matter for a patent, 32

#### **PLEADINGS**

in action of infringement,
usual, 398
trial without, 398
inspection necessary for preparation of, 461, 462
forms of, ii. 451
in action to restrain threats of legal proceedings, 323
forms of, ii. 475
in petition for revocation, 300
form of petition for revocation, ii. 480

# POSSESSION infringement by, 385

#### POST

applications for patents and notices, &c. by, ii. 5, 288 service by sending through, proof of, ii. 306

## PRECEDENTS See Forms

PREROGATIVE OF CROWN saving for, by Act of 1907...ii. 297

# PRESCRIBED definition of, ii. 294

#### PRESIDENT OF BOARD OF TRADE exercises powers of Board of Trade, ii. 290 certificate of, conclusive evidence, ii. 291

#### PRICE

reduction of, by patentee, effect on damages, 522 reduction of, by defendant, effect on damages, 522

#### PRINCIPAL

as defendant to action for infringement, 295

.

```
PRINCIPLE
    is not subject-matter, 47
    application of a, may be subject-matter, 48
        illustrations, 49
        if principle be new, means may be old, 55
        if principle and means be both new, means may be claimed separately,
          55
    distinction between a general arrangement and a, 54
    claim to all methods of application amounts to a claim to the principle, 49
    ambit of claim for carrying a new, into effect, 55
    ambit of claim for carrying an old, into effect, 67
PRINCIPLE OF THE INVENTION
    meaning of, 341
    importance of determining, in questions arising on the patent, 340
    protected though not referred to in the claim, 278
PRIOR GRANT
    a defence to an action on a patent, 412
    a ground for revocation, 295
    validity of, in case of concurrent applications, 412
    particulars of objections as to, 412
PRIOR USE
    See Novelly; I delication: Shoret User
PRIVILEGED COMMUNICATIONS
    communications between paramee and parametric of a solicitor respective
PROCESS—See Method
    may be subject-matter, 58, 60
        history of the cases, 58
             Crane v. Price settled the law, 60
                 but decision in, is doubtful on the facts, 60
        which consists merely in the omission of a step hitherto thought to be
          necessary, 67
    not so wide a term as "manufacture," 66
    not every novel, is good subject-matter, 60
        process to be patentable must lead to some result, 60
    combination of one, with another, may be subject-matter, 79
    consisting in application of hitherto hidden and unperceived property may
          be good subject-matter, 63
        examples, 63
    discovery of theory of a, formerly carried out empirically is not subject-
      matter, 63
    strengthening a part, 62
    use on commercial scale of process used on small scale, 63
    objection to the term "patentable process," 65
    ambit of claim for a, which achieves a new result, 67
    ambit of claim for a, which achieves an old result, 67
    rights of discoverer of secret, 333
    discovery as regards trade secret, 454, 463
PROCTOR v. BENNIS
    type of case to which doctrine of infringement by substitution of equivalents
      is applicable, 358, 361
    facts in, 361
    rule in, 361
        instances of application of, 358, note (t), 363
PRODUCT
    may be good subject-matter, 70
        when claim for a product is good, 70
             when not, 70
    ambit of legitimate claim for new, 72
    ambit of claim for new means of producing an old, 72
```

#### PROFIT-See ACCOUNT OR DAMAGES

does not render experimental user fatal to novelty, 120 pecuniary, is not condition precedent to liability in respect of infringement, 378

#### PROLONGATION OF PATENTS

See EXTENSION OF TERM OF PATENT

#### PROPERTY

in infringing articles remains in the infringer, 31, 526

#### PROPORTION8

mere variation of, no invention, 46 effect of statement of, on sufficiency of specification, 205 claim may embrace, not stated, 205 claim may be limited to specific, stated, 205, 336, 374

#### PROPRIETORS

See REGISTER OF PATENTS

#### PROVISIONAL PROTECTION—See also Specifications

statutory provision for, ii. 257
nature and effect of, 181
object of, 184
applicant enjoys, against effects of publication, 125
foreign applicant, 126
legitimate developments of the invention during period of, 182
always a question of fact, 184
improvements in detail, 183
when should be claimed, and when not, 233
better and different methods, 183

#### PROVISIONAL SPECIFICATION

See SPECIFICATIONS

#### PUBLIC

protection of, against illegal patents, 335

#### PUBLIC AUTHORITY

entitled to solicitor and client costs if successful, 550

#### PUBLIC KNOWLEDGE

meaning of, 105
per Jessel, M.R., 106
test of novelty, 107
per Hatherley, L.C., 107
per Westbury, L.C., 107
at date of specification may affect its construction, 281, 283, 356, 481
effect of, on question of infringement by substitution of equivalents, 356
i.e., affects ambit of patentee's claim, 356
effect of, on subject-matter, 41, 152, 431, 471
how objection of, should be raised, 431
specifications and rare books cannot be referred to under a general plea of, 431
distinction between plea of common knowledge and prior publication, 432

#### PUBLIC USE

meaning of, 123
use in public as distinguished from use by the public, 124
applicant for patent is provisionally protected against, 125
prior, of one specimen sufficient to invalidate a patent, 122
prior, in colony no publication, 128
what amounts to publication by, 117
unsuccessful experimental, no publication, 117
prior, of completed invention though discontinued is fatal to validity, 119

```
PUBLIC USE—continued.
    abandoned, prima facie presumed to have been it or aplete, 119
         illustrative cases, 119, note (u)
    prior experimental, though profitable is not necessarily fatal, 120
    prior use whether public or not by persons other than patentee invalidates
      the patent, 104, 130
    patentee cannot restrain a prior use public or otherwise, 333
    publication by description without actual, 142
    during period of provisional protection, 125
PUBLICATION—See also ANTICIPATION; NOVELTY
    applicant for a patent is protected against his own, 125
        protection afforded to foreign applicant, 126
    distinction between a prior machine and a document as a means of, 136
    distinction between issue of common knowledge and, 432
    distinction between, and anticipation, 115
    mere suggestion is not, 143
    no, of specifications abandoned before acceptance of complete, 142: ii. 14
        except in cases under the convention, ii. 14, 33
    documentary, 136
        always a question of fact, 138
        limit to publication by prior specifications, 142
        unless all essential features are disclosed, a prior document is no, 145
        sufficiency of description in a prior document necessary to render it a,
               144
             rule in Hill v. Evans, 145
                 explained, 145
             highly scientific inventions, 149
             sufficiency of specification is not the crucial test of publication by
               it, 145
        document which points away from patentee's claim is no, 141
        description of a useless machine is no, of a useful one, 151
             but it may affect the question of subject-matter, 472
                 and together with a subsequent discovery may invalidate a
                   patent, 151
        general statement as to a class is no, of invention which consists in
          selecting a particular member, 150
        proof of actual use of invention described in a prior document is not
          necessary, 142
        proof that patentee saw document not necessary, 138
        document sometimes public property the moment it is written, 141
        suggestion merely in a document, 143
        terms of art may differ in meaning in different documents, 141
        foreign books as, 137
        prior provisional specifications, as, 142
             power of Court to order production of, 142
        no publication of reports of Patent Office examiners, ii. 21
        combined effect of different documents, 152
            mosaic of extracts from different documents, 152
    drawing may be, 151
    exhibition at industrial or international exhibitions prior to application, 126
    by importation of article made abroad, 131
    what is not a, may narrow ambit of patentee's claim, 150
    what would be an infringement if of later date than a patent is not neces-
      sarily a, 149
    by loan, 134
    manufacture by person confidentially related to the patentee, 134
    by offering for sale, 127
    by personal communication, 134
    by prior experiment, 117
        law as to, stated by Tindal, C.J., 118
        a question of fact, 119
        unsuccessful experiment, 117
            abandoned user prima facie presumed to have been incomplete, 119
                 illustrative cases, 119
```

#### PUBLICATION—continued.

by persons other than the patentee, 104, 130 by person in conjunction with the patentee, 104 analogous use as, 114 prior user of equivalents as, 115 prior use in a colony no, 128 prior public use though abandoned is fatal, 119 prior secret though profitable user, 122, 130

#### **PURCHASE**

infringement and, 381

#### PURCHASER—See also VENDEE

defendant to action of infringement, 515
damages from, from manufacturer, 507, 524
rights of—sce Infringement—sale
no redress against unicensed vendor in absence of express warranty, 396
exemption of innocent, from damages, 515
rights of, without restrictions, 381: ii. 181
restrictions on, 381
illegal, ii. 195

#### REBUTTING EVIDENCE

Sec EVIDENCE

#### RECEIVER

appointment of a, of a patent, ii. 175, note (x)

#### RECITAL

estoppel in virtue of, implying validity of patent, ii. 201

#### RECTIFICATION OF REGISTER

See REGISTER OF PATENTS

#### REDISCOVERY

quæry, of a lost art is subject-matter, 116

#### REDUCTION, ACTION OF

proceedings for revocation in Scotland are in the form of an, 292

#### REFEREE

questions in action of infringement which may be referred to a, 489 illustrations, 489 usual course as to report of a, and counsel's comments thereon, 489

#### REGISTER OF PATENT AGENTS RULES, 1908

register to be kept, ii. 426 contents of register, ii. 426 printed copies to be published annually and to be evidence of contents of register, ii. 426 registrar, ii. 427 registration of persons who were patent agents prior to the passing of the Act, ii. 427 final qualifying examination for registration, ii. 427 exemption of pupils and assistants from preliminary examination, ii. 427 qualifications of persons generally for registration, ii. 427 final qualifying examinations to be held by the Institute, ii. 427 correction of names and addresses in the register, ii. 428 erasure of names of deceased persons, ii. 428 erasure of names of persons who have ceased to practise, ii. 428 erasure of names for non-payment of fee, ii. 428 registrar to act on evidence, ii. 429

```
REGISTER OF PATENT AGENTS RULES, 1908—continued.
     erasure of incorrect or fraudulent entries, ii. 429
     erasure of names of persons convicted of crimes and persons found guilty.
       of disgraceful conduct, ii. 429
     restoration by Board of erased name, ii. 429
     inquiry by Board of Trade before erasure of name from register, ii. 429
     restoration by Institute of erased name, ii. 430
     appeal to Board of Trade, ii. 430
    notice of appeal, ii. 430
    case on appeal, ii. 430
     transmission of notice of appeal to Board of Trade, ii. 430
     directions as to hearing of appeal, ii. 430
    notice of hearing of appeal, ii. 430
    hearing and decision of appeal, ii. 430
    alteration of regulations, ii. 431
    report of Board of Trade, ii. 431
    commencement, ii. 431
    Appendix A:
         form of register, ii. 431
         form of statutory declaration, ii. 432
    Appendix B:
         fees, ii. 432
    title, ii. 426
    Board of Trade powers as to, ii. 3
    validity of, ii. 3
    infraction of, ii. 3
         proper party to prosecute for, ii. 3
REGISTER OF PATENTS
    statutory provisions as to, ii. 270, 285, 286
    kept at the Patent Office, ii. 78
    former, to be deemed part of present, ii. 270
    matters to be entered upon, ii. 78
    practice as to, ii. 365
         entry of grants, ii. 365
         entry in respect of convention application, ii. 365
         alteration of address, ii. 365
         entry of subsequent proprietorship, ii. 365
             form and signature of request, ii. 365
             particulars to be stated in request, ii. 365
             production of documents of title and other proof, ii. 365
             copies for office, ii. 366
             entry of notice of interest, ii. 366
             entry of notification of documents, ii. 366
         entry of date of payment of fee on issue of certificate, ii. 366
         entry of failure to pay fees, ii. 3661
         hours of inspection of register, ii. 366
    prima facic evidence of matters authorised to be entered thereon, 79
         certificate of Comptroller, ii. 81
    effect of registration, ii. 79
    facts relating to ownership may be entered on, ii. 82
         but not legal inferences to be drawn therefrom, ii. 82
    lapsed patents, no entry as to, is allowed on, ii. 80
    registration of amendments, ii. 78
         notification of amendments of specifications to be entered on register,
           ii. 78
    registration of assignments, ii. 175
         should be immediate, ii. 176
         practice on, ii 176
         quæry condition precedent to right to sue, ii. 176
         quæry has a retrospective effect, ii. 177
    request for notification of applications to enter documents on, ii. 78
    registration of licences, ii. 205
         all licences should be registered, ii. 205
         not notice to all the world, ii. 81
```

```
REGISTER OF PATENTS-continued.
    registration of mortgages, ii. 176
         how mortgagees are entered on register, ii. 176
    registration of orders
         for extension of term of patent, ii. 247
         for revocation of patent, 307
    notices of trusts, as such, cannot be entered on, ii. 80
         but documents which affect the proprietorship, e.g., equitable assign-
           ments can, ii. 80
    documents which create neither legal nor equitable interests cannot be
      entered on, ii. 80
    documents of earlier date than the patent, ii. 80, 176
    not notice to all persons, ii. 81
    fees for entries on, ii. 376-sce FEES
    inspection of, ii. 81
         hours of, ii. 366
    evidence of entries on, ii. 31
    rectification of, ii. 82
         by Court, ii. 82
             notice to Comptroller, ii. 82
             Comptroller has right to appear, ii. 82
             appeal from order for, made by, ii. 82
         orders of Court revoking, extending, allowing amendment of specifica-
           tion of, or affecting validity or proprietorship of patent, ii. 371
         in respect of proceedings in Scotland or Ireland, ii. 83
    falsification of, ii. 83
    form of notice for alteration of a name or an address, ii. 410
    form of request for entry of two addresses for service, ii. 411
    form of request to enter name of proprietor, ii. 412
    form of request to enter notice of an interest in a patent, ii. 413
    form of request to enter notification of document, ii. 414
    form of request for correction of clerical errors, ii. 415
REGISTRATION
    See REGISTER OF PATENTS
REPAIRS
    when executing, is an infringement, 377: ii. 181
REPEALED ACTS
    saving of past operation of, by Act of 1907...ii. 297
REPORTS
    annual, of Comptroller, ii. 287
    of cases, publication and date of, ii. 77
    of examiners
         are not published, ii. 21
             power of Court to order production of, ii. 21
             effect in cases of rival applications, ii. 21
REPUTATION
     damages in respect of loss of, of a patented article, 518
RES JUDICATA
     when parties to subsequent action are same as to prior action, 415
         but defendant may petition for revocation of patent, 305, 416
RESTORATION
     of lapsed patent, ii. 74
         opposition to, ii. 75, 76
```

RESTRAINT OF TRADE

of lapsed patent, ii. 74

See COVENANTS

REVIVAL

```
REVOCATION
    of licence, ii. 187
         provision for, ii. 187
             by one party only, ii. 188
        licence not coupled with an interest is revocable, ii. 188
         licence coupled with an interest is not revocable, ii. 188
        deed not always necessary for, ii. 188
        contract not to exercise power of, ii. 189
    of patent
        former condition for, by sovereign on recommendation of Privy Council,
           289, 290
        on petition to the Court, 288
             by consent, 304
             pending inquiry as to damages, effect of, 416
             when patent has expired, 289
             may be obtained in England, Scotland, or Ireland, ii. 290
             effect of, in part of United Kingdom, 290
             improvements in munitions or instruments of war, 291
             amendment of specification pending proceedings for, ii. 138
             amendment of specification after order for, ii. 131
             certificate of validity when proceedings for, fail, 544
             delivery up of revoked patent, 306
             grant of fresh patent to petitioner, 298
             order for, effect of, 306
                 form of, 305: ii. 483
                      when all claims are bad, 306
                      when one or more claims are good, 306
                      when patent was obtained in fraud of the rights of the
                        petitioner, 299
             registration of order for, 307
             statutory provision for, ii. 268
                 in case of improvements in munitions of war, 291: ii. 272
             petition for, 288
                 substituted for older procedure by scire facias, 289
                 jurisdiction of Court of County Palatine of Lancaster, 291
                 in Scotland action of reduction takes the place of, in England,
                   290
                 form of, ii. 480
             petitioner for, 291
                 who may be, 291
                      unsuccessful defendant to action for infringement may be.
                        305
                 when, must obtain the fiat of the Attorney-General in England
                        or Ireland or the Lord Advocate in Scotland, 292
                      procedure to obtain fiat of the Attorney-General, 293
                          costs, 295
             grounds for, 295
                 distinction between a false representation in the letters patent
                   and a false statement in the specification, 296
                 inventious with the same objects, 296
                 cases of revocation on the ground of fraud on the petitioner's
                        rights, 297
                     must be strictly proved, 297
                      construction of "fraud," 297
                      patent may be granted to a petitioner who succeeds on this
                        ground, 298
            practice, 300
                 when respondent consents to revocation, 304
                      judgment should be given in open Court, 304
                 parties, 300
                 particulars of objections, 300—sec also Particulars
                     at hearing evidence confined to, 301
                     amendment of, 301
                      certificate as to, is necessary on taxation if petition has
                        proceeded to trial, 307
```

```
REVOCATION - continued.
    of patent—continued.
         on petition to the Court—continued.
             discovery
                  as in action of infringement, 303
                  time for application for, 303
             inspection
                  time for application for, 303
             interrogutories, 303-see also Discovery; Inspection
             service of petition, 301
                  out of the jurisdiction, 301
             hearing, 303
                  mode and time of, 303
                  when case comes on without the Attorney-General's flat,
                    which is necessary, 294
                  petition is an action and tried like other actions, 303
                  respondent's right to begin, 302
                  on affidavit evidence, 303
                  at same time as trial of an action on the patent, 304
                  postponement of, pending appeal in an action on the patent, 304
                  with witnesses, 303
                  with assessor, 303
                  without a jury, 304
                  at assizes, 304
                  when respondent consents to revocation, 304
                  when respondent does not appear, 304
                  joint petitioners must appear by same counsel, 304
                  fresh evidence on appeal, 495
             reversal of order on appeal, 307
             costs, 307
                  effect of certificate of validity in former action on, 544
             effect of fact that petitioner did not communicate to the respondent
                his intention to present the petition, 304
              respondents out of jurisdiction cannot be compelled to give security
                for, 302
         by way of counterclaim in action for infringement, 420
             fiat of Attorney-General may be necessary, 421
             successful defendant in prior action, 422
              precedent of counterclaim, ii. 458
         by the Comptroller,
              under sect. 26 of the Act of 1907..ii. 84
                  any person who would have been entitled to oppose the grant
                         may apply, ii. 84
                      any person the successor in interest of, ii. 84
                           "successor in interest," ii. 85
                  procedure, ii. 85
                       costs, ii. 276
                  the proviso to sect. 26...ii. 86
                      proceeding for revocation within, ii. 86
                  surrender of patent, ii. 85
                  appeal from Comptroller's decision, ii. 87
                       is to the Court, ii. 87
                           i.e., to the selected Judge, ii. 87
                       procedure on, ii. 87
                       costs, ii. 88
              under sect. 27 of the Act of 1907..ii. 89
                  on the ground that the patented article is manufactured or
                    carried on exclusively or mainly outside the United Kingdom,
                    ii. 89
                  any person may apply, ii. 89
                  policy of sect. 27..ii. 90
                       a penalty for improper use of the monopoly, ii. 90
                       a free trade policy, ii. 90
                       patentee must not stunt growth of British trade, ii. 90
                           need not necessarily foster British trade, ii. 90
```

```
REVOCATION—continued.
    of patent—continued.
         by the Comptroller—continued.
             under sect. 27 of the Act of 1907—continued.
                 applicant must establish a prima facic case, ii. 91
                      patentee may then be called on to justify the use he has
                            made of the monopoly, ii. 91
                 meaning of "the patented article is manufactured," ii. 91
                 meaning of "exclusively or mainly," ii. 93
                 meaning of "adequate extent," ii. 94
                  meaning of "satisfactory reasons," ii. 96
                      instances of "satisfactory reasons," ii. 96
                 procedure, ii. 97
                      before the Comptroller, ii. 97
                      from the Comptroller's decision, ii. 100
                          by petition to the Court, ii. 100
                               i.e., the selected Judge, ii. 100
                               requisites of the petition, ii. 100
                               evidence on appeal, ii. 101
                               costs, ii. 101
         on petition to the Board of Trade as an alternative to a compulsory
               licence, ii. 184
             Board of Trade considers the petition, ii. 185
                  and if there is a prima facic case refers it to the Court, ii. 185
                      i.e., the selected Judge, ii. 186
RIVAL APPLICATIONS
    See Applicant; Application
ROYAL ARMS
    penalty for unauthorised use of, ii. 13
ROYALTIES
    covenant to pay, can be enforced after declaration of invalidity of patent,
      ii. 206
    acceptance of, from assignee estops patentee from disputing assignability of
      licence, ii. 193
    action to recover, ii. 206
         may be founded on the contract, ii. 206
             even though the patent has been declared void, ii. 206
        fraud a defence to, ii. 207
         misrepresentation a defence, ii. 207
         determination of licence a defence to, ii. 203
         relief in respect of infringement may be an alternative plea in, ii. 208
         interest on unpaid royalties, ii. 208
         when Court can only estimate royalties due, ii. 208
         discretion of taxing-master pending an appeal, ii. 209
    paid after, and without knowledge of, breach of covenant by licensor may
       be recovered, ii. 208
    patentee is not bound to accept same, from an infringer as from other
       persons, 523
RULE OF COURT
    order of Comptroller or law officer as to costs may be made a, ii. 42
         how, ii. 42
RULES
    Law Officers'—see Law Officers' Rules
     Patents, 1908—see Patent Rules, 1908
     Register of Patent Agents—see REGISTER OF PATENT AGENTS' RULES
     Of the Supreme Court, ii. 433
     saving for, existing at date of Act of 1907...ii. 297
```

# SALARIES

may be credited to petitioner on application for extension of term of patent, ii. 241

#### SALE

effect of, by patentee without restrictions, ii. 181
avoidance of certain conditions on sale of patented article, ii. 196
restrictions as to user may be imposed by patentee on, of patented article,
381

user in breach of restrictions is infringement, if with notice, 381 when offering for, is publication, 127 of goods in fraud of a patentee or other person, 334 of article manufactured without licence of patentee an infringement, 334, 378—see Infringement combination an infringement, 378 by licensee with a restriction, 379 exposure for, by unlicensed manufacturer does not imply warranty, 396

#### SAMPLES

order for inspection may authorise taking of, 464 may be required on application for patent for chemical invention, ii. 15

### SATURDAY

leaving documents, paying fees, &c., at Patent Office, ii. 370

# SCIENTIFIC ASSESSOR

Sce Assessor

# SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE

Sec EVIDENCE

#### SCIRB FACIAS

petition for revocation substituted for, 289
any ground on which patents could be repealed by, is a ground for revocation, 295
grounds for, 295

#### SCOPE OF INVENTION

assignor not estopped from disputing, in action at instance of assignce, ii. 163 importance in actions on the patent of ascertaining, claimed, 338, 340

# SCOTLAND

action of reduction is procedure for revocation of patent in, 290 penalties for statutory offences in, ii. 13
summary proceedings in respect of, ii. 304
practice as to particulars in patent action in, 402
proceedings for extension of term of a patent, ii. 214
in, "injunction" means "interdict," ii. 296
interdict may be obtained in, against Englishman or other foreigner, 399 saving for Courts in, as to jurisdiction in patent matters, ii. 296

# SEAL

of Patent Office, ii. 284
is, qua patents, equivalent to great seal of United Kingdom, ii. 71
time within which patents must be sealed with, ii. 71

71.

# SEALING THE PATENT time and manner of, ii. 71

SECRET-See also Trade Secrets
effect of keeping an invention a, ii. 146
assignment of, invention, ii. 147

# SECRET PROCESS

See Process; Discovery; Inspection

#### SECRET USE

effect on novelty of,
prior, by patentee himself, 122, 130
prior, by persons other than patentee, 130
patentee cannot restrain a continuance of a, prior to date of patent, 130, 338
subject of a, may be subject-matter for a patent, 122, 130, 333

#### SECRETARY OF STATE FOR WAR

assignment or patents for inventions of munitions of war to, ii. 151 may order specifications of inventions assigned to him to be kept secret, ii. 152 contract by, binds his successors in office, ii. 151

# SECRETARY TO BOARD OF TRADE may exercise powers of Board of Trade, ii. 290

SECURITY FOR COSTS
See Costs

SEED v. HIGGINS rule in, ii. 116

# SELLERS v. DICKINSON rule in, 354

# SERVANT-See also MASTER

employment of, by an inventor, 18
invention of, does not belong to master, 20
even though made in employer's time and by use of employer's tools, 21
but servant may be trustee of patent for master, 22
as defendant to action of infringement, 395
order of master does not justify, in infringing a patent, 395
liability of master for infringement committed by his, 395

# SERVICE—See also WRIT

of petition for extension of term of patent, ii. 228 all opponents must be served, ii. 223 of petition for revocation, 301 out of the jurisdiction, 301

# SHAPE

mere alteration of, is not invention, 46 need not be described in specification, if form is not of the essence of the invention, 226

### SHERIFF

sale of patented article by. under fi. fa., ii. 174 cannot sell patent under fi. fa., ii. 174

## SHERIFF COURT

prosecution for statutory offences under Patent Acts in, ii. 13-14

# SHIP

use of patented invention in British, 386 use of patented invention in foreign, 387

### SHORTHAND NOTES

costs of, 552
usual agreement as to, 552

### SIZE

selection of a particular, may be invention, 45 of documents and drawings to be lodged at the Patent Office, ii. 347

#### SKILL

See WORKMAN

# SLANDER

slanderous statements may be restrained apart from g. 36 of Act of 1907...

### SOLICITOR

communications between patentee and his, are privileged, 455 but not qua patent agent, 455

# SOLICITOR-GENERAL

"law officer" includes, ii. 294

# SOLICITOR AND CLIENT'S COSTS

Sec Costs

# SOVEREIGN

cannot be a patentee, 26 infringement by foreign, 388

# SPECIAL REFERENCE

See Opposition to Grant of Patent

# SPECIFICATIONS—See also Amendment of the Specifications

origin of, 170

copies of, to be kept on sale, ii. 77

if sealed, are evidence, 485: ii. 287

transmission of certified, to various places, ii. 288

title, 173

virtually a concise statement of the invention, 173

defective, and validity, 173

defect in, may be remedied in body of the specification, 174

should conform to certain rules, 174

must not be too extensive, 174

must not be too narrow, 175

must not be vague or ambiguous, 175

must not misdescribe the invention, 175

must not contain a false suggestion, 175

must be comprehensive enough to include the invention, 175

objection may be taken to, on application for a patent, ii. 7—sec

provisional, 176

abandoned, is not published by the Patent Office, 142: ii. 14

power of Court to order production of, 142

effect of publication of, 142

difference between, and complete, 176

is optional, 176: ii. 6

drawings may be required, 180: ii. 6

function of, 174

to avoid disputes as to what the invention was for which the patent was granted, 177

in case of dispute the question is whether the complete is excessive, 177

may go beyond the complete, 179

and cannot be impeached as too general, 179

and details referred to in provisional and complete may differ,

and subordinate matters be dropped in the complete, 179

```
SPECIFICATIONS—continued.
    provisional—continuca.
        no method of carrying the invention into effect need be stated in, 177,
           178
         all objects to which invention is applicable need not be stated, 176
        provisional protection afforded by, 181
             nature and effect of, 181
             object of, 181
             legitimate development of the invention during, 182
                 always a question of fact, 184
                  better and different methods discovered during provisional
                   protection, 183
                 improvements in details, 183
        sufficiency of, 193
        form of, ii. 387
    complete
        if abandoned before acceptance is not published, 142: ii. 14
             except in cases under the convention, ii. 14, 33
        acceptance of, no guarantee of validity, ii. 22
             advertisement of, ii. 23
             period in which acceptance must take place, ii. 22
             form of application for extension of time for acceptance, ii. 392
             effect of acceptance, 389: ii. 22
         amended, takes the place of original, ii. 107
         amendment of, before acceptance, ii. 21
         amendment of, after acceptance but before seal, ii. 66, 102
         details in, and provisional may differ, 179
         difficult to draft, 194
         disagreement of joint applicants as to form of, ii. 22
         disconformity between, and provisional, 184. See Variance
             meaning of, 185
             when fatal to validity, 185
             amended complete, 186
             true way to decide questions of fact as to, 186
             in doubtful cases patent should be sustained, 187
             effect of detailing advantages in the provisional, 188
             illustrations of patents held void for, 187, note
             illustrations of cases in which the objection as to, failed, 189, note
             legitimate developments of the invention, if included in complete
                   do not produce, 182
                 application of invention to objects not contemplated at date
                   of provisional, 176, 191
                 subordinate matters may be abandoned in complete, 179
                 details in complete may differ from those in provisional,
                    178
                 improvements in details, 183
                 better and different methods not mentioned in provisional,
                   183, 233
        drawings may be required, ii. 15
             same drawings may accompany both specifications, ii. 352
             complete may refer to drawings which accompany provisional,
               ii. 352
        form of, ii. 388
        must be filed within six, or, upon leave, seven months from date of
               application, ii. 14
             form of application for extension of time for filing, ii. 389
        open to public inspection after advertisement of acceptance, ii. 23
             in convention cases at expiration of twelve months from appli-
               cation if not previously accepted, ii. 33
        proof of sufficiency of, 261, 478
        reference of, to an examiner before acceptance, ii. 16
            duties of examiner on, ii. 16
        refusal of, on report of an examiner unless amendment be made,
          ii. 16
        object of, 193
```

```
SPECIFICATIONS—continued.
    complete—continucd.
        requisites of, 194
             must be bond fide, 195
                 must not mislead by commission or omission, 196
                     false suggestion, effect of, 198
                      wrong theory of action, effect of, 196
                      must not describe or include methods or things which
                            will not answer, 197
                          distinction between a false description and something
                            useless, 197
                     misstatement of materiality of parts, 199
                     must not give problems to be solved, 198
                          though experiments may be necessary before suc-
                          - ceeding, 208, 218
                     invention must be useful for object stated, 198
                          to sanguine statement as to quantum of useful
                            result obtained, 196, 198
                          statement that invention is useful for purposes not
                            specified, 198
                         illustrative cases, 198, note
            must not be ambiguous, 200
                 want of clearness, or studied ambiguity, 200
                 perfect precision in language not possible, 200
                 meaning of terms is liable to change, 204, 254
                    meaning at date of patent is the important point, 204
                     sufficiency of description a question of fact, 204, 214, 215
                     must not include what will not answer the purpose in
                           view, 201
                         e.g., proportions of substances mentioned, 205
                              or members of a class, 277
                statement of requisite proportions of ingredients, 205
                test of sufficiency, 208, 223, 261, 278
                     when patentee is agent of foreign inventor, 25, 26
                     when patentee is importer and also actual inventor, 25, 26
                     ambiguity may be cured by disclaimer, ii. 115
                         but insufficiency cannot be cured by disclaimer, ii. 115
                         quary, however, in cases of communicated inven-
                           tions, ii. 115
                when necessity for experiments before succeeding is fatal and
                  when not, 208, 218
                drawings may aid the description, 285
            must be intelligible to an ordinary workman, 210
                "ordinary workman" test, 212
                     sufficiency determined by, 261
                     statement of law as to ordinary workman test in a par-
                           ticular case, 210
                         per Parke, B., 212
                         per Jessel, M.R., 212
                         per Maule, J., 213
                     inventions which can be appreciated only by persons of
                       great skill and knowledge, 213
                     sufficiency when persons of great skill and knowledge
                       would be left in doubt, but others less skilled would
                       succeed, 214
                    specifications are not addressed to persons wholly ignorant
                           of the subject-matter, 214
                         persons to whom specifications are addressed are
                               presumed to possess all the existing knowledge
                               common to the trade, 215
                             but not more, 215
                     inaccurate use of words may be explained by context, 216
                     errors which an ordinary workman would perceive and
                       correct, 216
```

errors not apparent, 217

```
SPECIFICATIONS—continued.
    complete—continued.
        requisite 1 of—continued.
             must particularly describe and ascertain the nature of the inven-
                   tion and how the same is to be performed, 220
                 a statutory as well as a common law requisite, 220
                 object of the invention must be disclosed, 222
                 disclosure as far as patentee's knowledge at the time extends
                   is sufficient, 222
                 invention consisting of several parts, 223
             must disclose the best method known to the patentee of carryin
                   out the invention, 226
                 best method within patentee's knowledge, 227
                     not necessarily the best possible method, 228
                     nothing essential must be suppressed, 230
                          examples of specifications bad for suppression of
                            essentials, 230
                     if invention is communicated from abroad best method
                            communicated to patentee must be stated, 25
                          not necessarily best method known to foreign in-
                            ventor, 25
                 all processes claimed need not be equally successful, 232
                     no objection that patentee himself does not know which
                       is commercially best, 232
                 when improvement discovered during period of provisional
                   protection should be included and when not, 233
             must distinguish what is old from what is new and claim only the
                   latter, 236
                 if a combination is new, it is not necessary to distinguish new
                   from old parts, 237
                 if subject-matter is an improvement, it must be distinguished
                       from old parts, 237
                     i.e., specification must condescend upon the improvement
                       and claim that only, 237
                 rule in Foxwell v. Bostock, 239
                     explanation of, 240
                     must distinguish old from new by the claim, but not
                       necessarily what is old from what is new in the claim,
                       241
                 effect of not distinguishing new from old parts when both fall
                   within the claim, 238, 241
             need not mention everything which will produce the desired
               result, 235
             need not describe any step or process which is necessarily implied,
               224
             need not describe minutely any known thing to which it refers,
               225
            need not describe the form of a part referred to if form is not of
               the essence of the invention, 236
        signature of, ii. 14
    claim, 244
        is by implication a disclaimer, 245
             but disclaimer is not a claim to residue, ii. 118
             effect of omitting an essential part, 245, 246
        ambit of
             may be expressly limited, 336
             does not extend to what might be, but is not claimed, 251, 336
                 illustration, 251
             proportions not specifically stated may be within, 205
             for carrying a new principle into effect, 55
             for carrying an old principle into effect, 57
             legitimate claim for new product, 72
             legitimate claim for new means of producing an old product, 73
             documents not amounting to publication may narrow, 150
            effect of public knowledge on, 356
```

# SPECIFICATIONS—continued. claim—continued. distinct, is in practice required, but not absolutely necessary, 248 security for the patentee, 214 may be drafted as patentee pleases so long as he does not interfere with existing rights, ii. 66 "distinct statement of the invention claimed," meaning of, 244 essence of invention should be referred to in, 278 but essence of invention is protected though not referred to in, 278 extension of, by amendment of specification, ii. 107-110 for anything old is fatal, 236 apparently and not really for something old, 236 but not when appendant as distinct from in gross, 113, 254 examples, 254 though some subordinate claims are fatal, 259 for a combination or process protects all parts new and material, 243 but distinct subordinate parts are not protected unless specifically claimed, 243 for use of old thing in a new combination, 78 for an improvement must not include the original, 237 for improvement in old things and combinations of old parts, nature of valid claim, 237 for every mode of carrying out a principle is, to the principle itself, 49 for general arrangement as distinguished from claim to a principle, 54 for a new thing is not vitiated by a further claim to a use not itself subject-matter, 260 improvements not known at the date of the patent, may not be included in a general claim, 84 object of, 245 "pioneer claim," meaning of, 369 rules to be observed in drafting, 246 requisite of, 246 statement of method of performing the invention in the form of a claim, 268 speculative claim may be fatal, 250 ambiguity which includes what will not answer is fatal, 250 too extensive a claim may be fatal, 246 claim to what patentee has not invented is fatal, 246 claim to something useless is fatal, 248 but not so a claim to something of small utility, 249 claim apparently for a class may by context be limited to certain members only, 274, 277 description of advantages common to what patentee has and has rot invented, 249 claim to use of apparatus for analogous purposes, 249 -construction of, 260 distinction between, a written contract and a specification, 200 necessity for, in legal proceedings, 260, 338 logically should be settled before other issues, 261 is for the Court; sufficiency is for the jury, 261 spirit in which, should be approached, 264 adopted in prior proceedings binds Court of equal jurisdiction, 445, 481 reference to original to aid, amended specification, ii. 118 opinion of scientific witness as to, 340, 470, 480 of language used in specification, 263 terms of art and technical terms, 262 evidence to explain, 263 · ariation in meaning of, 141, 264 effect of state of public knowledge at date of the patent on, 281. 283, 356, 481 question is what language used would lead a person to whom it is addressed to do, 281 i.e., when there is an ambiguity, 283

intention of patentee no real guide to, 266

```
SPECIFICATIONS—continued.
    construction of—continued.
         interest of patentee is immaterial to, 265
         must be logical, fair, and impartial, 266
         doctrine that patentee would not intend to claim anything which
               would make the patent bad, 266
             limit of, 268
         Court not astute to find flaws, 269
         benevolent construction, doctrine of, 270
             ut res magis valeat quam pereat, 270
             limits of, 271
             when claim can be interpreted in two ways Court adopts meaning.
               which supports validity in preference to one which does not,
               269, 272
             terms used in popular sense are not construed in accordance with
               their exact meaning, 273
         an amended specification, ii. 118
         claims are construed with reference to body of specification, 274
             and after a consideration of it, 274
             distinct effective meaning is if possible given to each claim, 277
                  redundant claims do not vitiate the patent, 278
             essence of invention may be protected without specific mention in
               the claims, 278
             claims by implication, 279
         disclaimer no aid to, of residue, ii. 118
             but reference may be had to original, to aid amended specification,
               ii. 118
         drawings in relation to, 285
             how far they may aid the description, 285, 288
             references to, are not necessarily restrictive, 247
         effect of words "substantially as described," 280
                        "substantially as described and illustrated," 280, note
                        "as described," 280, note
                        "as above described," 280, note
                        "as above set forth," 280, note
                        "substantially as set forth," 280, note
                        "other substances," 280, note
                        "any mechanical equivalent," 280, note
                        "analogous," 280, note
                        "more or less," 280, note
                        "or," 280, note
                        "improvements" (in the title), 86
                        "causing," 280, note
                        "float," 280, note
                        "should," 280, note
         errors corrected by context, 286
             which are apparent, 287
             which are not apparent, 287
             which amount to a false suggestion, 287
         prior publications, effect on, 283
         provisional cannot be called in aid of the, of the complete, 281, 247
             or read to supply an omission from it, 287
             but reference may be had to it to ascertain the real object of the
               invention, 281
STAMP—See Duties
    exemption of statutory declaration for use in Patent Office from, ii. 6
    assignmente, ii. 149
    licences, ii. 181
STATEMENT OF CLAIM
    action of infringement, 399
         allegation of grant and title, 399
         not necessary to allege novelty in, 399
             or validity, 399
```

or to set out the specifications, 399

0

# STATEMENT OF CLAIM—continued. action of infringement—continued. disclaimer should be stated in, 399 must disclose case sufficient to justify the relief asked for, 399 several patents sued on in one action, 400 certificate of validity should be pleaded in a subsequent action, 547 precedents of, ii. 451 action to restrain threats of legal proceedings, precedent of, ii. 475 STATUS effect of adverse decision on, of the patent, 307 effect of order for revocation on, of the patent, 307 STATUTE OF MONOPULIES a declaration of the common law as to patents for inventions, 1 unrepealed portions of, 2: ii. 251 epitome of, 2 twofold effect of s. 6..28 meaning of "manufacture" in, 29 defines subject-matter, 28 STATUTES Statute of Monopolies, ii. 257 Patents and Designs Act, 1907..ii. 256 Patents and Designs Act, 1908..ii. 301 Interpretation Act, 1899, extracts from, ii. 303 repealed by Act of 1907...299 validity of patents which evade, 32 STATUTORY DECLARATIONS how, are to be made and subscribed for use in the Patent Office, ii. 6 exempt from stamp duty, ii. 6 STATUTORY OFFENCES falsifying Register of Patents, or copy therefrom, ii. 83 representation that an article is patented, when no patent has been granted, ii. 13 no offence if complete specification has been accepted, ii. 13 when patent has expired, ii. 13 modes of representation, ii. 13 unauthorised use of the royal arms, ii. 13 penalties, in Scotland, ii. 13 in Isle of Man, ii. 14 STAY OF PROCEEDINGS pending appeal, 555 not usual, 555 application for, 555 costs of, 556 circumstances which induce the Court to grant a, 555 stay of subsequent action pending appeal in prior action, 391 discretion of taxing master, ii. 209 SUBJECT-MATTER—See Combination; Communication; Improvement; New Use of Old Appliances; Principles; Process; Product adaptation of old idea without invention, is not, 42 alteration of shape, 42 rediscovery of lost art, 116 invention and, 34—see Invention some invention must have been expended, 34 what is invention—see Invention a question of fact in each case, 37, 38 mere scintilla sufficient, 34

```
SUBJECT-MATTER—continued.
    invention and—continued.
        some invention must have been expended—continued.
             presumption of expenditure of invention sufficient, 39
             accidental discovery, 38
             degree, 45
             discovery and invention, 32
             novelty, 38
             unsatisfied demand, 41
             conception of an idea, 42
             practical success, 41
             production of a new thing which effects a result not previously
               attained, 39
             simplicity no bar, 42
             selection of a member of a class, 44
             use according to a new method, 45
             new application, 45
             new method of using an old machine, 62
             mere adaptation, 46
             mere alteration of shape or proportions, 46
             mere application of old thing, 46
             mere skilful application of known tool, 46
             mere use of known machine in a more beneficial manner, 46
             mere variation of proportion, 46
             putting together items of common knowledge, 43
    any manner of new manufacture, 28
    combinations of parts as, 73
         when result is new, better, or cheaper article, 73, 75
         whether parts are new or old, 74, 78
             immateriality of novelty of parts, 78
         merit largely depends on result produced, 74
         ratio decidendi of the cases, 73
             parts combined so as to produce one result, ii. 73
         new combination may consist in
             omission, 79
             addition, 79
             or substitution, 79
             or arrangement of parts, 79, 371
                  definite arrangement of parts producing definite result, 371
         substitution of equivalents for parts in old combination, 81
    conception of an idea may be, 42
    defined by Jac. I. c. 3, s. 6..28
         exhaustive definition not possible, 46
    description of useless machine is no publication of a useful one, 151
    discovery of theory of what was formerly done empirically is not, 63
    effect of public knowledge on, 41, 152, 431, 471
    essential considerations as to, 38
    general arrangement may be, 54, 371
         distinction between, and a principle, 54
    improvement may be, 82
         may consist in addition to, omission from, or rearrangement of old
           parts, 82, 371
         mere working direction is not a patentable improvement, 81
         mere use of existing machine in a more beneficial manner is not a
           patentable improvement, 46, 61, 86
         mere adaptation of a well-known idea is not a patentable improvement, 86
    new, better, or cheaper article as, 73, 75
    new method of using an old machine without structural alteration, 45, 62
    new use of old appliance may be, 45, 88
         apprehension of, may be invention, 92
         mere, is not, 46, 62, 86, 91
         novelty of, is not alone sufficient to support a patent for a, 91
         result of the cases, 89
         examples of void patents for, 91, note (d)
         examples of valid patents for, 96, note (k)
```

```
SUBJECT-MATTER—continued.
    must be an art, 31
        producing vendible articles, 31
            not to be used for illegal purposes, 32
    not every new and useful discovery is, 32
        nor is every novelty, 38, 105
    principles per se are not, 47
        applications of principles may be, 48
             illustrations, 49
        claim to all methods of application when a claim to principle itself, 49
        claim to a general arrangement distinguished from claim to a principle,
           54
    process may be, 58
         history of the cases, 58
             law settled by Crane v. Price, 60
                 decision doubtful on the facts, 60
         not every novel process is subject-matter, 61
         process which results in increased yield of known products, 63
         application of hidden or unperceived property of previously known
               thing, 63
             examples, 63
         objection to term "patentable process," 65
         ambit of patent for process, 67
     product may be, 70
         when claim for, is good, 70
         when claim for, is bad, 70
         ambit of legitimate claim for new, 72
         ambit of legitimate claim for new means of producing old, 72
     proof of issue of, in action of infringement, 471
     rediscovery of lost art may be, 116
 SUBORDINATE CLAIM
     if includes what is old is fatal, 236, 254, 259
         unless appendant as distinct from in gross, 113, 254
              examples, 255
 SUBORDINATE INTEGER
     not protected unless specifically claimed, 78, 250
 SUBSTANCE OF INVENTION
     should be specifically claimed, 278
     may be protected though not specifically claimed, 278
     what is, is question of evidence, 343
 "SUBSTANTIALLY AS DESCRIBED"
      effect of, and similar words in a claiming clause, 280
 SUCCESS—See also COMMERCIAL SUCCESS
      a test of invention, 41
     not necessarily evidence of utility, 477
      want of commercial, not necessarily evidence of non-utility, 477
 SUFFICIENCY
      See Sphoifications
 SUGGESTION
      mere, is not publication, 143
 SUNDAY
      leaving documents, paying fees, &c., at Patent Office, ii. 288, 370
 SURRENDER
      of patent, ii. 87
          effect of, ii. 87
          how to be made, ii. 87
```

# TAXATION OF COSTS See Costs

#### TEMPERATURE

infringement by use of chemical substances distilling over between defined, 339

### TENNANT'S CASE

authority on law of true and first inventor, 17 result of, and Dollond's case, 17 contrasted with Dollond's case and Arkwright's case, 114

#### TERM

of patent, ii. 73 extension of-sec Extension of Term of Patent

# TERMS OF ART

may differ in meaning in different documents, 141 expert evidence admissible to explain, 263, 469 interpretation of, 141, 262, 281, 469

# THANKSGIVING DAY (PUBLIC)

Patent Office closed on, ii. 370 Register of Patents not open to inspection on, ii. 366, 370 leaving documents, paying fees, &c., at Patent Office on, ii. 288, 370

# THEORY

of action no part of consideration for the grant, 63, 196 discovery of, of what was formerly done empirically is not subject-matter, 63

#### THREATS OF LEGAL PROCEEDINGS—See also SLANDER

as contempt of Court, 315 action to restrain, 308 damages to be recoverable must result from the threat, 328 in respect of rumours of legal disputes, 328

falling off of plaintiff's general business, 328 loss of contract, 328 plaintiff failing to enforce a contract, 328 plaintiff compelled to reduce price at which he accepts a contract, 328

assessment at trial preferable to an inquiry, 329 law prior to Act of 1883 as to threats, 309

bona fides, 309

still governs cases within either of the saving clauses of s. 36 of the Act of 1907..309

plaintiff may rely on old law or on s. 36 of Act of 1907...311

if on old law his case as to mala fides should be disclosed on motion for injunction, 311

statutory right comprised in s. 36 of Act of 1907...308

bona fides of patentee is immaterial in action founded on, 311

burden of proof, 312

person claiming to be agent or licensee is not a person claiming to be a patentce, 313

person aggrieved, who is, 313

licensees and persons having only limited interests, 313

```
THREATS OF LEGAL PROCEEDINGS—continued.
    plaintiff may rely on old law or on s. 36 of Act of 1907—continued.
         statutory right comprised in s. 36 of Act of 1907-continued.
             what is a threat within, 313
                  evil which s. 36 was intended to guard against, 313;
                  effect of "or otherwise" as used in s. 35..514
                  nature of threats held to be within s. 36..314
                      circular, advertisement or otherwise, 314
                      solicitor's letter, 314
                      private letter, 314
                      without prejudice, 314
                      answer to inquiry, 314
                      indirect reference to patent, 315
                      oral statements, 315
                 notice by plaintiffs to customers of defendant in an infringe-
                    ment action, 316
                  general warning to infringers, 317
                      to effect that article made abroad is an infringement of
                         British patent, ii. 196
                      may become a threat, 318
                  when use in a particular manner is not complained of, 318
                  threat not withdrawn, 318
                  continuance of threats after action for infringement com-
                    menced, 315
                  quary threat relating to something intended to be done is
                    within s. 36..316
                  quæry threat made by licensees and persons having only a
                    limited interest are not within the section, 312
                  circulation of threats made by others, 330
             the proviso to s. 36..318
                  nature of infringement action which will secure the benefit of, 318
                      action by equitable owner of patent will not do, 318
                      action must be honestly brought and prosecuted, 319
                      action against licensee for royalties, 320
                       action against third party, 320
                       counterclaim, 321
                       against whom it must be brought, 318
                           not necessarily against person aggrieved, 319
                       bogus action, 321
                       due diligence, 321
                           action commenced before issue of threats, 321
                           delay caused by negotiations, 321
                           delay in taking up order for inspection, 322
                           action discontinued by consent, 322
                           action abandoned, 322
                           action unsuccessful, $22
                           action originally in respect of several patents but
                             dropped as to some, 322
                           action in respect of " passing off" turned into action
                             for infringement, 323
                           not bonâ fide, 321
                           delay in taking up an order for inspection, 323
              practice, 323
                  issues, 323
                       infringement,
                           of any legal rights of person making the threats, 323
                               persons not possessing legal rights, 312
                                    person who merely holds an agreement for
                                      an assignment, 312
                                    porson who has applied for an amendment of
                                      specification, 312
                       validity of defendant's patent, 323
                           how pleaded, 324
                           certificate as to, 329
                               quæry can be given in the action, 329
```

```
THREATS OF LEGAL PROCEEDINGS-continued.
    plaintiff may rely up old law or on s. 36 of Act of 1907—continued.
        statutory right comprised in s. 36 of Act of 1907—continued.
           pleadings, 323
                     precedent of endorsement of writ, ii. 475
                          statement of claim, ii. 475
                          defence, ii. 477
                          reply, ii. 478
                          rejoinder, ii. 479
                 particulars, 324—see also Particulars
                     of breaches, plaintiff may be entitled to, 324
                     of objections, defendant may be entitled to, 324
                     of alleged threats, 325
                     of patents relied on to support threats, 325
                     of agents by whom threats are alleged to have been
                       made, 325
                     certificate as to, 329
                          quæry necessary on taxation, 329
             injunction,
                 interlocutory, 325
                     prima facie case as to non-infringement or invalidity of
                            defendant's patent must be made out on applica-
                            tion for, 326
                          otherwise Court does not consider the balance of con-
                            venience to the parties, 326
                     considerations which influence the Court on applications
                        for, 327
                     usual course where defendant brings an action for infringe-
                       ment, 325
                     ex parte applications for, 326
                 perpetual, 308
                      scope of, 330
                     breach of, 330
                     form of, 330, note (m)
             costs,
                 ordinary jurisdiction of the Court applies to the general, 330
                 quary certificate of particulars is necessary on taxation of, 329
TIME
    See Enlargement of Time
TINDAL, C.J.
    law as to true and first inventor stated by, 15
TITLE
    See Sphoifications
TRADE
    covenants by assignor in restraint of, legality of, ii. 154
    covenants by licensee in restraint of, legality of, ii. 196, 202
TRADE SECRET
    discovery leading to disclosure of, 454
    inspection leading to disclosure of, 463
    defence that alleged infringement is a, evidence may be taken in camera,
      485
TRANSHIPMENT
    See Infringement
TRANSMISSION
    of patent by deed, ii. 149
    of patent by act and operation of law, ii. 172
    of certified copies of specifications to various centres, ii. 288
TRANSPORTATION
```

See Infringement

```
TRIAL
    action of infringement, 485
         acceleration of, 490
         at assizes, 490
         by Court alone, usual, 436
             jury rare, 486
                  e.g., when there is an allegation of fraud or libel, 486
             aid of an assessor, 487.
             reference to a referee, 489
         issues tried separately, 487
             advantages of, 488
         judgment
             motion for, on determination of a separate issue, 491
             on admission of facts, 491
             by default, 492
             by consent, 492
             effect of, against validity of patent, 307
             minutes of, should not include documents and evidence not
                  produced, 493
             forms of, ii. 468
         certificates which should be asked for at the conclusion of, 492
TRUE AND FIRST INVENTOR
    agent of foreign inventor may be, 25
    applicant within the realm having made an application for a patent abroad,
    applicant is not, if invention was previously used, 15
         or if it was taken from any published source of information, 15
    communicator of invention made in the realm, first is, 22
                                      abroad, first is, 22
    corporation, 26
         sole, 26
    declaration as to, on application, 13: ii. 5
    discovery made by several persons concurrently, 17
    importer from abroad if first is, 23
         need not be meritorious importer, 25
    servant as distinct from master as, 20
    master as distinct from servant as, 18, 20
         assistants may be employed, 18
         when master is, and when servant is, 18, 20
    may be disqualified from being a patentee, 19
    meaning of, 15
    must have invented all for which he claims protection, 15
    patent invalid unless, is a grantee, 14
    person who first discloses an invention is, 15
    person who first communicates what has not been enjoyed before is not
      necessarily, 15---16
    application in fraud of. ii. 77
    distinction between issue of, and prior use, 104
         pleas must be raised separately, 104
    interest of, in an invention for which he intends to apply for a patent,
      ii. 147
    proof of issue of, in action of infringement, 471
TRUST
    notice of, as such, cannot be entered on Register of Patents, ii. 80
         but documents affecting proprietorship can, ii. 80
    validity of patent granted in, for alieu enemy, 27
TRUSTEE
    right of, to sue in respect of infringements of patents, ii. 159
    may be a patentee, ii. 159
```

declaration that patentee holds as, for another, 22

# TRUSTEE IN BANKRUPTCY actions of infringement by, ii. 173

patent vests in, ii. 173

## TUDOR SOVEREIGNS

oppressive monopolies under, 1

### TWEEDALE'S INVENTION

as illustrating doctrine of infringement by use of equivalents, 363

#### UNDERTAKING

in lieu of injunction by consent, 499

# UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY—See International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property States constituting the, ii. 27

provisions of s. 91 of Act of 1907 enabling British Government to join, ii. 27

## UNPATENTED INVENTION

interest of an inventor in, before grant of a patent, ii. 147 death of person possessed of, 13: ii. 173 secret use of, by the inventor, 122, 130, 333 by person other than the inventor, 130, 333

# USE-See also Experimental Use; Public Use; Secret Use

mere, of a known thing in a more beneficial manner is not subject-matter,

prior, by persons other than the patentee invalidates the patent, 104 even though it was secret, 150, 333

effect on validity of prior secret, by the patentce himself, 122, 130, 333

when, is an infringement—sec Infringement patentee cannot restrain the continuation of a prior, secret or otherwise, 333 as evidence of utility, 162, 477

# USER

damages for infringement may be recovered from a, or manufacturer or both until the full measure is obtained, 507, 524

has no redress against unlicensed vendor in the absence of express warranty, 396

exemption of innocent, from damages, 515

by foreign corporation at a stand in an exhibition, 386, note (")

#### UTILITY

requisite to validity at common law, 154

preserved by Statute of Monopolies, 156

failure of, a ground of revocation, 295

different inventions included in one patent must each possess, 164 meaning of, in law, 159

not abstract utility, 159

or improvement from all points of view, 159

i.e., not comparative utility, 160

not necessarily commercial utility, 160 invention is useless unless it does what patentee states it will do, 162

and is useful in the form specified, 162

distinction between results claimed and purposes to which invention may be applied, 167

lack of utility in an essential part is fatal, 164

a non-essential part is no bar to validity, 167 examples, 167

lack of utility for one purpose within a general statement is not necessarily fatal, 166

```
UTILITY—continued.
     quantum of utility is immaterial, 161
         slight utility sufficient to support validity, 161
         all modes or processes claimed need not be equally useful, 162, 232
         essential parts may differ in utility, 167
     of prior invention does not affect validity of patent for an improvement,
       168
     not always conclusive evidence of invention, 41
     patents used solely for obstructing improvements, 157
     patent for an improvement not proof of want of, in original invention, 478
     proof of issue of, in action of infringement, 476
VALIDITY
     amount of invention does not affect, 34
     amount of improvement does not affect, 87
     amount of utility does not affect, 161
     certificate of, 543—see also Costs
         discretion of Court or a Judge as to, 545
         effect of, on costs of subsequent action, 543
             meaning of "subsequent action," 548
             discretion of the Court or a Judge as to allowing solicitor and
                    client's costs in a subsequent action, 548
                  illustrations of the exercise of the discretion, 549
                  when defendant does not dispute validity, 549
         effect of, on costs of subsequent petition for revocation, 544
         when may be given, 543
             after expiry of patent, 543
             in absence of evidence on issue of validity, 545
             where plaintiff fails on issue of infringement, 547
             where defendant admits validity on a certain construction of the
               specification, 547
         jurisdiction of Court of Appeal, 544
             Court of County Palatine of Luncaster, 544
             House of Lords, 544
         quary can be given in action to restrain threats of legal proceedings,
    estoppel against licensee from disputing, ii. 201
    leave to amend specification no guarantee of, ii. 106
    novelty essential to, of patent, 102
    of patents used solely for obstructing improvements, 157
    of prior patent relied on in opposition to grant of subsequent patent is
      immaterial, ii. 52, 55
    proper specification essential to—see Specifications
    utility essential to, 154
VARIANCE—See Specifications—disconformity; Improvement
    between complete and provisional specifications, 182
        legitimate developments of the invention, 182
             what are, 182
             improvements in details, 183
             better and different methods, 183
             always a question of fact, 184
        disconformity, 190
             when fatal to validity, 185
             between amended complete and a provisional specification, 186
             method of deciding questions of fact as to, 186
             effect of detailing advantages of the invention in the provisional
               specification, 188
             illustrative cases, 187
             applicant's course in case of doubt as to, 191
```

VENDEE—See also Sale
defendant to action of infringement, 575
rights of, without restrictions, 381: ii. 181
restrictions on, 381
illegal, ii. 196
of licensee, right to resell, 381: ii. 181
damages recovered from, and also vendor, 524

# VESSEL

use of patented invention in British, 386 foreign, 387

#### WAR

Secretary of State for, empowered to acquire patents for inventions of instruments or munitions of war by assignment, ii. 151 special provisions as to immunity from revocation of patents for improvements in munitions of, 291

Secretary of State for, may order specifications of inventions assigned to him to be kept secret, ii. 152 contract by Secretary of State for, binds successors in office, ii. 154

# WARRANTY

on assignment of letters patent, ii. 165
may be express or implied, ii. 165
in absence of, doctrine of caveat emptor applies, ii. 165
no implied warranty that an assignee will be able to use the invention without licence of a third party, ii. 168
statement that a patent is valuable and valid, ii. 168
mere act of sale is no, against infringement, 397
purchaser giving unlicensed vendor has no redress in absence of, 396
exemption of innocent, 515

### WATER TABBLES

accidental discovery of, 38

### WELCH'S TYRE PATENT

cases relating to infringement of, 348, note (t)

## WITNESS

Sec Evidence; Law Officer; Licenser; Oath

# WORCESTER

suggestions by Marquis of, 144

## WORDS

effect of certain, on the construction of specifications, 280, note (r)

WORKMAN—See also Master and Servant employment of, by an inventor, 18 no necessary confidential relationship between a, and his fellow, 22 test of sufficiency of specification, 210, 261

# WRIT

in action of infringement, 398
form of indorsement on, in action of infringement, ii. 451
in action to restrain threats of lega! proceedings, ii. 475
service of, in action of reduction, ii. 291
out of the jurisdiction in action of infringement, ii. 398

LONDON: PRINTED BY C. F. ROWORTH, 88, FETTER LANE, E.C.