NEUMAN, WILLIAMS, ANDERSON & OLSON

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS 60602



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May 3, 1984

Charles E. Quarton, Esquire N.A.P. Consumer Electronics Corp. Interstate 40 and Straw Plains Pike P. O. Box 6950 Knoxville, Tennessee 37914

Re: Magnavox v. Activision

Dear Chuck:

Enclosed herewith is the original and one copy of "PLAINTIFFS' SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO DEPENDANT'S INTER-ROGATORIES". We are still considering these responses and want to discuss them with both Algy Tamoshunas and the Sanders people prior to having them executed. However, we wanted to get the original to you.

By copy of this letter, we have forwarded copies of the interrogatory responses to Algy Tamoshunas and Sanders asking them to give us any comments they might have on the responses.

Very truly yours,

NEUMAN, WILLIAMS, ANDERSON & OLSON

Janes T. Williams

JTW:de Enclosure

cc: Algy Tamoshunas, Esq. - w/encl.
Thomas A. Briody, Esq. - w/o encl.
Louis Etlinger, Esq. - w/encl.
Richard I. Seligman, Esq. - w/encl.
Theodore W. Anderson, Esq. - w/o encl.

1 PILLSBURY, MADISON & SUTRO Robert P. Taylor 2 225 Bush Street Mailing Address: 3 P.O. Box 7880 San Francisco, CA 94120 4 Telephone: (415) 983-1000 5 NEUMAN, WILLIAMS, ANDERSON & OLSON Theodore W. Anderson 6 James T. Williams 77 West Washington Street 7 Chicago, IL 60602 Telephone: (312) 346-1200 8 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 0 The Magnavox Company and Sanders Associates, Inc. 10 11 United States District Court For The Northern District Of California 12 13 THE MAGNAVOX COMPANY, a corporation,) and SANDERS ASSOCIATES, INC., 14 a corporation, No. C 82 5270 JPV 15 Plaintiffs, PLAINTIFFS' SUPPLEMENTAL 16 v. RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S INTERROGATORIES 17 ACTIVISION, INC., a corporation, 18 Defendant. 19 20 Plaintiffs herewith supplement their responses to 21 defendant's interrogatories 32-37, 39-41, 53, 65, 76-78, 84-87, 22 101-116, 126-134, 138, 139, 154, 159-162, and 169-174. This 23 supplementation is without waiver of any of the objections stated 24 in plaintiff's initial responses to those interrogatories in 25 "Plaintiffs' Response To Defendant's First Set of Interrogatories 26 27 28

> PLAINTIFFS' SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S INTERROGATORIES

1 (Nos. 1-125)" served on Defendant on February 7 and 15, 1983 and 2 "Plaintiff's Response To Defendant's Second Set of Interrogatories 3 (Nos. 126-182)" served on Defendant on August 15, 1983. 4 5 INTERROGATORY NO. 32 6 Has Magnavox or Sanders ever made a study with regard to 7 the validity or enforceability of any of the claims of the patents 8 identified in response to INTERROGATORY NO. 1 or INTERROGATORY NO. 0 3? 10 RESPONSE: 11 Yes. 12 13 INTERROGATORY NO. 33 14 If the answer to INTERROGATORY NO. 32 is other than an 15 unqualified negative, identify each such study, including: 16 The patent(s) and claims(s) involved; A. 17 When the study was made; B. 18 Identify all persons participating in the study; C. 19 Describe the study in detail, including the outcome D. 20 of the study; 21 Identify any prior art considered in connection E. 22 with the study; 23 Set forth the circumstances under which the study F. 24 was made, including the reason that the study was 25 made; Describe any action taken as a result of the study; 26 G. 27 -2-28

- H. Identify all persons having knowledge of the study;
- Identify all communications relating to the study;
 and
- J. Identify all documents which refer or relate in any way to the subject matter of parts A through I of this interrogatory.

- A. U.S. Patent 3,728,480.
- B. 1977.
- C. Counsel for Sanders Associates and Ralph H. Baer.
- D. The study concerned the possible effect of newly discovered prior art, i.e., U.S. Patent 3,135,815 and its German counterpart; application for reissue of U.S. Patent 3,728,480 was filed in the United States Patent and Trademark Office.
- E. U.S. Patent 3,135,815 and it German counterpart.
- F. The study was made to evaluate the effect of the newly discovered prior art shortly after it was brought to plaintiffs' attention.
- G. An application for reissue of U.S. Patent 3,728,480 was filed in the United States Patent and Trademark Office.
- H. The principal persons having such knowledge are Ralph H. Baer and counsel for Sanders Associates.

 I. and J. All communications and documents relating to the study are immune from discovery under the attorneyclient privilege or as attorney work product. The requested documents will be identified.

Although not specifically called for by this interrogatory, Magnavox had a prior art search conducted for it on the general subject of television games in connection with the decision to enter into its license agreement with Sanders. That search was performed prior to the reissue of either of U.S. Patents 3,728,480 or Re. 28,507 (or its original patent, 3,659,284). The prior art developed is listed on Exhibits A and B attached hereto. Plaintiffs' counsel also gave consideration to items of prior art as they have been called to plaintiffs' attention during various litigations relating to U.S. Patent Re. 28,507.

INTERROGATORY NO. 34

Has Magnavox or Sanders ever formed a conclusion that any of the claims of the patents identified in response to INTERROGATORY NO. 1 or INTERROGATORY NO. 3 is or might be invalid or unenforceable for any reason?

Yes.

INTERROGATORY NO. 35

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If the answer to INTERROGATORY NO. 34 is other than an unqualified negative, for each claim thought to be invalid or unenforceable:

- A. Identify the claim and the patent in which the claim is found;
- B. Set forth in detail the reason why the claim is or was thought to be invalid or unenforceable;
- C. Set forth the circumstances under which the claim was determined to be invalid or unenforceable;
- D. Describe any action taken with respect to the claim once it was determined to be invalid or unenforceable;
- E. Identify all persons having knowledge of the subject matter of parts A through D of this interrogatory;
- F. Identify all communications relating to the subject matter of parts A through E of this interrogatory; and
- G. Identify all documents which refer or relate in any way to the subjet matter of parts A through F of this interrogatory.

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RESPONSE:

- It was thought that at least the broadest claim or claims of U.S. Patent 3,728,480 may be invalid.
- U.S. Patent 3,135,815 and its German counterpart.
- See response to interrogatory 33.
- Once it was determined that at least some claim or claims of the patent may be invalid, an application for reissue of U.S. Patent 3,728,480 was filed in the United States Patent and Trademark Office.
- F. and G. The communication and documents are those referred to in plaintiffs' response to interrogatory 33.

INTERROGATORY NO. 36

Has anyone ever suggested to Magnavox or Sanders that any of the claims of the patents identified in response to INTERROGATORY NO. 1 and INTERROGATORY NOS. 3 might be invalid or unenforceable?

RESPONSE:

Yes.

INTERROGATORY NO. 37

If the answer to INTERROGATORY NO. 36 is other than an unqualified negative, identify each suggestion of invalidity or unenforceability, including the following:

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- A. Identify the claim(s) suggested to be invalid or unenforceable;
- B. Identify the person(s) suggesting that the claim was invalid or unenforceable;
- C. Set forth in detail the grounds upon which the claim was said to be invalid or unenforceable;
- D. Which of the grounds identified in response to part C of this interrogatory were or are of the greatest concern;
- E. State why the grounds identified in response to part D of this interrogatory are of the greatest concern;
- F. Describe in detail the circumstances under which the suggestion of invalidity or unenforceability was made;
- G. Describe in detail any action taken by Magnavox or Sanders in connection with or as a result of the suggestion or invalidity or unenforceability;
- H. Identify all persons having knowledge of the subject matter of parts A through G of this interrogatory;
- I. Identify all person having knowledge of the subject matter of parts A through H of this interrogatory; and

J. Identify all documents which refer or relate in any way to the subject matter of parts A through I of this interrogatory.

RESPONSE:

The principal suggestions of claim invalidity or unenforceability as to U.S. Patents Re. 28,507 and 3,728,480 were made during the course of the civil actions relating to those patents. Those contentions are included in the formal papers filed by the parties to those litigations. Those papers have previously been produced for inspection and copying by defendant. Moreover, the most important ones of those contentions with respect to U.S. Patent Re. 28,507 and the Court's rulings thereon are set forth in The Magnavox Co. v. Mattel, Inc., 216 U.S.P.Q. 28 (N.D.Ill. 1982) and The Magnavox Co. v. Chicago Dynamic Industries, 201 U.S.P.Q. 25 (N.D.Ill. 1977). Neither plaintiff is able to state that any ground or grounds were of any greater concern than any other, since each ground, if established, would have the same effect on plaintiffs' patents.

INTERROGATORY NO. 39

For each of the claims identified in responses to INTERROGATORY NO. 38, set forth in detail the manner in which the claim has been infringed by Activision, including:

A. The activities of Activision which constitute infringement;

B. State when and under what circumstances each of the activities identified in response to part A of this interrogatory came to the attention of Magnavox and/or Sanders.

- C. Identify each television game cartride made, used and/or sold by Activision which constitutes an infringement of the claim either by itself or in combination with a television game console;
- D. For each of the game cartridges identified in response to part C of this interrogatory, state precisely where each element of the claim is found in the cartridge or cartridge/console combination;

RESPONSE:

Plaintiffs are at this time unable to fully state what contentions they will make at trial as to the subject matter of Interrogatory 39. This interrogatory seeks information as to plaintiffs' contentions with regard to infringement of the Re. 28,507 patent. Plaintiffs have not completed their discovery as to the television game products manufactured, used, and/or sold by Activision, so they have been unable to fully formulate their contentions as to infringement. Plaintiffs hereinafter state their contentions as they are presently best able to determine them in light of the information presently available to them; they specifically reserve the right to alter these contentions when more complete information becomes available. To the extent

interrogatory 39 presently requires any further response than that given hereinafter, plaintiffs object to the interrogatory as premature.

A. The making, using, selling, and offering for sale of the following Activision television game cartridges:

Tennis
Boxing
Dolphin
Decathalon
Grand Prix
Sky Jinks
Pressure Cooker

Ice Hockey
Fishing Derby
Keystone Kapers
Stampede
Barnstorming
Enduro

- B. As presently advised, personnel of plaintiffs associated with the prosecution of this action first became aware of the earliest such activities of defendant Activision in early 1981 by becoming aware of Activision marketing efforts with respect to some of its television game cartridges. Other personnel of plaintiffs may have had earlier knowledge.
- C. As presently advised, plaintiffs contend that the manufacuture, use, and/or sale of the following Activision game cartridges in combination with a television game console and, where appropriate, a television receiver, constitutes an act of infringement of the stated claim of U.S. Patent Re. 28,507.

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plaintiffs' contentions with regard to infringement of the Re. 28,507 patent. Plaintiffs have not completed their discovery as to the television game products manufactured, used, and/or sold by Activision, so they have been unable to fully formulate their contentions as to infringement. Plaintiffs hereinafter state their contentions as they are presently best able to determine them in light of the information presently available to them; they specifically reserve the right to alter these contentions when more complete information becomes available. To the extent interrogatory 40 presently requires any further response than that given hereinafter, plaintiffs object to the interrogatory as premature.

As presently advised, plaintiffs do not assert that any activity of Activision with respect to the Activision television game cartridges other than Tennis, Ice Hockey Boxing, Fishing Derby, Dolphin, Keystone Kapers, Decathalon, Stampede, Grand Prix, Barnstorming, Sky Jinks, Enduro or Pressure Cooker constitutes an act of infringement of U.S. Patent Re. 28,507.

For each of the games identified in response to

INTERROGATORY NO. 40, state the reasons why the game does not

INTERROGATORY NO. 41

infringe the patent.

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As to each of the Activision television game cartridges not alleged to form the basis for a charge of infringement of U.S. Patent Re. 28,507, plaintiffs have not found elements in the game, the game cartridge, and the game cartridge in combination with a television game console, which respond to every element of any claim or the equivalent thereof.

INTERROGATORY NO. 53

For each claim identified in response to INTERROGATORY NO. 52, state specifically where each element of the claim is found in the game console and cartridge.

RESPONSE:

The information requested is provided in plaintiffs' responses to interrogatories 184-192 and supplemental responses to interrogatories 126-134.

INTERROGATORY NO. 65

If the answer to INTERROGATORY NO. 64 is other than an unqualified negative, set forth in detail the manner in which the use of the cartridge in the licensed console constitutes an infringement.

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PLAINTIFFS SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S INTERROGATORIES

The use of the combination of an accused Activision television game cartridge and a television game console, either by itself or in further combination with a television receiver, by one who is not licensed under U.S. Patent Re. 28,507 is an act of infringement of that patent. The manufacture of the television game console by a party licensed under the patent does not change the users status as an infringer; the user does not receive an unlimited license to practice the patented invention in any way he sees fit through the purchase of a television game console manufactured by a licensee.

INTERROGATORY NO. 76

For each of the claims identified in response to INTERROGATORY NO. 38, set forth in detail the manner in which Magnavox and Sanders contend that the claim defines patentable subject matter over the references and other prior art identified in INTERROGATORY NO. 74.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiffs are unable to fully respond to this interrogatory. It is the burden of the defendant to demonstrate how the prior art upon which it relies applies to the claims of the patents in suit, and plaintiffs may then refute that demonstration. Defendant has as yet made no such demonstration in this action. The plaintiffs specifically reserve the right to

alter, amend, supplement, or change this interrogatory response after defendant demonstrates how it applies the prior art to the claims and its other assertions with respect to the prior art.

As presently advised, the principal differences between the items of purported prior art and the asserted claims of patent Re. 28,507 include at least the following:

- A. The work leading to U.S. Patent 3,728,480:
- (a) no teaching of hit or hitting symbols or means for generating such symbols;
- (b) no teaching of varying the horizontal and vertical positions of a hit symbol or means providing control signals therefor;
- (c) no teaching of detecting coincidence between hit or hitting symbols or means for doing so;
- (d)no teaching of imparting a distinct motion to a hit symbol or any symbol upon coincidence or means for doing so.
 - B. Decus Proceedings:
- (a) no teaching of hit or hitting symbols or means for generating such symbols;
- (b) no teaching of varying the horizontal and vertical position of a hit symbol or means providing control signals therefor;
- (c) no teaching of detecting coincidence between hit or hitting symbols or means for doing so;
- (d) no teaching of imparting a distinct motion toa hit symbol or any symbol upon coincidence or means for doing so;

The principal ones of such documents are, in the case of the publications, themselves, and, in the case of other references, the deposition transcripts relating to them and the exhibits marked during the course of the depositions. Copies of the deposition transcripts have been supplied to defendants.

INTERROGATORY NO. 84

Do Magnavox and Sanders consider the disappearance of a symbol from the screen of a television receiver to constitute imparting a distinct motion to the symbol within the meaning of Claim 51 of United States Letters Patent Re. 28,507?

RESPONSE:

Plaintiffs are at this time unable to fully state what contentions they will make at trial as to the subject matter of Interrogatories 84-87 in part because of the incomplete nature of the hypotheticals in interrogatories 84 and 86. These interrogatories seek information as to plaintiffs' contentions with regard to the interpretation of the Re. 28,507 patent in a hypothetical context. Plaintiffs have not completed their discovery as to the television game products manufactured, used, and/or sold by Activision, so they have been unable to fully formulate their contentions as to infringement. Plaintiffs hereinafter state their contentions as they are presently best able to determine them in light of the information presently

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available to them; they specifically reserve the right to alter these contentions when more complete information becomes available. To the extent interrogatories 84-87 presently require any further response than that given hereinafter, plaintiffs object to the interrogatories as premature and as unreasonably speculative and hypothetical.

As presently advised, plaintiffs do not assert in this action that either the mere disappearance of a symbol from the screen of a television receiver or a mere change in color of a symbol on the screen of a television receiver is sufficient by itself, to constitute imparting a distinct motion to the symbol within the meaning of claim 51 of United States Letters Patent Re. 28,507. There may be instances, however, where such a disappearance or change in color occurs, and the symbol is considered to have a distinct motion imparted to it. See, for example, the description of the Mattel Football and Baseball games and the court's findings with respect thereto in The Magnavox Company v. Mattel, Inc., 216 U.S.P.Q. 28 (N.D.III. 1982).

INTERROGATORY NO. 85

If the answer to INTERROGAGORY NO. 84 is other than an unqualified affirmative, state fully the reason(s) for such answer.

See the response to interrogatory 84.

INTERROGATORY NO. 86

Do Magnavox and Sanders consider a change in the color of a symbol on the screen of a television receiver to constitute imparting a distinct motion to the symbol within the meaning of Claim 51 of United States Letters Patent Re. 28,507?

RESPONSE:

See the response to interrogatory 84.

INTERROGATORY NO. 87

If the answer to INTERROGATORY NO. 86 is other than an unqualified affirmative, explain fully the reason(s) for such answer.

RESPONSE:

See the response to interrogatory 84.

INTERROGATORY NO. 101

During the examination and prosecution of the application which led to Reissue Patent 28,507, did anyone acting on behalf of Magnavox or Sanders ever disclose the existence of

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PLAINTIFFS SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S INTERROGATORIES

The existence of U.S. Patent 3,728,480 and its teaching of coincidence was disclosed to Examiner Trafton at least by reference to the application for U.S. Patent 3,758,480 when the application for U.S. Patent Re. 28,507 was filed on April 25, The application for reissue of U.S. Patent Re. 28,507 stated at pages 14-15 "one embodiment of said coincidence detector and crow-bar circuit is disclosed in said Patent Application Serial No. 697,798." Other references to the application for U.S. Patent 3,728,480 were also included; see plaintiff's response to Interrogatory 175. Additionally, references to the application for U.S. Patent 3,728,480 and its teaching of coincidence were made in the application which led to U.S. Patent 3,659,284 and during the prosecution of that application before Examiner Trafton.

INTERROGATORY NO. 103

During the examination and prosecution of the application which led to Reissue Patent 28,507, did Examiner Trafton or any other Examiner who participated in the examination of the application ever indicate to Magnavox or Sanders or anyone acting on their behalf that he was aware of U.S. Patent 3,728,480 and/or the teaching of concidence in that patent?

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Yes. During the prosecution of the application which issued into U.S. Patent 3,659,284, Examiner Trafton indicated in writing in the file history of that application that he was aware of both the applications which led to U.S. Patent 3,728,480 and its teaching of coincidence. See at least the Office Action of March 29, 1971, of Paper No. 6, pages 2-3, and the Examiner's Amendment of January 12, 1972, Paper No. 12. The personnel of Sanders and Sanders' counsel most directly concerned with the examination and prosecution of the application for the reissue of U.S. Patent 3,659,284 which led to Reissue Patent 28,507 do not presently recall any other such indication. However, Examiner Trafton attended a demonstration of equipment conducted in connection with the prosecution of the application which led to U.S. Patent No. 3,728,480 and also indicated orally an awareness of that application to at least one of plaintiffs' Sanders counsel, Richard I. Seligman, plaintiffs are presently unable to supply further details regarding such indications.

INTERROGATORY NO. 104

If the answer to INTERROGATORY NO. 103 is other than an unqualified negative, identify each such indication including:

- A. The date of the indication;
- B. The nature of the indication;
- C. Identification of the Examiner who made the indication;

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- D. The circumstances under which the game was observed;
- E. Identification of all persons who were present when Mr. Williams observed the game;
- F. Identification of all persons having knowledge of the subject matter of parts A through D of this interrogatory:
- G. Identify all communications relating to the subject matter of parts A through F of this interrogatory; and
- H. Identify all documents which refer or relate in any way to the subject matter of parts A through G of this interrogatory.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiffs' only source of information for responding to this interrogatory are the personal recollections of James T. Williams. These recollections are set forth hereafter.

A. A description of the game and the manner in which it was played is included on pages 76-80 of the deposition of James T. Williams taken March 22, 23, and 26, 1976, copies of which are attached hereto as Exhibit C. The testimony of Mr. Williams contained therein responsive to paragraph A of this interrogatory 105 is incorporated by reference.

B. Plaintiffs are unable to supply the information requested by paragraph B of this interrogatory. Mr. Williams was informed at the time that the apparatus used was a PDP-1 computer, but he has no personal knowledge that this was so or whether, if it was so, what modifications, alterations, or changes may have been made to that computer. A cathode ray tube display of the point plotting or VECTOR type was a part of the apparatus.

- C. On one occasion sometime between approximately September, 1961 and June, 1964.
- D. An informal visit with a friend to the Stanford University Computation Center.
- E. Plaintiffs are unable to supply the information requested by paragraph E of this interrogatory.
 - F. James T. Williams.
 - G. No such communications are known.
 - H. No such documents are known.

INTERROGATORY NO. 106

Set forth in detail any differences between the spaceship game observed at Stanford University by Mr. Williams and the Spacewar game described in the Decus publication identified in INTERROGATORY NO. 74.

Because of the incomplete information available to plaintiffs concerning the game observed by Mr. Williams, it is not possible for plaintiffs to set forth all the differences between that game and the game referred to in the Decus publication referred to. Differences between Mr. Williams' recollection of what he observed and the game referred to in the Decus publication should be readily apparent to defendant by a comparison between plaintiffs' response to interrogatory 105 and the Decus publication, and defendant may make that comparison for itself. However, and without limitation of plaintiffs' right to rely on further differences shall they become important in this action, it is clear that Mr. Williams has no recollection of what appeared on the screen when a torpedo approached a spaceship, and that he has no recollection of the description(s) of this event included in the Decus publication. Further, his recollection includes nothing corresponding to the descriptions in the publication under the headings "The Spaceship", "The Heavy Star", "The Stars of the Heaven", and much of the material under the heading "The Game".

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INTERROGATORY NO. 107

Has James T. Williams ever discussed the spaceship game which he observed at Stanford University with any other person?

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INTERROGATORY NO. 108

If the answer to INTERROGATORY NO. 107 is other than an unqualified negative, identify each such discussion, including:

- A. Identification of each person involved in the discussion, including the relationship of each such person to Magnavox and/or Sanders;
- B. The date and place of the discussion;
- C. The circumstances under which the discussion was held;
- D. The substance of the discussion;
- E. Any action taken by Magnavox and/or Sanders as a result of the discussion;
- F. Identify all persons having knowledge of the subject matter of parts A through E of this interrogatory;
- G. Identify all communications relating to the subject matter of parts A through F of this interrogatory; and
- H. Identify all documents which refer or relate in any way to the subject matter of parts A through G of this interrogatory.

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Mr. Williams discussed the game he observed during the taking of his depositon on March 22, 23, and 26, 1976. Copies of the appearance pages are attached hereto as Exhibit D. Plaintiffs are unable to supply the remaining information requested in this interrogatory because they are unable to determine for themselves whether any additional discussion occurred.

INTERROGATORY NO. 109

Did James T. Williams ever dislose to the Patent Office the spaceship game which he observed at Stanford University?

RESPONSE:

Not in connection with the application which matured into U.S. Patent Re. 28,507.

INTERROGATORY NO. 110

If the answer to INTERROGATORY NO. 109 is other than an unqualified negative, identify each such disclosure, including:

- A. Identification of the person(s) in the Patent Office to whom the disclosure was made;
- B. The relationship, if any, of each person identified in response to part A of this interrogatory to the examination of the application which led to Reissue Patent 28,507;
- C. The date of the disclosure;

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INTERROGATORY NO. 112

If the answer to INTERROGATORY NO. 111 is other than an unqualified negative, identify each such disclosure, including:

- A. Identification of the person(s) making the disclosure;
- B. Identification of the person(s) in the Patent Office to whom the disclosure was made;
- C. The relationship, if any, to Magnavox and/or Sanders of each person identified in response to part B of this interrogatory;
- D. The date of the disclosure;
- E. The manner in which the disclosure was made;
- F. Identify all persons having knowledge of the subject matter of parts A through F of this interrogatory; and
- G. Identify all documents which refer to relate in any way to the subject matter of parts A through G of this interrogatory.

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No response required.

INTERROGATORY NO. 113

During the examination and prosecution of the application leading to Reissue Patent 28,507, did Examiner Trafton or any other Examiner ever indicate to Magnavox or Sanders that he was aware of the spaceship game which James T. Williams had observed at Stanford University?

RESPONSE:

Personnel of plaintiffs presently have no knowledge of any such indication.

INTERROGATORY NO. 114

If the answer to INTERROGATORY NO. 113 is other than an unqualified negative, identify each such indication, including:

- A. Identification of the Examiner giving the indication;
- B. Identification of the person(s) to whom the indication was given;
- C. The date(s) of the indication;
- D. The manner in which the indication was given;
- E. The substance of the indication;

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- F. Identify all persons having knowledge of the subject matter of parts A through E of this interrogatory;
- G. Identify all communications relating to the subject matter of parts A through F of this interrogatory; and
- H. Identify all documents which refer or relate in any way to the subject matter of parts A through G of this interrogatory

RESPONSE:

No response required.

INTERROGATORY NO. 115

Does Magnavox and/or Sanders have any reason to believe that during the examination of the application leading to Reissue Patent 28,507 Examiner Trafton or any other Examiner participating in the examination was aware of either U.S. Patent 3,728,480 or the spaceship game which James T. Williams had observed at Stanford University.

RESPONSE:

Yes.

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INTERROGATORY NO. 116

If the answer to INTERROGATORY NO. 115 is other than an unqualified negative, set forth in detail the reason(s) for such belief.

RESPONSE:

During the prosecution of U.S. Patent 3,659,284, Examiner Trafton had clearly indicated his knowledge of the application which resulted in U.S. Patent 3,728,480; such applications were cited to him during the examination of the application leading to U.S. Patent 28.507. See plaintiffs response to at least interrogatories 101-104 and 175.

INTERROGATORY NO. 126

For each combination of the games identified in response to Interrogatory No. 38 of Defendant's First Set of Interrogatories to Plaintiffs (namely, "Fishing Derby", "Boxing", "Tennis" and "Ice Hockey") and the consoles identified in response to Interrogatory No. 50 of DEFENDANT'S FIRST SET OF INTERROGATORIES TO PLAINTIFFS (namely, the Atari VCS Model 2600, the Sears Tele-Game Video Arcade, and the combination of the Colecovision game console and the Expansion Module 1) which plaintiffs contend constitutes an infringement of Claim 25 of the

United States Patent Re. 28,507, identify the elements which plaintiffs contend correspond to the following elements of the claim:

- A. A hitting symbol;
- B. Means for generating a hitting symbol;
- C. A hit symbol;
- D. Means for generating a hit symbol;
- E. Coincidence between said hitting symbol and said hit symbol;
- F. Means for ascertaining coincidence between said hitting symbol and said hit symbol;
- G. A distinct motion imparted to said hit symbol upon coincidence; and
- H. Means for imparting a distinct motion to said hit symbol upon coincidence.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiffs are at this time unable to supply all the information requested in Interrogatory 126. Plaintiffs have not completed their discovery as to the television game cartridges manufactured, used, and/or sold by Activision, and the television game consoles with which those cartridges are used, and are thus unable to fully state what contentions they will make at trial as to the subject matter of this interrogatory. Plaintiffs object to this interrogatory as premature.

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However, in order to advance the progress of this action, plaintiffs further respond to interrogatory 126 as follows while reserving the right to alter, amend, supplement or change the response after discovery is completed and prior to trial.

Each response refers to the combination of the indicated Activision television game cartridge and the Atari VCS Model 2600, the Sears Tele-Game Video Arcade, the Colecovision game console with the Coleco Expansion Module 1, or the Coleco Gemini television game console.

A. Tennis: The player symbols under control of the human players.

Ice Hockey: The player symbols.

Boxing: The boxer symbol under control of the human player.

Fishing Derby: The end of the fishing line symbols.

- B. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: At least the Activision television game cartridge, the joystick, the microprocessor, the peripheral interface adapter, and the television interface adapter.
- C. Tennis: The ball symbol.

Ice Hockey: The puck symbol.

Boxing: The boxer symbol under control of the game.

Fishing Derby: The fish symbols.

D.	Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: At
	least the Activision television game cartridge, the
	television interface adapter, and the
	microprocessor.

E. Tennis: The coincidence between the human controlled player symbol and the ball symbol by which the player hits the ball.

Ice Hockey: The coincidence between the player symbol and the puck symbol by which the player intercepts the puck.

Boxing: The coincidence between the human controlled boxer symbol and the game controlled boxer symbol by which the human controlled boxer hits the game controlled boxer.

Fishing Derby: The coincidence between the fishing line symbol and the fish symbols by which the fish are caught.

- F. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: At least the Activision television game cartridge, the microprocessor, and perhaps the television interface adapter.
- G. Tennis: The motion of the ball symbol following coincidence with the human controlled player symbol.

Ice Hockey: The motion of the puck symbol following coincidence with player symbol.

Boxing: The motion of the game controlled boxer symbol following coincidence with the human controlled boxer symbol.

Fishing Derby: The motion of the fish symbol following coincidence with the fishing line symbol.

H. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: At least the Activision game television cartridge and the microprocesor.

INTERROGATORY NO. 127

For each combination of the games identified in response to Interrogatory No. 38 of Defendant's First Set of Interrogatories to Plaintiffs (namely, "Fishing Derby", "Boxing", "Tennis" and "Ice Hockey") and the consoles identified in response to Interrogatory No. 50 of Defendant's First Set Of Interrogatories To Plaintiffs (namely, the Atari VCS Model 2600, the Sears Tele-Game Video Arcade, and the combination of the Colecovision game console and the Expansion Module 1) which plaintiffs contend constitutes an infringement of Claim 26 of the United States Patent Re. 28,507, identify the elements which plaintiffs contend correspond to the following elements of the claim:

- A. A variation in the horizontal position of the hitting symbol;
- B. A variation in the vertical position of the hitting symbol; and

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C. Means for providing horizontal and vertical control signals for varying the horizontal and vertical positions of said hitting symbol.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiffs are at this time unable to supply all the information requested in Interrogatory 127. Plaintiffs have not completed their discovery as to the television game cartridges manufactured, used, and/or sold by Activision, and the television game consoles with which those cartridges are used, and are thus unable to fully state what contentions they will make at trial as to the subject matter of this interrogatory. Plaintiffs object to this interrogatory as premature.

However, in order to advance the progress of this action, plaintiffs further respond to interrogatory 127 as follows while reserving the right to alter, amend, supplement or change the response after discovery is completed and prior to trial.

Each response refers to the combination of the indicated Activision television game cartridge and the Atari VCS Model 2600, the Sears Tele-Game Video Arcade, the Colecovision game console with the Coleco Expansion Module 1, or the Coleco Gemini television game console.

A. Tennis: The player symbols under control of the human player may be moved horizontally.

Ice Hockey: The player symbols may be moved horizontally.

Boxing: The boxer symbol under human control may be moved horizontally.

Fishing Derby: The end of the fishing line symbols may be moved horizontally.

B. Tennis: The player symbols under control of the human player may be moved vertically.

Ice Hockey: The player symbols may be moved vertically.

Boxing: The boxer symbol under control of the human player may be moved vertically.

Fishing Derby: The end of the fishing line symbol may be moved vertically.

C. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: At least the Activision game cartridge, the joystick, the microprocessor, and the peripheral interface adapter.

INTERROGATORY NO. 128

For each combination of the games identified in response to Interrogatory No. 38 of Defendant's First Set of Interrogatories to Plaintiffs (namely, "Fishing Derby", "Boxing", "Tennis" and "Ice Hockey") and the consoles identified in response to Interrogatory No. 50 of Defendant's First Set Of Interrogatories To Plaintiffs (namely, the Atari VCS Model 2600, the Sears Tele-Game Video Arcade, and the combination of the Colecovision game console and the Expansion Module 1) which

RESPONSE:

Plaintiffs are at this time unable to supply the information requested in interrogatory 128. Plaintiffs have not completed their discovery as to the television game cartridges manufactured, used, and/or sold by Activision, and the television game consoles with which those cartridges are used, and are thus unable to respond to this interrogatory. Plaintiffs object to this interrogatory as premature.

INTERROGATORY NO. 129

For each combination of the games identified in response to Interrogatory No. 38 of Defendant's First Set of Interrogatories to Plaintiffs (namely, "Fishing Derby", "Boxing", "Tennis" and "Ice Hockey") and the consoles identified in response to Interrogatory No. 50 of Defendant's First Set Of Interrogatories To Plaintiffs (namely, the Atari VCS Model 2600, the Sears Tele-Game Video Arcade, and the combination of the Colecovision game console and the Expansion Module 1) which plaintiffs contend constitutes an infringement of Claim 45 of the United States Patent Re. 28,507, identify the elements which plaintiffs contend correspond to the following elements of the claim:

- A. A hockey type game;
- B. Apparatus for playing a hockey type game;
- C. A first hitting spot;
- D. Means for displaying a first hitting spot;

1	E.	A second hitting spot;
2	F.	Means for displaying a second hitting spot;
3	G.	[Omitted]
4	н.	A hit spot;
5	I.	Means for displaying a hit spot;
6	J.	Control of the position of the first hitting spot;
7	K.	Control of the position of the second hitting spot;
8	L.	Means for controlling the position of said first
o.		and second hitting spots;
10	M.	Controlling of the position of the hit spot;
וונ	N.	Means for controlling the position of said hit
12		spot;
13	0.	Coincidence between the first hitting spot and the
14		hit spot;
15	P.	Coincidence between the second hitting spot and the
16		hit spot;
17	Q.	Means for ascertaining coincidence between either
18		of said hitting spots and said hit spot;
19	R.	A distinct motion imparted to said hit spot upon
20		coincidence; and
21	s.	Means for imparting a distinct motion to said hit
22		spot upon coincidence.
23		
24		
25		
26		
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RESPONSE:

Plaintiffs are at this time unable to supply the information requested in interrogatory 129. Plaintiffs have not completed their discovery as to the television game cartridges manufactured, used, and/or sold by Activision, and the television game consoles with which those cartridges are used, and are thus unable to respond to this interrogatory. Plaintiffs object to this interrogatory as premature.

INTERROGATORY NO. 130

For each combination of the games identified in response to Interrogatory No. 38 of Defendant's First Set of Interrogatories to Plaintiffs (namely, "Fishing Derby", "Boxing", "Tennis" and "Ice Hockey") and the consoles identified in response to Interrogatory No. 50 of Defendant's First Set Of Interrogatories To Plaintiffs (namely, the Atari VCS Model 2600, the Sears Tele-Game Video Arcade, and the combination of the Colecovision game console and the Expansion Module 1) which plaintiffs contend constitutes an infringement of Claim 51 of the United States Patent Re. 28,507, identify the elements which plaintiffs contend correspond to the following elements of the claim:

- A. A hitting symbol;
- B. Means for generating a hitting symbol;
- C. A hit symbol;
- D. Means for generating a hit symbol;

- E. Coincidence between said hitting symbol and said hit symbol;
- F. Means for ascertaining coincidence between said hitting symbol and said hit symbol;
- G. A distinct motion imparted to said hit symbol upon coincidence; and
- H. Means for imparting a distinct motion to said hit symbol upon coincidence.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiffs are at this time unable to supply all the information requested in interrogatory 130. Plaintiffs have not completed their discovery as to the television game cartridges manufactured, used, and/or sold by Activision, and the television game consoles with which those cartridges are used, and are thus unable to fully state what contentions they will make at trial as to the subject matter of this interrogatory. Plaintiffs object to this interrogatory as premature.

However, in order to advance the progress of this action, plaintiffs further respond to interrogatory 130 as follows while reserving the right to alter, amend, supplement or change the response after discovery is completed and prior to trial.

Each response refers to the combination of the indicated Activision television game cartridge and the Atari VCS Model 2600,

the Sears Tele-Game Video Arcade, the Colecovision game console with the Coleco Expansion Module 1, or the Coleco Gemini television game console.

A. Tennis: The player symbols under control of the human players.

Ice Hockey: The player symbols.

Boxing: The boxer symbol under control of the human player.

Fishing Derby: The end of the fishing line symbols.

- B. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: At least the Activision television game cartridge, the joystick, the microprocessor, the peripheral interface adapter, and the television interface adapter.
- C. Tennis: The ball symbol.
 Ice Hockey: The puck symbol.
 Boxing: The boxer symbol under control of the game.
 Fishing Derby: The fish symbols.
- D. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: At least the Activision television game cartridge, the television interface adapter, and the microprocessor.

E. Tennis: The coincidence between the human controlled player symbol and the ball symbol by which the player hits the ball.

Ice Hockey: The coincidence between the player symbol and the puck symbol by which the player intercepts the puck.

Boxing: The coincidence between the human controlled boxer symbol and the game controlled boxer symbol by which the human controlled boxer hits the game controlled boxer.

Fishing Derby: The coincidence between the fishing line symbol and the fish symbols by which the fish are caught.

- F. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: At least the Activision television game cartridge, the microprocessor, and perhaps the television interface adapter.
- G. Tennis: The motion of the ball symbol following coincidence with the human controlled player symbol.

Ice Hockey: The motion of the puck symbol following coincidence with player symbol.

Boxing: The motion of the game controlled boxer symbol following coincidence with the human controlled boxer symbol.

Fishing Derby: The motion of the fish symbol following coincidence with the fishing line symbol.

H. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: At least the Ativision game television cartridge and the microprocesor.

INTERROGATORY NO. 131

For each combination of the games identified in response to Interrogatory No. 38 of Defendant's First Set of Interrogatories to Plaintiffs (namely, "Fishing Derby", "Boxing", "Tennis" and "Ice Hockey") and the consoles identified in response to Interrogatory No. 50 of Defendant's First Set Of Interrogatories To Plaintiffs (namely, the Atari VCS Model 2600, the Sears Tele-Game Video Arcade, and the combination of the Colecovision game console and the Expansion Module 1) which plaintiffs contend constitutes an infringement of Claim 52 of the United States Patent Re. 28,507, identify the elements which plaintiffs contend correspond to the following elements of the claim:

- A. A variation in the horizontal position of the hitting symbol;
- B. A variation in the vertical position of the hitting symbol; and
- C. Means for providing horizontal and vertical control signals for varying the horizontal and vertical positions of said hitting symbol.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiffs are at this time unable to supply all the information requested in Interrogatory 131. Plaintiffs have not completed their discovery as to the television game cartridges manufactured, used, and/or sold by Activision, and the television game consoles with which those cartridges are used, and are thus unable to fully state what contentions they will make at trial as to the subject matter of this interrogatory. Plaintiffs object to this interrogatory as premature.

However, in order to advance the progress of this action, plaintiffs further respond to Interrogatory 131 as follows while reserving the right to alter, amend, supplement or change the response after discovery is completed and prior to trial.

Each response refers to the combination of the indicated Activision television game cartridge and the Atari VCS Model 2600, the Sears Tele-Game Video Arcade, the Colecovision game console with the Coleco Expansion Module 1, or the Coleco Gemini television game console.

A. Tennis: The player symbols under control of the human players may be moved horizontally.

Ice Hockey: The player symbols may be moved horizontally.

Boxing: The boxer symbol under human control may be moved horizontally.

Fishing Derby: The end of the fishing line symbol may be moved horizontally.

B. Tennis: The player symbols under control of the human player may be moved vertically.

Ice Hockey: The player symbols may be moved vertically.

Boxing: The boxer symbol under control of the human player may be moved vertically.

Fishing Derby: The end of the fishing line symbol may be moved vertically.

C. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: At least the Activision game cartridge, the joystick, the microprocessor, and the peripheral interface adapter.

INTERROGATORY NO. 132

For each combination of the games identified in response to Interrogatory No. 38 of Defendant's First Set of Interrogatories to Plaintiffs (namely, "Fishing Derby", "Boxing", "Tennis" and "Ice Hockey") and the consoles identified in response to Interrogatory No. 50 of Defendant's First Set Of Interrogatories To Plaintiffs (namely, the Atari VCS Model 2600, the Sears Tele-Game Video Arcade, and the combination of the Colecovision game console and the Expansion Module 1) which plaintiffs contend constitutes an infringement of Claim 60 of the United States Patent Re. 28,507, identify the elements which plaintiffs contend correspond to the following elements of the claim:

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- A. A vertical synchronization signal;
- B. A horizontal synchronization signal;
- C. Means for generating vertical and horizontal synchronization signals;
- D. Means responsive to said synchronization signals for deflecting the beam of a cathode ray tube to generate a raster on the screen of the tube;
- E. A first symbol on said screen;
- F. A position for the first symbol which is directly controlled by a player;
- G. Means coupled to said synchronization signal generating means and said cathode ray tube for generating a first symbol on said screen at a position which is directly controlled by a player;
- H. A second symbol on the screen which is movable;
- I. Means coupled to a said synchronization signal generating means and said cathode ray tube for generating a second symbol on said screen which is movable;
- J. A first coincidence between said first symbol and said second symbol;
- K. Means couple to said first symbol generating means and said second symbol generating means for determining a first coincidence between said first symbol and said second symbol;

- L. A distinct motion imparted to said second symbol in response to said coincidence; and
- M. Means coupled to said coincidence determining means and said second symbol generating means for imparting a distinct motion to said second symbol in response to said coincidence.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiffs are at this time unable to supply all the information requested in Interrogatory 132. Plaintiffs have not completed their discovery as to the television game cartridges manufactured, used, and/or sold by Activision, and the television game consoles with which those cartridges are used, and are thus unable to fully state what contentions they will make at trial as to the subject matter of this interrogatory. Plaintiffs object to this interrogatory as premature.

However, in order to advance the progress of this action, plaintiffs further respond to Interrogatory 132 as follows while reserving the right to alter, amend, supplement or change the response after discovery is completed and prior to trial.

Each response refers to the combination of the indicated Activision television game cartridge and the Atari VCS Model 2600, the Sears Tele-Game Video Arcade, the Colecovision game console with the Coleco Expansion Module 1, or the Coleco Gemini television game console.

- A. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: The vertical synchronization signals at the outputs of the television interface adapter and the television game console.
- B. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: The horizontal synchronization signals at the outputs of the television interface adapter and the television game console.
- C. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: The Activision television game cartridge, the microprocessor, and the television interface adapter.
- D. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: At least the horizontal and vertical deflection circuitry of the associated television receiver.
- E. Tennis: The player symbols under control of the human player.

Ice Hockey: The player symbols.

Boxing: The boxer symbol under control of the human player.

Fishing Derby: The end of the fishing line symbols.

F. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: The position of the first symbol.

G.	Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: At
	least the Activision television game cartridge, the
	joystick, the peripheral interface adapter, the
	television interface adapter, and the
	microprocessor.

- H. Tennis: The ball symbol.
 Ice Hockey: The puck symbol.
 Boxing: The boxer symbol under control of the game.
 Fishing Derby: The fish symbols.
- I. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: At least the Activision television game cartridge, the television interface adapter, and the microprocessor.
- J. Tennis: The coincidence between the human controlled player symbol and the ball symbol by which the player hits the ball.

 Ice Hockey: The coincidence between the player symbol and the puck symbol by which the player intercepts the puck.

 Boxing: The coincidence between the human controlled boxer symbol and the game controlled

controlled boxer symbol and the game controlled boxer symbol by which the human controlled boxer hits the game controlled boxer.

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Fishing Derby: The coincidence between the fishing line symbol and any of the fish symbols by which the fish are caught.

- K. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: At least the Activision television game cartridge, the microprocessor and perhaps the television interface adapter.
- L. Tennis: The motion of the ball symbol following coincidence.

Ice Hockey: The motion of the puck symbol following coincidence.

Boxing: The motion of the game controlled boxer symbol following coincidence.

Fishing Derby: The motion of the fish symbol following coincidence.

M. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: At least the Activision television game cartridge and the microprocessor.

INTERROGATORY NO. 133

For each combination of the games identified in response to Interrogatory No. 38 of Defendant's First Set of Interrogatories to Plaintiffs (namely, "Fishing Derby", "Boxing", "Tennis" and "Ice Hockey") and the consoles identified in response to Interrogatory No. 50 of Defendant's First Set Of Interrogatories To Plaintiffs (namely, the Atari VCS Model 2600,

the Sears Tele-Game Video Arcade, and the combination of the Colecovision game console and the Expansion Module 1) which plaintiffs contend constitutes an infringement of Claim 61 of the United States Patent Re. 28,507, identify the elements which plaintiffs contend correspond to the following elements of the claim:

- A. A third symbol on the screen of the cathode ray tube;
- B. Player control of the position of the third symbol;
- C. Means coupled to said synchronization signal generating means and said cathode ray tube for generating a third symbol on said screen at a position which is controlled by a player;
- D. A second coincidence between said third symbol and said second symbol;
- E. Means coupled to said third symbol generating means and second symbol generating means for determining a second coincidence between said third symbol and said second symbol;
- F. A first coincidence between said third symbol and said second symbol;
- G. A distinct motion imparted to said second symbol in response to the second coincidence; and

H. Means coupled to said second and third symbol coincidence determining means and said second symbol generating means for imparting a distinct motion to said second symbol in response to said second coincidence.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiffs are at this time unable to supply all the information requested in Interrogatory 132. Plaintiffs have not completed their discovery as to the television game cartridges manufactured, used, and/or sold by Activision, and the television game consoles with which those cartridges are used, and are thus unable to fully state what contentions they will make at trial as to the subject matter of this interrogatory. Plaintiffs object this interrogatory as premature.

However, in order to advance the progress of this action, plaintiffs further respond to Interrogatory 133 as follows while reserving the right to alter, amend, supplement or change the response after discovery is completed and prior to trial.

Each response refers to the combination of the indicated Activision television game cartridge and the Atari VCS Model 2600, the Sears Tele-Game Video Arcade, the Colecovision game console with the Coleco Expansion Module 1, or the Coleco Gemini television game console.

A. Tennis: The second player symbol under control of a human player.

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Ice Hockey: The second player symbol.

Fishing Derby: The end of the second fishing line symbol.

B. Tennis: The position of the symbol is controlled by the player.

Ice Hockey: The position of the symbol is controlled by the player.

Fishing Derby: The position of the symbol is controlled by the player.

- C. Tennis, Ice Hockey, Boxing and Fishing Derby: At least the Activision television game cartridge, the joystick, the peripheral interface adapter, the television interface adapter, and the microprocesor.
- D. Tennis: The coincidence between the second human controlled player symbol and the ball symbol by which the second player hits the ball.

 Ice Hockey: The coincidence between the second player symbol and the puck symbol by which the player intercepts the puck.

 Fishing Derby: The coincidence between the second

Fishing Derby: The coincidence between the second fishing line symbol and any of the fish symbols by which the fish is caught.

- E. Tennis, Ice Hockey, and Fishing Derby: At least the Activision television game cartridge, the microprocesor and perhaps the television interface adapter.
- F. The reference to a "first" coincidence between the second and third symbols in the context of Claim 61 is not understood.
- G. Tennis: The motion of the ball symbol following the second coincidence. Ice Hockey: The motion of the puck symbol following the second coincidence. Fishing Derby: The motion of the fish symbol following the second coincidence.
- H. Tennis, Ice Hockey and Fishing Derby: At least the Activision television game cartridge and the microprocessor.

INTERROGATORY NO. 134

For each combination of the games identified in response to Interrogatory No. 38 of Defendant's First Set of Interrogatories to Plaintiffs (namely, "Fishing Derby", "Boxing", "Tennis" and "Ice Hockey") and the consoles identified in response to Interrogatory No. 50 of Defendant's First Set Of Interrogatories To Plaintiffs (namely, the Atari VCS Model 2600, the Sears Tele-Game Video Arcade, and the combination of the Colecovision game console and the Expansion Module 1) which

plaintiffs contend constitutes an infringement of Claim 62 of the United States Patent Re. 28,507, identify the elements which plaintiffs contend correspond to the following elements of the claim:

- A. A traveling of the second symbol across the screen from one side of the raster to another in the absence of an occurrence of coincidence between said second symbol and said first or third symbol after coincidence of said second symbol with said third or first symbol;
- B. A first coincidence of said second symbol with said third or first symbol;
- C. A second coincidence between said second symbol and said first or third symbol; and
- D. Means for causing said second symbol to travel across said screen from one side of said raster to another side of said raster in the absence of an occurrence of coincidence between said second symbol and said first or third symbol after coincidence of said second symbol with said third or first symbol.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiffs are at this time unable to supply all the information requested in Interrogatory 134. Plaintiffs have not completed their discovery as to the television game cartridges

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manufactured, used, and/or sold by Activision, and the television game consoles with which those cartridges are used, and are thus unable to fully state what contentions they will make at trial as to the subject matter of this interrogatory. Plaintiffs object to this interrogatory as premature.

However, in order to advance the progress of this action, plaintiffs further respond to Interrogatory 132 as follows while reserving the right to alter, amend, supplement or change the response after discovery is completed and prior to trial.

Each response refers to the combination of the indicated Activision television game cartridge and the Atari VCS Model 2600, the Sears Tele-Game Video Arcade, the Colecovision game console with the Coleco Expansion Module 1, or the Coleco Gemini television game console.

- A. Tennis: The motion of the ball symbol after it is hit by one player symbol and in the absence of being hit by the other player symbol.

 Ice Hockey: The motion of the puck symbol after it is shot by one player symbol and in the absence of being intercepted by the other player symbol.
- B. Tennis and Ice Hockey: The coincidence referred to in plaintiffs' response to part J of Interrogatory 132.
- C. Tennis and Ice Hockey: The coincidence referred to in plaintiffs' response to part D of Interrogatory 133.

D. Tennis and Ice Hockey: At least the Activision television game cartridge and the microprocess.

INTERROGATORY NO. 138

Identify all portions of the subject matter described in U.S. Patent 3,728,480 which Magnavox and Sanders contend are not prior art with regard to United States Patent Re. 28,507.

RESPONSE:

Circuits as described at column 4, lines 16-21; column 6, lines 7-22 and 45-58; column 9, line 39 - column 10, line 15; column 12, lines 23-26, 44-48, and 57-60; Claims 13-23; Claims 26-30, and Claim 41 of U.S. Patent 3,728,480 were built and used with a color television receiver by the inventor thereof prior to the commencement of reasonable diligence toward reduction to practice of the claimed subject matter of U.S. Patent Re. 28.507.

INTERROGATORY NO. 139

For each portion of the subject matter of U.S. Patent 3,728,480 identified in response to Interrogatory No. 138:

- A. Set forth in detail the basis of the contention that the portion of the subject matter is not prior art;
- B. Identify all persons having knowledge of the respective dates of invention of that portion of the subject matter and the subject matter of United States Letters Patent Re. 28,507; and

C. Identify all documents which refer or relate in any way to the subject matter of this interrogatory, including al documents which support the contention that the portion of the subject matter is not prior art with regard to United States Letters Patent Re. 28,507.

RESPONSE:

No response required.

INTERROGATORY NO. 154

Identify each of the certain games known as "Spacewar" which plaintiffs have acknowledged at Massachusetts Institute of Technology in the early 1960's in response to Part (c) of Interrogatory No. 75 of Defendant's First Set of Interrogatories to Plaintiffs, including the following:

- (a) A description of the game;
- (b) The date(s) when each such game was played;
- (c) State when and under what circumstances Magnavox and/or Sanders first became aware of each such game;
- (d) Identify all personnel of Magnavox and/or Sanders having knowledge of each such game and the date(s) each such person acquired such knowledge; and
- (e) Identify all documents in the possession, custody or control of Magnavox and/or Sanders which refer or relate in any way to each such game.

RESPONSE:

The extent of plaintiffs' information concerning the subject matter of this interrogatory is set forth in the deposition transcripts of Stephen Russell, Peter Samson, Stewart Nelson, Michael Levitt, John McKenzie, Donald Levy, Norma Newshom, Digital Equipment Corporation, John Sauter, William Gasper, Williams Pitts, Alan Kotok, and James T. Williams, copies of which have previously been supplied to defendants.

INTERROGATORY NO. 159

What do plaintiffs contend constitutes a "hitting symbol" in the context of Claims 25, 26, 51 and 52 of United States Letters Patent Re. 28.507.

RESPONSE:

Plaintiffs contend that some examples of "hitting symbols", "hit symbols", "hitting spots", and "hit spots" referred to in each of Interrogatories 159 through 162 are set forth in the specification of U.S. Patent Re. 28,507. The prosecution file histories of the original patent of U.S. Patent Re. 28,507, i.e., U.S. Patent 3,659,284, includes additional statements which define those symbols and spots, including at least the following:

"Principally, in this application Applicant teaches how to generate two functionally different spots which he calls a "hitting" spot and "hit" spot. The "hitting" spot is controlled by, for example, a pair of knobs on

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potentiometers and allows this spot to be moved over the screen of the television receiver by direct manipulation of the knobs. That is, the viewer directly controls the position of this spot. This spot may be used to simulate a hand, a paddle, a bat, a hockey stick, or other implementation directly controlled by a player in a game.

"The second functional spot is referred to as a "hit spot" and this spot is not diectly controlled by the viewer but its position, movement, etc., is determined in part by other electronics signal generating means in the unit, including signal generating means response to the position, direction, etc. of the so-called "hitting" spot. This type of spot represents, for example, a ball, a hockey puck, etc. the games described in the body of the application, various different control signals are set forth to cause this "hit" spot to move in different patterns, as, for example, one control causes it to automatically go from an off-screen left position to an off-screen right position and vice versa continually unless coincidence is made with a "hitting" spot, whereby it would reverse direction, or, alternatively, the "hit" spot will remain in a steady position until "hit" by a "hitting" spot whereupon it will travel in a direction and with a velocity proportional to the direction and velocity of

the "hitting" spot, causing it to move toward an offscreen position, whereupon it will bounce away from the screen in the same fashion as a ball would."

* * *

"Applicant teaches and recites in his claims two functionally different types of spots which he generates on the screen of a television receiver. A first spot is called a "hitting" spot and is a spot which is directly controlled by the viewers. Its position is varied by a viewer directly manipulating potentiometers. A viewer, by changing the position of a joy stick, or two individual knobs, generates control signals which change the position of the "hitting" spot on the screen of the television receiver.

"A second spot, generally referred to as a "hit" spot, is also generated on the screen of the receiver. However, the viewer does not directly control the position of this spot by moving potentiometers. Rather, the position of this spot and its travel is determined by control signals which are either separately generated, such as the aforementioned controls for causing the spots to move back and forth between predetermined positions, or the control signals for "hit" spots are obtained from the signals which represent the "hitting" spots such that the position, direction of movement, shape of path, etc. of the "hit"

symbol is determined by the position and the moving direction of the "hitting" symbol. The "hit" symbols represent a device which goes in a particular direction at a particular speed, etc., determined by "contact" (actually electrical coincidence) with the "hitting" symbol.

"The "hitting" symbol is a spot which, for the playing of games, represents a "hitting" device such as a ping pong paddle or a hockey stick. The "hit" symbol is a spot which, for the playing of games, represents a "hit" device such as a ball or hockey puck."

* * *

"A "hitting" spot is one under the control of the viewer and represents things generally directly controlled by a user in a game such as a racket, a bat, a stick, etc. A "hit" spot is one that operates in conjunction with a "hitting" spot and not under direct control of the viewer and represents things not generally directly controlled by a user in a game such as a ball, a puck, etc."

Plaintiffs' contention as to what constitutes the symbols and spots referred to in interrogatories 159-160 are set forth in the Re. 28,507 patent and the prosecution history of the applications which resulted in that patent and its original U.S. Patent 3,659,284 as stated above.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 Re. 28,507. 13

INTERROGATORY NO. 160

What do plaintiffs contend constitutes a "hit symbol" in the context of Claims 25, 26, 51 and 52 of United States Letters Patent Re. 28,507.

RESPONSE:

See plaintiffs' response to Interrogatory 159.

INTERROGATORY NO. 161

What do plaintiffs contend constitutes a "hitting spot" in the context of Claims 44 and 45 of United States Letters Patent

14 RESPONSE:

See plaintiffs' response to interrogatory 159.

INTERROGATORY NO. 162

What do plaintiffs contend constitutes a "hit spot" in the context of Claims 44 and 45 of United States Letters Patent Re. 28,507.

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RESPONSE:

See plaintiffs' response to Interrogatory 159.

INTERROGATORY NO. 169

Referring to plaintiffs' response to Parts (c)(3) and (c)(4) of Interrogatory No. 100 of Defendant's First Set of Interrogatories to Plaintiffs, set forth in detail the background to the reissue application about which the conversation with the Examiner centered, including a complete narrative of what was said about the background by each party to the conversation.

RESPONSE:

The information requested in Interrogatories 169 and 170 is set forth at pages 147-151 of the deposition of Richard I.

Seligman taken on April 7 and 8, 1976, and at pages 257-263, 266-267 and 296-297 of the deposition of James T. Williams taken on March 22, 23, and 26, 1976, copies of which are attached hereto as Exhibit E. The testimony of Messrs. Seligman and Williams contained therein responsive to interrogatories 169 and 170 is incorporated by reference.

INTERROGATORY NO. 170

Referring to plaintiffs' response to Parts (c)(3) and (c)(4) of Interrogatory No. 100 of Defendant's First Set of Interrogatories to Plaintiffs, state the objects to be achieved by the reissue application, and state what was said by each party to the conversation with regard to each of these objects.

RESPONSE:

See plaintiffs' response to Interrogatory 169.

INTERROGATORY NO. 171

Was any written record ever made of the discussion which Richard I. Seligman and James T. Williams had with Examiner David L. Trafton about April 23, 1974 and referenced in plaintiffs' response to Parts (b) and (c) of Interrogatory No. 100 of Defendant's First Set of Interrogatories to Plaintiffs.

RESPONSE:

No, except for the deposition transcript to Messrs. James T. Williams and Richard I. Seligman.

INTERROGATORY NO. 172

If the response to Interrogatory No. 171 is other than an unqualified negative, identify the written record and the person(s) making the same.

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RESPONSE:

No response required.

INTERROGATORY NO. 173

Identify any prior art other than the references cited on the face of United States Letters Patent Re. 28,507 which was considered by Magnavox and/or Sanders during the prosecution of the application leading to that patent and which was determined not to be material to the examination of the application.

RESPONSE:

All references which were considered by personnel of Sanders and Magnavox in connection with the prosecution of the application for U.S. Patent Re. 28,507 were cited to the Patent and Trademark Office; no references were considered and not cited because they were deemed to be immaterial.

INTERROGATORY NO. 174

For each item of prior art identified in response to Interrogatory No. 173, identify the following:

- (a) All persons who considered such prior art;
- (b) The person(s) who determined that the prior art was not material to the examination of the application;
- (c) State in detail the basis upon which the prior art was determined not to be material; and

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PLAINTIFFS SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S INTERROGATORIES

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ו	(d) Identify all documents which refer or relate in any way
2	to the consideration of the prior art and/or the
3	determination that it was not material.
4	
5	RESPONSE:
6	No response required.
7	
	, 1984
8	The Magnavox Company
9	Subscribed and sworn to before me
10	this day of, 1984,
10	in
11	
12	Notary Public
	My Commission Expires:
13	
14	, 1984
15	Sanders Associates, Inc.
13	Subscribed and sworn to before me
16	this day of, 1984,
17	in
18	Notary Public
19	My Commission Expires:
20	The foregoing objections and contentions are asserted or
21	stated on behalf of plaintiffs by:
22	
23	Theodore W. Anderson
24	James T. Williams NEUMAN, WILLIAMS, ANDERSON & OLSON
25	Attorneys for The Magnavox Company and Sanders Associates, Inc.
26	77 West Washington Street Chicago, Illinois 60602
27	(312) 346-1200
28	-74-
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PLAINTIFFS SUPPLEMENTAL RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S INTERROGATORIES